

Fall Tonics.

All old and new lines;
Consult us before buying.

LAWRASON & CO.

THE NAPANEE

Vol ^{Wilson U M} 20 Jan 07
No 39

-E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

Business Hours :
8 a.m to 6 p. m.



Business Hours :
8 a.m to 6 p.m.

The Advance Word of Fashionable Authority ON FALL DRESS GOODS.

Never has Napanee's recognized Dress Goods House been in a better position to supply the wants of the most fashionable, than this Autumn Season 1906. Fashions' most fascinating Fabrics are here represented with colorings true to present predominating styles from the world's most fashionable centres, Paris (France) and New York. With our Complete Stock of Fall Dress Fabrics and Trimmings, we take pleasure in announcing an advance showing so that you will have the opportunity of viewing what is now in vogue in the Metropolis. Compare, we appreciate your criticism and we are satisfied to trust to your judgement, as to where to spend your money to get the best money's worth. It's not what you pay, but what you get for what you pay that's the value test.

The Materials Are

Sedan Satin Finish Broadcloths.
Velour and Perle Finish Broadcloths.
Venetian Finish Broadcloths.
Armures Canvas and Fancy Weaves.
Tweeds, Knapps, Checks, etc.
Covert and Rainproof Suitings.
Scotch Tartans, Cheviots, and Vicunas.

For Evening and Street Wear.

Silk and Wool San Toys.
Silk and Wool Crepes.
Silk and Wool Voiles and Eoliennes.
Silk and Wool Henriettas.
Silk Embroidered Fabrics.
All Wool Armures and Panamas.
All Wool Henriettas and Canvas, Etc.

THE COLORS ARE

BLUE SERIES.

Navy,
Crow's Wing Blue.
China,
Ciel Blue.

RED SERIES.

Ruby,
Indian Red.

GREEN SERIES.

Myrtle,
Olive,

GREY SERIES.

London Smoke.
Elephant,

BROWN SERIES.

Light Golden Brown.

ROSE SERIES.

Sherry Wine.

BLACK.

With Broadcloths as a Leader.

See the New York Rufflings and Frillings.

The New York Coats for Fall Have Arrived

Out of Bond, now in Stock, await your inspection, the exclusive styles, the nature of the Fabrics, the Colorings, which are different to any hereabouts, to see them 'tis a pleasure, to think you are just a little different, to be correct a 45 to 50 inch coat, tight fitting, semi and loose back, with Panné Velvet and Braid Trimming, known as the New York Style, materials, Fancy Tweeds, Vicuna, Fine Beaver, Broadcloths.

PERSONALS

Misses Eva Emsley and Freda Holmes expect to leave Sept. 15th to enter Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., as nurses-in-training.

Mr. Maurice Caton, Buffalo, N. Y., is spending the week in town with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Caton, Centre st.

Miss Minnie Grange left on Wednesday last for Schriebar, Algoma, where she has secured a position in the public school.

Mrs. J. F. Miller arrived in town Saturday, after spending the past two months in Manitoba and North Dakota, the guest of her sister, Mrs. S. P. Hinch.

Miss Kathleen and Master Edward Ryan, Kingston, are spending a couple of weeks in town with their uncle, Mr. D. J. Hogan, East st.

Rev. F. S. Rockwell, Mr. Algy Rockwell and Master Ferdy, of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rockwell, Wellington.

Mr. Robt. Sale, London, Eng., en route for Japan spent a few days in town last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rose.

Mrs. Dr. Stratton is spending a few weeks at Big Sodas, a fashionable resort in New York, on Lake Ontario.

Mr. Chas. E. Smith, attending the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, passed his recent exams, most creditably, obtaining a percentage of 93 on all his subjects. Congratulations.

Mr. Jack MacCaul, Rochester, N. Y. and Miss M. Edna MacCaul, City Hospital, Watertown, N. Y., are spending their holidays at their mother's home in Camden East.

Mrs. F. Z. Beezo, Kingston, is spending the week in Napanee, the guest of Mrs. Geo. Richards, Piety Hill.

Mr. Fred Lee left for the Northwest last week.

Mrs. A. Stapleton and daughter and Miss Annie Marsh spent last week at Beaver Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Waller are taking in the Toronto Fair.

Mrs. W. H. Hunter is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. R. S. O'Loughlin and daughter New York, are guests of his brother B. S. O'Loughlin, Esq., Yarker.

Miss Hattie Frizzell is visiting friends in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Graham and Mr. Marsh Fraser, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Rikley at Hayburn.

Mrs. Wilkie, of Port Hope, is the guest of Mrs. Andrew Madden.

Mrs. J. J. Minchinton and Master Gordon Minchinton, are spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Frank Wilson, North Fredricksburch, has rented Mrs. Mc Laurin's house South Napanee, and will occupy it in September.

Mrs. Jas Moore is visiting her son in Watertown for a few weeks.

Miss Joe Cunningham, Bath, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Waller.

Mrs. Ham Loucks has returned from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Ingram Toronto.

Mrs. A. E. Lang, of Toronto, who has been the guest of her mother Mrs.

Out of Bond, now in Stock, await your inspection, the exclusive styles, the nature of the Fabrics, the Colorings, which are different to any hereabouts, to see them 'tis a pleasure, to think you are just a little different, to be correct a 45 to 50 inch coat, tight fitting, semi and loose back, with Panné Velvet and Braid Trimming, known as the Prince Chap Style, materials, Fancy Tweeds, Vicuna, Fine Beaver, Broadcloths, Plaid Effects, Wool Kersey and Frieze. Arrange to meet your friend or friends and come to "THE" Ready-to-Wear Dept try on the Coats, we are sure you will be pleased. The Children's and Misses' Coats are here also, they are neat, stylish and dressy. Medium and full length and most suited for children all ages, in Tweeds and Beavers, with strap and strap effects, stylishly trimmed with Braids, etc.

See Our Windows Next Week.

Interesting Items for Saturday at 10 a.m.

Dry Goods Section.

10 dozen Ladies Black Satana Underskirts, lengths 38, 40 and 42 inches, with double accordion pleated frills, exceptionally wide with double stitched seam; and extra fine quality. Regular price \$1.25 Alteration Sale Price, **99c each** Saturday.....

Carpet Section.

200 yards Cretonne English and American, 27 inches wide, 8 distinct designs and patterns, very appropriate for lounge and chair coverings, just what is wanted for fall, exceptionally good quality sold in the regular way at 12½c a yard. Alteration Sale price, Saturday **7c a yard**

LINOLEUM ENDS. LINOLEUM ENDS.

A limited quantity, all neat and this season's patterns, owing to a minimum consignment, arriving, we need the room. At these prices, Saturday, will clear them all up, come and see them anyway, you certainly will require the like shortly.

1 end 9 x 12, reg. 75c. for 55c. yd.	1 end 9 x 15, reg. 60c. for 45c. yd.	1 end 7½ x 12, reg. 40c. for 30c. yd.
1 end 9 x 12, reg. 60c. for 45c. yd.	1 end 9 x 12, reg. 50c. for 37½c. yd.	1 end 9 x 12, reg. 60c. for 45c. yd.

MADILL BROS.



Gettin' Wisdom

is a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'dud' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

F. CHINNECK'S
THE STORE OF QUALITY,
Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Elite Enamelledware, good preserving kettles, sauce pans, rice boilers &c. Sold only at **BOYLE & SON.**

I.C.E. Ice season is here. First comer first served.

S. CASEY DENISON,

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$3,839,000
TOTAL ASSETS OVER - - \$42,000,000

Savings Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly. Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts

Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes. Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

Belleville, Aug. 27.—Charles W. Vermeila of the fourth concession of St. Mary lost two barns by fire last night; which contained the season's crop. Cause of fire unknown. Loss \$1,500. Insurance \$800.

For Gasoline Stoves and Engines.

Use only the refined gasoline, kept free from coal oil, containing no sediment to clog the tubes, sold at The Medical Hall, **FRED L. HOOPER,**

ALBERT COLLEGE, Belleville, Ont.

343 students enrolled during college years 1905-6. 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 15 years.

Conservatory and University examination in all departments of Music; graduating courses under full staff of specialists in: Book-Keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Education, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.

Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses: New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added; Gymnasium and large Athletic Grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by Electricity.

Will re-open Tuesday, Sept. 11th, 1906.

For calendar or room, address,

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.

Belleville, Ont.

Mr. Frank Ford of the firm of McCarthy, Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt has been appointed Deputy Attorney-General of Saskatchewan.

The Steamer Princess foundered in Lake Winnipeg, and Capt. Hawes and five others were drowned, including two stewardesses. Sixteen people escaped in boats.

George Williams, a tramp, set fire to Bond's Corners schoolhouse, with the intention of burning himself to death. He changed his mind, walked to Woods' dock gave himself up, and was sentenced to penitentiary for five years.

Builders Hardware of every conceivable kind. Rathbun's Star Brand of Portland Cement, it pays to buy the best.

MADOLE & WILSON

Miss Joe Cunningham, Bath, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Waller.

Mrs. Ham Loucks has returned from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Ingram, Toronto.

Mrs. A. E. Lang, of Toronto, who has been the guest of her mother Mrs. Sidney Warner, left for home on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. A. Shibley gave an afternoon tea on her lawn on Tuesday afternoon, about sixty ladies were present.

Mrs. J. A. Shibley and Miss Whitfield, of Napanee, made a trip to Belleville Tuesday.

Dr. Geo. Eakins, of Toronto, has returned from the North West and has decided to locate at Port Arthur. He was in Napanee on Sunday.

Mrs. C. E. Bartlett and family have returned from their summer home at Stella.

Mr. M. O. Fraser, of Wawanesa, Man., is spending a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Graham.

Mrs. James M. Lapum with son and daughter visiting friends for two weeks left for their home in Scranton, Penn., Thursday of last week.

Mr. Will Vandusen is taking in the Toronto Fair.

Mr. John Armstrong, New York, formerly of Napanee is very ill with slight hopes of recovery.

Mr. Wesley Parrott, Mr. John Carr, Mr. William Forsythe, Mrs. Sperry Shibley, Mr. Walter Shibley and Mr. Levi Perry, of Wilton, were in Napanee on Tuesday.

Mr. Ogle R. Thompson, of Chicago, was calling on friends in Napanee on Tuesday.

Miss Dunbar, of Toronto, is spending two weeks of her holidays with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. Perry and Miss Perry, of Philadelphia, spent some two months with friends in Napanee, left Tuesday for home.

Mrs. E. S. Lapum, Miss May Steacy and Mr. Harry Steacy left last Monday for a trip on the Alexander, to Montreal and Quebec.

Mr. N. A. Brisco, of New York, spent a few days in town last week.

Messrs. Geo. Conger, Geo. Friskin, and E. Blair left for Winnipeg this week.

Mrs. Martha Finkle has returned from spending the summer at Sharbot Lake.

Dr. Elizabeth Embury, of Ottawa, is spending a couple of weeks in Napanee.

Miss Carrie Scott spent last week with friends in Belleville.

Miss McCurdy, of Belleville, spent a few days last week the guest of her uncle Mr. Vincent Koubler.

Mrs. Mark Mabey and little son, who spent the past three months at her father's, W. Norris, left yesterday for her home at Melita, Man.

Mr. A. S. Kimmerly spent a few days last week at Long Branch, attending the Ontario R. Association Matches.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Warner two daughters and son, of Denver, Mrs. Sidney Warner, Mrs. J. E. Eakins and Gray Eakins, Mrs. A. E. Lang, of Toronto, and Mr. Clarence Warner, of Napanee, made a trip last Monday to Thorpe, and Wilton.

Additional Personals on page 8.

The Napanee Express and The Weekly Globe,

Till end of 1906, 50c.
Till end of 1907, \$1.75.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

THE EXPRESS.

WHOLE MIXED SPICE
per lb. 25c.
All spices this year's stock
LAWRASON & CO.

DA-FRIDAY, AUGUST 31st 1906 \$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

BLAZE AT DESERONTO.

One of the most disastrous fires which has occurred here in recent years started on Saturday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock, and for about an hour threatened to wipe out the eastern portion of the town. The fire originated at the big trestle shed dock owned by the Rathbun Company, and inside of a few minutes the whole structure was a mass of flames. There was a strong south wind blowing towards the town, and it was soon seen that everything was doomed if aid was not procured at once. A fire engine and crew were brought from Napanee and every person available was pressed into service to help keep down the blaze.

A large quantity of lumber and cord wood and fourteen dump cars, belonging to the Rathbun Co. were destroyed. The refuse boilers building, was badly damaged, two houses badly gutted and a number of houses slightly scorched.

There are from 2,000 to 2800 residents in Deseronto, and at one time it was feared that the town would be a serious sufferer from the flames. Fortunately this did not prove to be the case, although the loss was severe enough. A number of residences were threatened, and a good many people moved out of their homes for fear they might be burned out, but only three or four residences were damaged. The Napanee fire brigade did good service. The loss could not be estimated Monday.

Paul's for School Books.

DESERONTO ROAD.

Mrs. Charles Keller and Mrs. Archie Fuller, of Phoenix, N. Y. also Miss D. M. Kerr, of Cherry Valley, Prince Edward County, have been visiting at Mr. Levi A. Sager's.

The Tomato crop on this road is excellent this year, and the farmers are busily engaged hauling the same to the Napanee Canning Company.

Mr. Robert Dowling takes the lead this year in thrashing, being the first one to have a machine on this road, and the grain is reported as turning out well.

Archie Amey who has for the past few years occupied the Butler farm near the cemetery has rented Mr. Samuel Sager's place just west of Sand Hill, and will begin his fall ploughing soon. Mr. Sager intends moving to Deseronto in his own house.

Miss Cora VanVlack, of Picton, who has been visiting her cousin Miss Lulu VanVlack for a few days, returned home on Tuesday.

Mr. H. Aylesworth has built a new hen yard of woven wire, which means more tomatoes.

Races and Base Ball Matches in the Driving Park on Monday.

STELLA.

Farmers are busy thrashing, harvesting being about completed. Grain is not yielding so well as was expected.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 30

THE HORSE RACES.

On Monday next Sept. 3rd, the postponed horse races will be held in the Napanee Driving Park. The races and sports promise to be even better than the races which were to have taken place on Dominion Day. More horses are entered and all the races are well filled so that a full day's programme of races is assured. We are unable to publish the list of entries but the secretary of the Driving Park Association, Mr. J. L. Boyes informs us that a large number of the best horses in the district are entered for these races.

A double header baseball match will be played at the Park on Monday, starting at 1.20 o'clock. Yarker and Newburgh teams will play. The winning team will then play the Picton baseball team.

The Picton baseball club are running an excursion to Napanee per Sir. Ella Ross. A number of other excursions are also coming.

BELL ROCK.

The weather has been fine here for harvesting and thrashing the farmers report a good yield of grain.

Mrs. Shirley Benn is spending a month with her friends here.

Philip Martin left for the North-West on the 22nd inst.

Mrs. A. Storey, Moscow, at George Reynold's.

BOYLE & SON.

"It's Good" if you get it at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store—Napanee's City Store.

LAPUMS WEST.

The weather continues very dry in this district, causing a scarcity of water in places.

Thrashing is in order this week. A number from here intend going to Toronto next week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Bush and Mrs. L. Brown, were on the Excursion to Water town, N. Y. on Saturday, and returned on Monday.

A. E. Warrenner, who has been with J. A. Simpkins this summer, left on one of the Harvesters Excursion for the N. W. T. last week. Sorry to lose you Albert.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Ham, Napanee at his Mother's, on Saturday; Miss Florence Martin, Sydenham, at Chas. Joiner's, the present week; Thos. Corey, Napanee, was in the neighborhood on Monday and Tuesday; Mr. and Mrs. W. Pringle and Mrs. R. Reid, were in Kingston on Saturday, also Mr. and Mrs. R. Rose; T. E. Farris, Colebrook, gave us a flying call on Monday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Jedediah Irish and

Clearing Sale Our stock of Ladies' Silk Blouses are reduced down to cost price for the balance of this month in order to clean up our stock and make room for the new.

KID GLOVES.

A FEW PAIRS LEFT AT 25c. AND 50c.

MILLINERY Hats trimmed and untrimmed. Any price to clear them out. Also Flowers and Feathers.

WANTED---Two Millinery Apprentices.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.

RESERVE \$3,600,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR. H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**
Branch, Yarker **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

PICTON Business College and School of Finance

SERVANT GIRL WANTED—Apply at the Crown Bank. 311

SELECTED WHEAT LANDS IN WESTERN Canada near transcontinental railroad. Exceptional investments, absolutely safe and profitable. Full particulars on application. Denny & Pringle, Melita, Man., or Kenosha, Wis.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representatives (man or woman) for each province. Canada. Salary \$200 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging. Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

FINE FARM FOR SALE—John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul soil. 100 acres under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 30 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop, 8 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of 30-1m **JOHN M. HAWLEY.**

FOR SALE.
That desirable farm known as the Blanchard Farm, situated about one mile south of Napanee containing 210 acres more or less. Will be sold as a whole or in two parts. (1) The north part

STELLA.

Farmers are busy threshing, harvesting being about completed. Grain is not yielding so well as was expected, specially oats. Potatoes promise a fair crop; no report of rot here yet.

Three of our young men to look in the excursion to the North-west last week. Strain, A. Findlay and A. Filson.

W. Glenn, Jr., got a bad fall from a tree; it has confined him to the house for some time.

W. H. Mouray, who has been under the doctor's care for a few days, has quite recovered.

Hugh Allen left last week for Tweed having accepted a position in the Ontario Powder company.

P. Gratton is in Kingston completing a new house for himself, where he intends residing in the near future. We are sorry to lose him from among us.

The island has its quota of visitors at present: Mrs. Andrew, New York, her brother's, T. H. H.; Mr. and Mrs. V. Sherman Miss A. Sherman and Miss Jessie A. Smith, Cleveland O., is visiting friends here; Mrs. T. J. Polley and family, Kingston, spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. J. Saunders; Miss Elma Saunders has returned to her home in Buffalo, N.Y., after spending some time with friends here.

Model School Teachers' Supplies at Paul's.

BELL ROCK.

The farmers have nearly finished their threshing in this district.

James Sagriff, sr., lost five head of young cattle during the severe thunder storm on the 18th.

Louis Laveck's infant daughter was buried on Saturday, the 24th.

Mrs. G. M. Sanborn is visiting her mother who is very ill at Frankford.

Miss Julia Sigsworth has been engaged to teach the public school here or the ensuing term.

Thomas Laveck Jr. and Mrs. Nolan, of Kingston, were married on the 27th.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. Fraser, Boston, Mass., at Mrs. Moir's; Miss A. Jammon, Kingston, at J. B. Wheeler's; Misses Edith Yorke and Grace Burley, Verona, at Mrs. D. L. Amey's; Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Yopke and Miss Edith, and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Amey at J. Pomeroy's; Miss Burns at J. Simmons'.

Guns, Rifles, Browning Automatic, Powder, Shot, Loaded Shells, Cartridges, &c.

BOYLE & SON.

Miss Ethel Wilson left to-day for Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Kimmerly are spending a few days in Ottawa.

Mrs. J. L. Madill has returned from an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Madill, Kingston.

Mr. Arthur Gibson returned on Thursday from the West.

Miss Mantell returned on Thursday to assume her position with The Robinson Co.

Mr. Arthur Fraser, of New York, is the guest of his uncle, Mr. J. R. Fraser.

Miss Maud Bruton is in Toronto this week attending the millinery openings.

The death of John Walters, brother of James Walters, Graham street, occurred at Napanee, on Thursday, Aug. 30th, 1906, at the age of seventy-five years. The funeral will take place from the residence of his brother, Graham street, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Wholesale boot and shoe dealers will advance prices about 20 per cent on spring samples.

Mrs. W. Pringle and Mrs. R. Reid, were in Kingston on Saturday, also Mr. and Mrs. R. Rose; T. E. Furr, Colebrook, gave us a flying call on Monday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Jedediah Irish and daughter, Hattie, were calling on friends here, Sunday.

Wilbur Love has gone to Sharbot Lake on business.

Sperry Rikley, William McCorman, Arnie Brown, and Allen were on Sunday guests of James Huff.

John Brown paid a flying visit to friends in Verona on Sunday, and was accompanied home by his sister, Mrs. S. Vandewater.

Cyrus Bush is convalescing.

In the absence of our superintendent Wilbur Love, J. E. Boulton took charge of the Sunday school on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Rose and Edwin Bell are among the invited guests to attend the wedding of Miss Estella G. Gates and Sperry M. Burt, of Morven, on Wednesday evening, at the residence of George Gates, Westbrook.

THE RIGHT PAINT.

The Right Paint to buy is "Good Paint" Ramsay's Mixed Paint is Good Paint. Gives good satisfaction in wear and looks Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store has the Sole Agency for this paint and The Genuine "Floor Enamel" Jamieson's. We sell also, Bulldog White Lead and the Genuine Elephant White Lead. Remember what you want in paint, oil, varnish, shellac or floor finish, you can get it at "WALLACE'S," prices right.

CAMDEN EAST

The Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe has just returned from his holidays, after visiting Sharbot Lake, Trenton, Toronto, and Mount Forest, where he took in the old boys and girls reunion and had a most pleasant and enjoyable time.

Mr. A. T. Love, B. A. of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, took charge of Parish and his services were much appreciated by the people, during the absence of the Rector.

The Rev F. E. Roy who represents the educational interests of Trinity University, Toronto, preached on Sunday last at Camden East, Yarker and Newburgh. An appeal for financial aid is being made on behalf of the University, which is commended by all the Bishops of the Ecclesiastical Province of Ontario.

The Twinkling of an Eye.

May not mean much sometimes, but every movement is of vital importance when under examination by the expert optician in charge of the new optical department at The Medical Hall. Your eyes tested free and satisfaction guaranteed—FRED L. HOOPER.

Disinterested.

"What a splendid woman she is!" "I am glad to think you have got such a wife."

"Such a wife! Why, man, you have no idea of her generosity. When I was poor she refused to marry me because she was afraid of being a burden upon me, but the moment I came into my fortune she consented at once. What do you think of that for kindness?"

A Stove Talk.

The stove season is nearly here again and you are beginning to plan for that new up-to-date Range and thinking of the comforts, which it will bring to you. We wish to announce to you that we find ourselves in a much better position than formerly to accommodate this growing trade. Increased floor space and light enables us to make a much larger exhibit of this class of goods. Imperial Oxford Ranges still lead, but we have several other good and up-to-date lines. Sizes and prices to suit everyone. Be sure and inspect our stock before you purchase. It will be a pleasure for us to show you the goods.

MADOLE & WILSON

PICTON

Business College and School of Finance

HIGH CLASS INSTITUTION.

17 ex-Public School Teachers and 22 Graduates of other Colleges, helped to compose our class.

SALARIES

of graduates direct from College ranged this year very high.

\$1,200, \$980, \$900, \$800, \$750, etc. Scores of young ladies, \$600.

Price of board very moderate.

Bookkeeping, Stenograph and Typewriting. Telegraphy.

Every graduate in a position.

JNO. R. SAYERS, Picton, Ont., Principal and Proprietor.

Parish of Ernesttown.

The services on Sunday, Sept. 2nd, will be conducted by Rev. W. H. Lipscomb, of St. Paul's, Kingston as follows: Hawley, 11 a. m.; St. Alban's Odessa 3 p. m.

Owing to the scarcity of school teachers the Department of Education has modified the regulations regarding certificates.

Wallace's Bug Poison will rid your house of Bed Bugs and Buffalo Moths in short order, easy to use. Sold only at The Red Cross Drug Store.

Fires were lighted under the boilers of the Electric Light plant on Tuesday afternoon, after a few days firing to dry out the boilers the plant will be running.

Mr. Jas. Gray, of Colebrook, is in town for a week or so, manufacturing cement tile for the County Roads. Mr. Gray is an expert at the business and furnished all the tile used on the County roads. Three sizes are made viz 6 inch, 12 and 18 inch. Mr. Gray has a complete outfit for the manufacture of cement tile.

Paints Oil and Glass.

Our import order of glass is now here and we are ready for the fall trade. Do not overlook the fact that we are the largest dealers in these lines and are gratified to know that the quality of the goods we have been enabled to furnish the public within the past has brought to us this large and growing trade. Elephant Brand of white Lead and ready mixed paints are guaranteed for quality.

MADOLE & WILSON

30-4m

JOHN M. HAWLEY.

FOR SALE.

That desirable farm known as the Blanchard Farm, situated about one mile south of Napanee containing 240 acres more or less. Will be sold as a whole or in two parts. (1) The north part with the buildings containing 140 acres more or less, and (2) the south part containing 100 acres more or less; on which there is a good barn.

For terms and further information apply to M. C. BOGART, Real Estate Agent, Napanee, Ont. 42-3m

VOTERS' LIST, 1906.

Municipality of the United Township of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act" the copies required by said sections to be transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to said Act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections and that said List was first posted up at my Office at Denbigh on Thursday, 2nd day of August, 1906, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine said list, and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have said errors corrected according to law.

PAUL STEIN,

Clerk of said Municipality.

Dated at Denbigh this 1st day of August, 1906.

VOTERS' LIST, 1906.

Municipality of the Town of Napanee County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the Ontario Voters' Lists Act, the copies required by said Sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the List, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and the said List was first posted up at my office at Napanee, on Friday August 24th, 1906, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said List and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk of Napanee.

Dated this 23rd Aug. A. D. 1906.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.

Authorized Capital \$2,000,000.

President, Edward Gurney; General Manager, G. de C. O'Grady.

To accommodate the people of Napanee and district, The Crown Bank of Canada will be open SATURDAY EVENINGS from 7 to 9.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS 4 TIMES A YEAR AND CALCULATED FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Farmer's notes discounted — farmers' sales notes collected.

A general Banking business transacted.

Your Account is Solicited.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager.

Napanee Branch.

NOW THE COSSACKS REBEL

The 24th Ural Regiment Arrests Its Own Officers.

A despatch from St. Petersburg, says: According to private advices, the 24th Ural (Cossack) Regiment has mutinied at Samarikand, Asiatic Russia, arrested its officers and replaced them with men from the ranks. The commander of the garrison of Samarikand, it is said, has demanded the immediate surrender of the mutineers, the artillery has been called out and the city is in a state of panic.

POLICE ARE POWERLESS.

In spite of the wholesale arrests and deportation of revolutionists the big centres' daily chronicle of murder and robbery is not appreciably diminishing. The police seem to be utterly powerless to capture the criminals. They do not make an arrest in one case out of 25. While the revolutionary opposition to the Government has thus degenerated into a campaign of crime, the three political parties—Constitutional Democrats, Octobrists and Regenerationists—are drifting. The efforts to effect an amalgamation have failed, and all the leaders seem to be greatly at sea as to what tactics to pursue.

SITUATION DECIDEDLY GRAVE.

A despatch from Samara, Russia, says: The agrarian situation in this province is most grave. Disorders are prevalent in numerous districts, and troops have been requisitioned to restore order in three localities, where firing is going on. Many men have been killed. The peasants of the Kolossof estate, who recently seized and occupied the land, have returned the property to its owners. A strike of factory hands has begun in Samara, and a number of agitators have been arrested.

RAILWAY STRIKE ARRANGED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: At a meeting of one hundred and forty-two delegates, representing all the Russian railways, just concluded in Finland, it was resolved that a general strike will be feasible at a near date and to issue instructions to prepare for it. A committee was appointed to draw up a strike appeal or any other manifesto which may be found necessary.

LAND-OWNERS GETTING OUT.

Official statistics show the extent of the panic among the land-owners. Since last November 1,762,557 dessiatines (a dessiatine is a little over two and a half acres) of land were offered to the Peasants' Bank at about \$63 per dessiatine, but the amount actually bought and sold to the peasants is not stated. The bank is selling the land to the peasants on easy terms. In some places it is said the land question is settling itself by this method.

SET THE BODY ON FIRE.

A despatch from Samara says: The commander of the Borissov Regiment on Wednesday was attacked and killed. The murderers escaped after saturating his body with methylated alcohol and setting it on fire.

COLONEL FATALLY WOUNDED.

A despatch from Warsaw says: Count Fernor, a colonel of the general staff, was fatally wounded on Wednesday by revolutionists. A patrol came up immediately after the affair and discharged a volley into the crowd killing one man.

plosion. Among the dead are: General Zamestin, the Premier's personal secretary; M. Khovostoff, ex-Governor of the Province of Penza; Colonel Federoff, chief of the Premier's personal guard; Court Chamberlain Davidoff, Court Chamberlain Voronin and Aide Doubassoff, Prince Nachachidze and Prince Scherwachidze, two delegates from the Caucasian nobility, and four women and two children.

M. Stolypin's three-year-old son is seriously though not fatally injured, and a number of persons who are injured are prominent in the social and official world.

SOME CONSPIRATORS KILLED.

Of the four conspirators who engineered the outrage, two were killed with their victims, while the third, who acted as coachman for the party, and the fourth, who remained inside the carriage, in which they drove to the residence, were badly wounded, and are now in the St. Peter and St. Paul fortress.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Bank of Toronto counterfeit ten-dollar notes are being circulated in Toronto. The sockeye salmon pack of British Columbia will be 400,000 cases less this year.

It is reported that a vein of almost solid silver has been discovered in Nipissing.

The Ontario Government's August report shows good crops of fall wheat, oats, barley and peas.

Brantford is sorely taxed to accommodate the foreigners that are arriving in the city.

The establishment of garrison classes of instruction in signalling at Toronto and Quebec is authorized.

"B" Battery, Royal Canadian Artillery, will be stationed in Toronto during alterations of the Kingston barracks.

It is estimated that the forthcoming census will show a population of 180,000 for Alberta and 330,000 for Saskatchewan.

Cattle can now be shipped to Toronto from Winnipeg without undergoing inspection by the Government veterinary.

F. N. Drake, of Regina, has sold a lot on a business street, 81 by 185 feet, for \$19,000 to the Western Hardware Company.

A new steel lighthouse, 58 feet high and 10 feet in diameter, is ready for transportation from Quebec to Cape Norman, Belle Isle.

Corp. Mossenus, of the R.N.W.M.P., at Dawson, was accidentally shot in the back while at the rifle ranges. He is recovering slowly.

There were twenty-three deaths from dynamite explosions in the vicinity of Kenora during the first six months of the present year.

Chas. Adams of London, Ont., has

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADING CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Aug. 28.—Flour—New Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$2.75 to \$2.80 in buyers' sacks outside, for export. Manitoba first patents, \$4.40 to \$4.60; second patents, \$4 to \$4.10; and strong bakers', \$3.90 to \$4, Toronto.

Bran—The market is firmer at \$14.50 to \$15 in bulk outside. Shorts are quoted at \$18 to \$18.50 outside.

Wheat—New No. 2 Ontario wheat quoted at 69 to 70c outside. No. 1 Northern Manitoba quoted at 80c, lake ports, and No. 2 Northern at 77½c, lake ports.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow is quoted at 59 to 59½c, to arrive, Toronto.

Oats—Old No. 2 white nominal at 36 to 37c on track here, and at 33 to 34c outside. New No. 2 white quoted outside at 30 to 30½c, September delivery.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 58 to 59c outside.

Barley—No. 2 quoted outside at 46 to 47c, and No. 3 extra at 45c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at \$1.75 to \$1.80, and primes at \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Honey—Strained honey quoted at 9½ to 10c per lb, and combs at \$2 per dozen.

Hops—13 to 16c per lb.

Hay—Car lots No. 1 old timothy are quoted at \$10.50 on track, Toronto, and No. 1 new at \$9.

Straw—\$5.50 to \$6 per ton

Potatoes—New potatoes are quoted at 60 to 70c per bushel in quantities.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh-killed, 12 to 14c; chickens, 10 to 12c per lb alive; hens, 8 to 9c per lb alive; ducks, alive, 11 to 11c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 19 to 20c; tubs, 20 to 18c. Creamery prints sell at 23 to 24c, and solids at 22 to 22½c.

Eggs—Good candled stock, 16 to 18c per dozen.

Cheese—They are quoted at 13 to 13½c, the latter for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12½c per lb in case lots; mess pork, \$21.50 to \$22; short-cut, \$24 to \$24.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 16c; do, heavy, 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 28.—Grain—Locally there was no improvement in the demand for Manitoba wheat, and bids from over the cable were scarce. Oats—Prices quoted are 36, 37, and 38c in store for Nos. 4, 3 and 2, respectively.

Manitoba spring wheat, \$4.40 to \$4.50; strong bakers', \$3.90 to \$4; winter wheat patents, \$4.25 to \$4.30; straight rollers, \$3.85 to \$4; do; in bags, \$1.85 to \$1.90; extras, \$1.60 to \$1.70. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$18; shorts, \$21 per ton; Ontario bran in bags, \$17.50 to \$18; shorts, \$21; milled mouillie, \$21 to \$25 per ton, and straight grain, \$28 to \$29.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$23 to \$24; half-barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.50; clear fat back, \$23.50; long cut heavy mess, \$21.50; half-barrels do, \$11.25; dry salted long clear, 12½ to 12c; barrels plate beef, \$12 to \$13.50; half-barrels do, \$6.75 to \$7.25; barrels heavy mess pork, \$11.50; half-barrels do, \$6.25; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 12 to 12½c; kettle rendered,

EATEN BY CROCODILE.

English Trader Seized While Crossing a River.

A Salisbury, Rhodesia, despatch says: An Englishman named Warman, formerly employed at Salisbury Railway Station, has been eaten by a crocodile. Warman and a companion, Mr. H. E. Bennett, decamped, at the end of last month, to go on a trading trip across the Kafue River. On arriving at the river they knocked together a rough boat, on which they placed all their belongings, and then embarked. When in mid-stream a crocodile attacked the boat and upset it, Bennett and Warman both being left floundering in the water. They struck out for the opposite shore, which Bennett reached, but on looking around he saw the crocodile seize Warman's leg and drag him under the water. Bennett had to travel 300 miles before he reached a white man's abode.

KNEADED DOUGH WITH FEET.

Dirty Condition of Prussian Bakeries Denounced.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: The Government Medical Department has issued a report on the sanitary condition of the Prussian bakeries and slaughter houses, to which the newspapers are giving sensational prominence, one of them using the caption "America in Prussia." The report says that many of the butchering establishments were found in a very unclean condition. The Government inspectors found the conditions in the bakeries to be particularly objectionable. In one town boys kneaded the dough with their feet and one bakery was found to be occupied by cats and hens. One baker admitted that his floor and vats were scrubbed only once a year.

RIOTERS LOOT CAPE TOWN SHOPS.

An Army of Unemployed Do Extensive Damage.

A Cape Town despatch says: Remarkable scenes were witnessed here on Friday. For some time past "unemployed" agitators have been vigorously at work, spreading Socialistic doctrines, and a deputation waited on Dr. Jameson, the Premier, demanding employment. At a certain stage of the interview Dr. Jameson promised food and shelter to the genuine unemployed, but after the deputation had gone two or three white agitators incited a crowd of 700 colored hooligans to loot the shops. Riots followed, and continued throughout the greater portion of the day. A large number of shops were looted, and the police charged the crowd, several conflicts occurring. Nine arrests were made. Very few white men are implicated in the riots, the looters consisting chiefly of a low type of colored hooligans. Order was restored in the evening.

THE DEALERS DIFFER.

Varying Estimates of the Western Wheat Crop.

A Winnipeg despatch says: The grain dealers and bankers returned on Friday from a trip of inspection of the wheat crop, and while individual estimates of the yield run all the way from 74,000,000 bushels to 97,000,000, the average estimate places it at 84,500,000. The diversity of the figures is an indication of the varied opinions formed. Several American experts with the party are of opinion that the estimates of the yield sent out from Winnipeg on Thursday are approximately correct, but possibly a little high. Finlay Barrel, head of Barrel & Co., Chicago, believes that wheat will go over 89,000,000 bushels, and ventured the statement that within eight years all the contract spring wheat will be grown in the Canadian west. The grades are good, and

A despatch from Warsaw says: Colonel Fernor, a colonel of the general staff, was fatally wounded on Wednesday by revolutionists. A patrol came up immediately after the affair and discharged a volley into the crowd, killing one man.

THE CZAR'S UNCLE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says the Czar had a long conference in Wednesday with the Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch in regard to the military dictatorship which the Grand Duke has advocated as the sole means of re-establishing order. It is said the Czar is much depressed because the power of the revolutionary element has apparently not been broken. There are strong influences at work, it is said, to make the Grand Duke Nicholas the military dictator, in the hope that he will be able to cope successfully with the situation. The feeling that it will be necessary to install some such regime is gaining ground largely on account of the terrible state of confusion throughout the country.

Another despatch says that Gen. Troppoff, the Chief of Police in St. Petersburg, is suffering from a severe attack of angina pectoris. It is said that he cannot recover.

BAD HARVEST.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The condition of the harvests is giving the Government serious uneasiness. Heavy rain is general over the wheat-growing provinces, where the crop is 20 per cent. below the average, owing chiefly to the political crisis and a failure to sow in considerable areas. In many places the peasants refuse to gather the crops. There is no movement yet towards importing American wheat, but the Government will probably find it necessary to prohibit the export of all grain owing to the famine conditions in many parts of the country. Last week 400,000 bushels of German rye were bought at two cents per bushel below the Russian prices. This rye is of low quality, and such of it as was sent to the distressed provinces arrived there damp and unfit for sowing.

The Moscow Relief Committee reports bad crops throughout the empire, and food for the peasants' cattle is lacking in the Provinces of Nijni Novgorod and Kazan.

The Imperial authorities are now more concerned with the famine problem than with the revolutionary movement.

NEW REGIMENT TO GUARD CZAR.

A new regiment, selected from the squadrons of the different Cossack Guard regiments, has been created to act as the personal escort of the Emperor, who has accepted the title of colonel of the new organization.

The strictest censorship is now exercised over press despatches in the Caucasus, in order to conceal the true state of affairs, both regarding the true inwardness of the Tartar-Armenian warfare, and the fermentation among Russian troops.

The Armenian Tartar situation is worse than is known to the outside world. Almost all the Russian military units are disaffected, and even the Cossacks are rebelling against doing police duty. The latest mutiny is that of the Poltava Cossacks, who several days ago at Tiflis formally demanded to be relieved from police duty, and asked for the discharge of those who had served over three years. The entire regiment was disbanded and confined under guard in their barracks.

BOMB KILLED THIRTY-TWO.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Thirty-two persons are dead and twenty-four wounded as the result of an attempt on Saturday afternoon to assassinate Premier Stolypin with a bomb while he was holding a public reception at his country house on Aptekarsky Island. The Premier was slightly wounded on the face and neck by flying splinters.

The legs of the Premier's fifteen-year-old daughter were broken by the ex-

ploding. There were twenty-three deaths from dynamite explosions in the vicinity of Kenora during the first six months of the present year.

Clair Adams of London, Ont., has been awarded the prize offered by a London, England, publication for the best original sketch on cricket.

The C. P. R. has decided not to run any more harvest excursions from Cape Breton, as the coal companies are unable to get men for their mines.

The Hudson's Bay Company made a shipment of 101 bales of furs from Prince Albert, Sask., over the C.N.R., for England. The furs are worth \$65,000.

Consul-General Nosse, of Japan, whose four year stay in Canada is now nearly ended, has been advised that his term has been continued indefinitely.

It is rumored in London that Mayor Judd will move in council for a vote of the people on the advisability of the city purchasing the street railway.

The number of people carried from Ontario on the western harvesters' excursions up to date is 12,582, nearly 2,000 more than for the corresponding period of last year.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London is suffering from a plague of mosquitoes.

Trade conditions in Britain are brighter in many directions.

Signor Marconi says that wireless messages will soon be sent from Ireland to Canada.

The trial tests of the British battleship Africa were postponed owing to the development of minor defects.

The Times and other British papers express the opinion that President Roosevelt may again be a candidate for the Presidency.

UNITED STATES.

The defence of Harry Thaw, the murderer of Stanford White, will be emotional insanity.

American fishermen on Lake Erie complained to the Government that the Canadian cruiser Vigilant was destroying their nets.

The New York Central Railway has been indicted at Jamestown, N. Y., for giving unlawful freight rates to the Standard Oil Company.

John Piche, kidnapped and taken from home eight years ago by unknown parties, returned to his home at Dollar Bay, Michigan, on Wednesday, where his mother lives now. There he found his mother married a second time and discovered that his father had died.

Because he "batted into" an argument between two of his fellow-countrymen, the tip of Anthony Snellkop's tongue was cut off at Minooka, Penn., on Tuesday night. He was one of the guests at a wedding celebration, and his action precipitated a fight, from which he emerged with only three-quarters of his tongue.

Mahala Lewis, a negress, said to be 120 years old, died at Ottawa, Kansas, on Tuesday night. She could tell many incidents in the life of George Washington, whom she insisted she had seen many times. Mrs. Lewis was a native of Virginia, and was unable to read or write.

Carrie Nation spent Wednesday night in the city jail at Denver, Col., on the charge of disturbance and inciting a riot. She had induced 100 women, some carrying babies, to follow her on a crusade into the tenderloin. Hoodlums began abusing the women, causing a stampede, in which some of the women were injured.

GENERAL.

The Sydney, N.S.W., Legislative Assembly passed the free education bill.

Jose Miguel Gomez, who is supposed to have instigated the Cuban revolution, has been arrested.

The military Governor at Bilbao, Spain, has unsuccessfully attempted to arbitrate the dispute between the employers and the 60,000 strikers.

22c; barrels plate beer, 12 to \$13.50; half-barrels do, \$6.75 to \$7.25; barrels heavy mess pork, \$11.50; half-barrels do, \$6.25; compound lard, 8 to 9c; pure lard, 12 to 12c; kettle rendered, 13 to 14c; hams, 14c to 16c; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 16c; fresh-killed, abattoir-dressed hogs, \$10.50 to \$10.75; alive, \$7.25 to \$7.60 per 100 lbs. Eggs—Selects, 20 to 20c; No. 1 candled, 17 to 17c. Butter—Choice creamery, salted and unsalted, 22c to 23c; medium grades, 22 to 22c. Cheese—Ontario, 12c to 12c; Quebec, 12c to 12c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, Aug. 28. — Wheat—Cash, 70c; September, 68c; December, 71c; May, 76c.

Milwaukee, Aug. 28. —Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 to 80c; No. 2 Northern, 74 to 76c; September, 70c asked. Rye—No. 1, 58 to 59c. Barley—Dull; No. 2, 55 to 56c; sample, 38 to 54c. Corn—No. 3, cash, 48c to 49c; September, 48c, bid.

Duluth, Aug. 28. — Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 to 78c; No. 2 Northern, 75c; September, 73c; May, 77c.

Minneapolis, Aug. 28. —Wheat—September, 71c; December, 72c; May, 76c. Cash—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 72 to 73c. Flour—First patents, 84 to 84.10; second patents, \$3.85 to \$3.95; first clears, \$3.25 to \$3.45; second clears, \$2.50 to \$2.60. Bran—\$13.50 to \$13.75.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Aug. 28.—Heavy deliveries of live stock were received at the Western Market to-day.

Exporters were slow of sale. The quotations ranged from \$4.40 to \$4.75 for good, and \$4 to \$4.50 for medium and light animals. Export bulls were worth \$3.50 to \$3.75 per cwt.

Butchers' picked, \$4.60 to \$4.75, good loads, \$4.25 to \$4.50; medium and fair, \$3.60 to \$4; cows, export, \$3.40 to \$3.70; cows, medium, \$2.75 to \$3.25; canners, \$1.50 up.

A light call for stockers and feeders of good quality characterized trade. Short-keeps, \$4.25 to \$4.60; feeders, \$3.60 to \$4.10; stockers, \$2.75 to \$3.50; stock bulls, \$2 to \$2.25 per cwt.

With liberal offerings of milch cows, prices were easy. The range was \$25 to \$50 each for milch cows and springers.

Sheep and lambs were strong—Export ewes, \$4.50 to \$4.75; bucks, \$3.50 to \$3.75; lambs, \$6.25 to \$7 per cwt. Calves were worth \$3.10 to \$6 per cwt.

Hogs were unchanged at \$6.90 for select and \$6.65 for lights and fats.

THE AVERAGE YIELD.

Estimated at Fifteen to Twenty-Five Bushels Per Acre.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: In their weekly report on the condition of the wheat crop the Canadian Pacific agents were on Wednesday requested to give an estimate of the average yield in their respective districts. Only a small percentage ventured to make any estimate, those reporting putting the yield at from 15 to 25 bushels per acre. A large portion of the wheat is now cut, and thrashing operations have begun at several points. The weather has been favorable. Samples of wheat in shock are all excellent, and experts say more number one will be thrashed this year than for several years past.

APPLES FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Merchant Buying Fruit for Shipment—Cape Colony Law Strict.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. J. P. Taylor, a South African merchant, is in the city obtaining from the fruit division of the Department of Agriculture names of prominent apple growers and dealers. He is engaged in buying apples for shipment to South Africa.

The law regarding the admission of diseased or wormy fruit into Cape Colony only requires that all apples affected shall be destroyed at the port of landing, without recompense to the shipper.

that wheat will go over 89,000,000 bushels, and ventured the statement that within eight years all the contract spring wheat will be grown in the Canadian west. The grades are good, and samples from the machine will go No. 1 northern or better.

A CLEAN MILK SUPPLY.

Provincial Board of Health Sends Out Important Circular.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Provincial Board of Health have sent out instructions to dairymen and other people who supply milk for public distribution, pointing out the importance of keeping cows away from filth pools and sloughs, and stating that milk should be cooled as soon as possible after being taken from the cows. This should be done in a clean and sanitary place, where there are no noxious odors, and strainers and other utensils used should be clean.

TO KILL MAGISTRATE.

Threats of H. Dureau, a Winnipeg Horse-Thief.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: H. Dureau was sent to the penitentiary on Friday for two years for horse-stealing. Before leaving the court-room he declared positively he would kill the Magistrate when released. He is a recent arrival from France, and has a police record there.

BINDER TWINE SEIZED.

Not Up to Length Marked—Valued, at \$100,000.

An Ottawa despatch says: Large seizures were recently made of binder twine consigned to this country from England that did not measure up to the length stamped on the packages. The twine came from two firms, and the value of the goods seized is about \$100,000. The case is now awaiting disposal at the hands of the Minister of Trade and Commerce.

RAIN QUENCHES FIRES.

Serious Damage Done to Timber North of the "Soo."

A Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., despatch says: Heavy rain fell for several hours on Thursday morning, putting out fires which have been running over this end a month. The loss, not yet estimated, was heavy.

SERIOUS CUTS.

In dressing a cut, bathe the wound with cold water that, if possible, has been previously boiled. Cut strips of sticking-plaster an eighth of an inch wide. When the bleeding is checked draw the edges of the cut together and strap it with plaster, leaving a narrow space between each strip. Cover the whole with a layer of absorbent cotton, bandaged in place with a narrow strip of cotton. Do not disturb for several days, unless blood oozes through and stains the dressing.

SUNSHINE AND SLEEP.

No syrup of poppies, no tincture of opium, no powder or morphine can compare in sleep-inducing with sunshine. Therefore, it is easily understood that sufferers from insomnia should pass as many hours as possible in sunshine, living to a great extent in the air.

TEMPERATURE OF THE SICK-ROOM.

A thermometer should be hung against the wall near the bed and the record frequently noted. The temperature should be kept as nearly as possible at 60 degrees F., and on no account should it be allowed to descend below 50 dg.

YOUNG FOLKS

THE BEAUTIFUL RECITATION.

Did you ever speak a piece and find
That all the poem words
Had flown away out of your minds
Like little frightened birds?

The people were so very near,
Their eyes so big and round,
Your voice came out so high and queer,
With such a funny sound?

The platform was so long and wide,
You felt so very small,
You had to run away and hide,
And spoke no piece at all?

THE HAPPY DAY.

The twins were wishing for things.
They often did that, and when they
went back to their playthings somehow
something went wrong. The toys
weren't nice, and the dolls had ugly
clothes, and the books were ragged, and
nothing was very pleasant. Mamma
never liked to have Max and Molly be-
gin the wishing game, but the children
played that nearly every day.

"I wish Geraldine Matilda had a long,
white silk train and a trunk full of
pretty clothes," said Molly, taking the
poor old doll up with a jerk. "Geraldine
Matilda you are a perfect fright." The
doll was too polite to hint that
Molly had allowed her to stay out in the
rainstorm and ruin the only dress she
had, so the little girl went on with her
unkind remarks. "I guess I'll put you in
the next missionary barrel and send you
away, way off. You aren't fit for any-
body but heathen folks to play with."

"Why don't you wish for something
nice?" said Max. "Who cares for old
doll clothes? I wish we could do ex-
actly as we please all day. That would
be fun, wouldn't it?"

"Yes, it would," said Molly, tossing the
poor doll into a corner. "I'd stay up late
in the evening and not go to bed till
midnight, and I'd—"

"And I'd have candy and popcorn and
peanuts and—" interrupted Max.

"And I'd play in the dirt without hav-
ing to wash my hands. What a happy
day we'd have!"

"Well, you can have a happy day if
you want," said mamma, who had been
listening. "Of course you cannot go
down town by yourselves, but you may
have your wishes granted as far as pos-
sible if you think you will have a happy
day."

"Goody! Goody! Goody!" screamed
the twins. "Let's go out and puddle."

There had been a little shower, and
the gutters were brimming with water.
The twins were soon having a fine time
dabbling in the mud, with no one to tap
on the window and tell them to be care-
ful. Their clothes were soiled, and they
had mud in their hair, but all the time
they were laughing and having a good
time together.

"Now, let's have some candy and
cookies," said Mollie, after a long time
spent in splashing and playing in the
water. "I'm hungry."

"Come, children," called Miss Ethel,
from across the garden fence. "You
know this is the day we are to have our
long ride on the trolley and eat our
lunch at that pretty house out in the
country, where we pick flowers. Hurry
up, for we want to start in half an
hour."

The twins looked at each other and
then at Miss Ethel. "We'll have to get
mamma to wash us up," said Molly.
"We forgot all about the ride."

"I never could get you ready in half
an hour," said their mamma. "You
said you would be happier if you didn't
have to be washed, so run and have a
good time."

It isn't a happy day at all," sobbed

DEATH IN WHIRLPOOL RAPIDS.

One Man Drowned and Another Has
Narrow Escape.

A despatch from Niagara Falls, Ont.,
says: Martin Kane lost his life in the
Whirlpool Rapids on Saturday morn-
ing, and H. L. McGrath saved himself
from the same fate by the narrowest
possible margin. Kane and McGrath
went down the cliff about 8.30 o'clock to
swim in the eddy just above the cantilever
bridge, and within a short distance
of the rapids. They pushed an old boat
out into the eddy and amused them-
selves in diving from it. The eddy car-
ried them away from the bank, and a
minute later they were rushing down
towards the rapids. Both jumped over-
board and swam. McGrath was suc-
cessful in reaching a big rock which
stands up from the river at the break
of the rapids. Kane missed the rock,
was swept down the rapids and lost.
McGrath was rescued from the rock and
collapsed as soon as he got ashore.

BLAZE AT DESERONTO.

The Eastern Portion of the Town Was
Threatened.

A Deseronto despatch says: One of
the most disastrous fires which has oc-
curred here in recent years started this
afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock, and
for about an hour threatened to wipe out
the whole eastern portion of the town.
The fire originated at the big trestle shed
dock owned by the Rathbun Company,
and inside of a few minutes the whole
structure was a mass of flames. There
was a strong south wind blowing to-
wards the town, and it was soon seen
that everything was doomed if aid was
not procured at once. Two fire engines
and crews were brought from Napanee
and every person available was pressed
into service to help keep down the blaze.
The big trestle, refuse boilers, thousands
of feet of lumber and cords of hard-
wood belonging to the Rathbun Com-
pany and three houses were destroyed.
The firemen were handicapped on ac-
count of scarcity of water. Two docks
with a large quantity of lumber and St.
Mark's Church were in danger for a
time.

MOTORISTS' FINES.

Nearly \$55,000 Paid in Britain During
Past Fiscal Year.

A despatch from London says: Nearly
\$55,000 in fines was paid by British au-
tomobilists, during the year ending June
30th last, statistics for which relating to
"motor-car offences" have just been
issued. The number of prosecutions
during the year was 6,165, and 4,915 de-
fendants were fined, making the average
fine about \$11. In 1,245 cases the
prosecution was for exceeding the speed
limit. Five motorists were sent by the
magistrates for trial on serious charges
—injury to pedestrians through neglect,
drunkenness while in charge of an au-
tomobile, etc. It is a striking comment
on the sometimes excessive zeal of the
rural police against automobilists, that
739 prosecutions were withdrawn or
dismissed, while 452 defendants were
discharged on payment of costs.

STORM ON LAKE ONTARIO.

Reuben Dowd, a Coal Schooner, Ran
Aground Near Toronto.

A despatch from Toronto says: The
three-masted schooner Reuben Dowd,
belonging to the Conger Coal Company,
in trying to make her way into the Bay
through the Eastern Gap, Toronto, ran
aground just outside the breakwater
early on Friday morning. She was
bringing in a cargo of about 800 tons of
coal from Fairhaven for her owners,
under command of Capt. Joyce. The
crew of eight were safely brought off in
a lifeboat manned by Capt. Ward, and
hopes are entertained of salvaging part
at least of the cargo. Though the vessel
lies in shallow water, it will take some

HORRORS OF THE QUAKE

Fifty Thieves Shot Dead While They Were Looting.

A despatch from Valparaiso says:
From the plaza de la Victoria as far as
the plaza in the section called Las De-
licias four-fifths of the houses are com-
pletely destroyed, and the remaining
fifth are badly damaged. From the
Plaza de la Victoria down to the Custom
House only about one-third of the houses
sustained damage. The banks and the
customs warehouses were not damaged.
With the exception of Espiritu Santo all
the city's churches were destroyed, as
were the hospitals and the theatres. The
number of dead is more than two thou-
sand. The offices of the Havas agency,
although seriously damaged, is still be-
ing used.

The tragic scenes of the San Francis-
co disaster were reproduced here. There
was the fight against fire, the lack of
water, and robbery and pillage.

ALL THE FIRES OUT.

The authorities now are beginning to
get in provisions, and water again is
being supplied. All the fires are out.
The first shock lasted four minutes and
a half, and the second two minutes.
Most of the houses were thrown down
by the second shock. Estimates of the
damage range from \$25,000,000 to \$50-
000,000. The Almendral quarter has
been absolutely destroyed.

The people are still camping on the
surrounding hills and the streets and
plazas, and are calm and courage re-
turning. The declaration is made that
80,000 persons will leave the city. The
lack of food is not yet serious.

Telegraphic communication with San-
tiago was re-established on Tuesday.
Several steamers are engaged in moving
the people of the city to points to the
north and south.

ANOTHER ESTIMATE.

The loss of life by the earthquake of
Thursday, August 16, probably will not
be short of 3,000, while the property
destroyed is estimated at \$100,000,000,
and possibly is far in excess of that
sum.

Order is being maintained with the
utmost severity by the military, police
and armed citizens' patrols, who are
empowered to shoot on the spot. The
authorities are showing the utmost en-
ergy in the protection of property.

With the first terrible shock of the
earthquake buildings collapsed, their
walls falling with tremendous noise.
The inmates in many cases were unable
to escape. The shock was followed al-
most immediately by a fierce storm, the
wind prostrating walls that had been
weakened by the earthquake, and these
broke trolley wires, which flashed in-
cessantly. The second shock was even
heavier than the first.

SLIGHT SHOCKS CONTINUE.

A despatch from London says: A
cable despatch filed late on Tuesday
night by the agent at Valparaiso of
Huth & Co., says that slight shocks
continue, and that further large fires
have occurred there.

AN OPTIMISTIC PREDICTION.

A despatch from New York says:
Adolfo Ortusear, Consul-General for
Chile, said on Wednesday that he be-
lieved Valparaiso would be rebuilt with-
in six months, and that trade would be
completely re-established before that
time. The Chilean representative's op-
timistic prediction as to trade was fa-
vorably seconded by several merchants
who do business with the stricken city,
though they did not believe that the
damage done by earthquake and fire
could be repaired in the time set by the

The railroad line between Limache and
Quilque, in addition to suffering sever-
ly from the earth shocks of August 16,
has several enormous crevices, newly
formed, in its vicinity.

Valparaiso is still without street lights
at night, but order is maintained, thanks
to the severity of the authorities, who
continue shooting all persons who are
caught committing robberies.

Among the buildings which fell at
the time of the earthquake are the Pa-
lace of Justice and the Maritime Prefec-
ture.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Parry Harbor Man Used His Revolver
With Terrible Effect.

A Parry Sound, Ont., despatch says:
Crazed by jealousy, Henry Anderson,
a middle-aged man, employed in the
yard of the Parry Sound Lumber Com-
pany, on Tuesday night shot his wife
dead at the door of a neighbor's house
in Parry Harbor, and then returning to
his own house placed the revolver to
his head and ended his life with a bul-
let.

A relative of the dead woman, who
was standing near, witnessed the first
act in the tragedy. Anderson fired
twice, both bullets taking effect. The
woman was entering the door of the
neighbor's house when the first shot
was fired, striking her in the shoulder.
She turned round facing her infuriated
husband as he advanced upon her. Then
taking deliberate aim Anderson fired
again, the bullet striking her in the
centre of the forehead, killing her in-
stantly.

The weapon with which the deed was
committed was a new one and had
evidently been recently purchased.

Anderson's family relations have not
been happy for a long time past, and
he is reputed to have been cruel and
overbearing towards his wife. He had
been at one time arrested for beating
and ill-treating her, and on one occa-
sion she sought to have him bound over
to keep the peace after he had repeat-
edly threatened her life. He was a man of
fitful and violent temper and subject to
fits of violent jealousy. Two children,
a boy and a girl, are left orphans as a
result of the double tragedy.

TWO KILLED IN RAILWAY WRECK.

Collision Between Passenger Trains at
St. Thomas.

A St. Thomas despatch says: A ser-
ious head-on collision occurred at the
C.P.R.-Wabash diamond crossing a
mile east of this city on Friday morning
about 8 o'clock. A special Wabash
train, with a theatrical company from
New York to Chicago, met the C.P.R.
regular for Woodstock, both going at a
high rate of speed. The Wabash train
crew jumped and saved themselves.
The C.P.R. crew had not time.

The dead:—Engineer McKay, of
Toronto Junction, scalded from head to
foot, skull crushed.

Alex. Wiley, baggage-man, of St.
Thomas, head crushed.

The injured:—Fireman F. Patterson,
of St. Thomas, scalded and bruised,
Peter Stewart, C.P.R. conductor, head
injured; Borbedie, express messenger,
St. Thomas. No passengers were in-
jured.

The C.P.R. had the right of way, so

"I never could get you ready in half an hour," said their mamma. "You said you would be happier if you didn't have to be washed, so run and have a good time."

It isn't a happy day at all," sobbed Max. "The sand in my hair doesn't feel good, and I'd rather have clean hands to eat cookies. I wish I had been a good boy."

"And I wish I never had wished," wailed Molly.

"What's all this?" asked Miss Ethel. "I'll get Molly ready if Mrs. Pope will attend to Max. You can carry your hats, and the hot sun will soon dry your hair. Don't cry."

So it turned out to be a happy day after all, but the twins did not fret about the things they had to give up to go to the little picnic. And since that time they never play the wishing game any more, nor tease to do as they please all day. Can you guess why?

RELICS OF BOER WAR.

Two Field Guns and Two Machine Guns Received at Ottawa.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Two small field guns and a couple of machine guns that were captured from the Boers during the South African War arrived some time ago consigned to the Minister of Militia. It has been decided to place the field pieces on Parliament Hill. The quick-firers will also be retained in the capital. One will be kept for the military museum. The other will go to one of the city parks.

GOLD FOUND IN NEW ONTARIO.

Kentucky Prospector Makes a Lucky Strike.

A despatch from Toronto says: Gold has been struck in large quantities in northern Ontario, according to the information received by Mr. Cecil B. Smith, chairman of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Company. Mr. Smith has learned that a prospector from Lexington, Kentucky, the lucky finder, has located the precious metal in the Township of Playfair, north of the height of land, and about 80 miles distant from New Liskeard. The samples analyzed showed an average of about 411 ounces, or about \$8,000, to the ton. In addition, the ore carried silver to the amount of about 400 ounces to the ton. The find was made three or four days ago, and is expected to draw a large number of miners to the localities as soon as it is known.

A branch of the Temiskaming road recently located, will be constructed near the gold field before long. The Railway Commission has decided to advertise for tenders for the construction of three branches in a few days. One five miles in length will run from Cobalt through the Gillies limit, to be known as the Kerr Lake section. Another will be laid from Englehart to Charlton, a distance of seven miles, and the third from Haileybury to the wharf on Lake Temiskaming.

WILL RUN FAR NORTH.

C. P. R. Starts Survey for Extension of Temiskaming Line.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canadian Pacific engineers have begun the survey of the extension of the Temiskaming Railway, which branches from the main line at Mattawa. The work has been started at Temiskaming station, and will proceed northward along the shore of Temiskaming Lake to Opemicon. At this point the higher level is taken. Ostensibly the line is intended to terminate at Ville Marie, about 50 miles up Lake Temiskaming, but the objective point undoubtedly is much further on, namely, the line of the National Transcontinental Railway. The railway is being built under the charter of the Temiskaming Colonization Railway Co., which is now owned by the C.P.R.

under command of Capt. Joyce. The crew of eight were safely brought off in a lifeboat manned by Capt. Ward, and hopes are entertained of salvaging part at least of the cargo. Though the vessel lies in shallow water, it will take some time to float her. Her stern is badly split, and her rudder is useless.

M. J. Haney, the water works contractor, lost a derrick scow in the blow. It pounded to pieces at the Eastern Gap, and the derrick on it capsized and sunk in rather deep water.

WIRELESS SYSTEM FOR YUKON.

Last Winter's Interruptions Have Caused Government to Adopt It.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is not improbable that before another year is over telegraphic communication for a portion of the distance to the Yukon will be made by the wireless system. Owing to the many interruptions last winter to the Government line, by storms, avalanches and landslides, particularly in the Cariboo district, Dr. Alfred Thompson, M.P., for the Yukon Territory, proposed to the Minister of Public Works the advisability of covering the danger section by the wireless method. The suggestion was accepted by Mr. Hyman, and it is understood that the department has received tentative offers from two companies, Marconi and the DeForest. A definite decision upon the point will not be reached until the inspector, Mr. Joseph Gobeil, returns from the Yukon.

POTATO BLIGHT IN IRELAND.

The Disease Has Struck the Crop in Western Sections.

A despatch from Manchester, England, says: The Manchester Guardian's Dublin correspondent confirms the report of potato blight in western Ireland. There is no doubt that its ravages are serious and widespread. The blight was first noticed in the Moycullen district and in Galway. The disease has struck the crop everywhere during the severe rains of the last fortnight. It is too soon yet to talk of famine, but everything will now depend on the weather of the next few weeks.

LETTER-CARRIER CAUGHT.

Pierre Compeau of Montreal Pleads Guilty of Theft.

A Montreal despatch says: Pierre Compeau, a Montreal letter-carrier, suspected of stealing money from letters, was trapped on Wednesday by means of decoy letters. In order to make sure of their man two letters containing three and four dollars each were placed in the mail for an address on Compeau's route. The ruse was successful and the carrier was found with the goods on him. Letters with money to the value of \$85 had been stolen, and to taking that amount Compeau pleaded guilty. To the charge of stealing other amounts he entered a plea of not guilty.

CUT HORSE'S LEGS OFF.

A Brutal Act of Vengeance at Gladstone, Manitoba.

A Gladstone, Man., despatch says: Early on Saturday morning some party or parties entered the barn of E. Bowman, veterinary surgeon, of this place, and chopped the hind legs off his horse, which stood in the stall. Dr. Bowman had been called to Plumias and returned by train, arriving about 8 o'clock. On going to the stable he discovered the animal. So completely was the work done that the detached parts hung only by the tendons midway between the hoofs and hocks. Mrs. Bowman heard noises early in the morning, but there was a storm raging, and she was timid about going to investigate the cause. The animal was slaughtered. So far there is no clue leading to the discovery of the perpetrator.

optimistic prediction as to trade was favorably seconded by several merchants who do business with the stricken city, though they did not believe that the damage done by earthquake and fire could be repaired in the time set by the Consul-General.

HORRIFYING DETAILS.

A despatch from Santiago says: Some of the horrifying details of the terrible disaster came here on Wednesday in the first mail that has been received since the earthquake began. Fifty children in one house were crushed and three Catholic nuns, who were attempting to rescue those in the ruins, were killed by another shock, which brought the remainder of the building down.

The only light on the first night of the earthquake was that thrown by the feeble rays from the ships in the harbor. The street were filled with wild, shrieking people. The crash of falling buildings on all sides and the noise of breaking glass was a terrific din. The next morning brought a terrible sight. Bodies lay exposed on all sides. No one has had the time or inclination to remove them, and they have been there since. Many squares are now piled with debris.

President Riesco has sent a telegram to the Rothschilds, declining their offer and aid, saying that Chili can rise unassisted. Congress is awaiting further information as to the extent of the disaster before acting on the proposition for raising a loan. Commercial interests are opposed to a scheme for the suspension of payments, claiming that the proposed issue of 80,000,000 pesos will save the situation.

Many rich families in Valparaiso have been completely ruined. One millionaire, Mr. Edwards, lost 40,000,000 pesos (about \$15,000,000) alone.

Small islands have appeared in Valparaiso Bay, and incoming ships confirm the reports of depressions on the coast.

The Chilean insurance companies will sustain heavy losses by the disaster, as a recent law practically drove all foreign companies out of the country. There has been no decision yet regarding the payment of losses.

The Mayor has forbidden the erection of tents in the streets and public thoroughfares.

PLAGUE IS FEARED.

A despatch from Valparaiso, Chili says: Some of the business houses here reopened on Thursday for the first time since the earthquake. Telephone and telegraph communication with Santiago has been re-established, but the lines are almost exclusively used by the Government officials. The city is still under martial law, traffic ceases at 6 o'clock in the evening, and everybody is compelled to take some part in the work, under the direction of the Ministers of the Interior and Industry, assisted by the local Government officials, in restoring normal conditions here. As a first instalment the Government has appropriated \$1,000,000 for the relief of the destitute. The Custom house was reopened on Thursday, and traffic by water and by rail has been resumed. The post service is also in operation.

One of the greatest difficulties encountered by the authorities is the burial of the bodies recovered from the ruins, as all the cemeteries were destroyed. At the temporary morgue heaps of coffins have accumulated. The work of recovering the bodies is being pushed to the utmost in order to avoid an epidemic, in fear of which many families are leaving the city.

COMPANY TO RECONSTRUCT.

A movement is on foot to organize a company to facilitate the raising of the money necessary to reconstruct the city.

All the provinces of the north and south, which have not suffered from the earthquake, are sending supplies of food and money to the stricken cities and towns. The Department of Public Works at Santiago has appropriated \$100,000 for the construction of sheds to shelter the refugees from Valparaiso and elsewhere, who continue to arrive at the Chilean capital in large numbers.

of St. Thomas, scalded and bruised, Peter Stewart, C.P.R. conductor, head injured; Borbedie, express messenger, St. Thomas. No passengers were injured.

The C.P.R. had the right of way, so the crew claim, but there is no derailling apparatus at the crossing. The C.P.R. train was travelling at twelve miles an hour, and the Wabash crew saw the predicament and jumped, but could not stop in time to prevent the smash-up. The engines are lying in the mud side by side. The semaphore and diamond were carried away by the C.P.R. engine, but the coaches, with the exception of the C.P.R. baggage coach, where Mr. Wiley was fatally injured, escaped, only a pair of trucks leaving the rails. All the injured were brought to the City Hospital, Engineer McKay dying as soon as he reached that institution and Wiley a little later. The Wabash crew say the smoke obscured the semaphore from view. It is stated that the signal was dropped to danger.

TO HOLD FIRE INQUEST.

Provincial Inspector Rogers Has Gone to Haileybury.

A Toronto despatch says: Provincial Inspector Rogers will investigate the Haileybury fire on behalf of the Attorney-General's Department. Hon. J. J. Foy received a private telegraph message from Haileybury Tuesday to the effect that an investigation should be held, and in consequence he has decided to have Inspector Rogers hold a fire inquest. The Attorney-General's Department is strongly possessed of the idea that the destructive blaze at Haileybury was of incendiary origin.

The Provincial Government may be called on to assist the people of the burned town, which was the place of residence for nearly all those engaged in Cobalt mining operations. There is said to be a scarcity of lumber for rebuilding purposes, and the Government may be asked for special and immediate lumber concessions in the new Ontario district. It is understood that special assistance has been authorized by Hon. J. J. Foy, Acting Premier, where needed, and the conditions at Haileybury will be inquired into by the Government.

BURGLARS LOOT POST OFFICE.

Professional Thieves Pay Ridgeway a Visit.

A despatch from Ridgeway, Ont., says: Thursday night burglars pried open the front door of the post-office here and blew the safe up, taking about \$200 worth of stamps and about \$90 in cash. No damage was done to the building, but the safe was badly wrecked. I. L. Pound also missed his horse and buggy on Friday morning, and he at once communicated with the chief of police at Fort Erie, and received word that his outfit was there. It is supposed that the burglars drove to Fort Erie and crossed over to Buffalo. The blowing up of the safe was no doubt done by professionals, as there are houses on both sides of the post-office and no one heard the explosion.

KILLED AT PORT PERRY.

Mr. Watson Hodgson's Buggy Struck By a Train.

A Port Perry despatch says: Watson Hodgson, an old resident of Port Perry, aged about 75 years, was killed of Saturday by the G. T. R. train. He was driving into town from the country and attempted to cross the track at Kelllett's crossing ahead of the 11.30 express. The train struck the buggy and the old man was thrown against a telegraph post, striking his head, which was badly cut, death being instantaneous. No inquest will be held, as all evidence obtainable is to the effect that the train hands gave every warning possible of the approach of the train.

SAMOA'S GREAT VOLCANO

DANGER IN VEGETABLES

SOME DREAM WARNINGS

RIVAL COLONIES ON LAKE

THE ERUPTION ON SAVAII GROWING MORE VIOLENT.

Sea Heated to Boiling Point by Tremendous Lava Flow on An Island of the Pacific.

At last accounts the new volcano on the island of Savaii, the largest of the Samoan group, was in more violent eruption than ever. The volcano was just a year old on August 5th.

It came after a series of about 50 earthquakes, some of them very violent. A photograph of the volcano taken only a few weeks after it first came into view shows an enormous mass of volcanic matter heaped around the crater. This mass was lifted from the subterranean depths by the eruptive forces to a height of at least six or seven miles and scattered in the first two or three weeks around the chimneylike vent through which it had passed.

We do not know from what depths under the earth's surface volcanic material may be brought, but the volcanic islands of Samoa rise from sea depths of from 25,000 to 28,000 feet, and the millions of tons of outpourings in the volcano of Savaii were carried up through the throat that opened from subterranean regions to the surface of this island mass.

This is the second volcano that has come to light on this island within three years. All the islands of the group, excepting the coral islets around them, are of volcanic origin, but there is no evidence that volcanic disturbances have occurred on any of them, excepting Savaii.

FOR THOUSANDS OF YEARS.

The new volcano is the interior of the island, about seven miles from Mauaafi, the volcano that was found in September, 1902. In all phases of these outbursts the recent eruption has been far more severe than its predecessor.

The spectacle at times has been magnificent as well as terrifying, and though Apia, the capital of German Samoa, is about 60 miles away, the inhabitants, from the heights above the town, have at times been able to discern the black outpouring that covered as with a pall the skies above Savaii, and more frequently they have seen at night the glow in the sky reflected from the molten lava that has been flowing in main and branch streams to or toward the northern coast.

On the island itself and to vessels out at sea the scene during the most violent eruptions has been of almost overpowering grandeur. If the calamity had occurred on populous Upolu, with its many hamlets and its rich cacao and cocoa palm plantations, the loss of life and property would have aroused the sympathy of the world.

Upolu is the Garden of Eden in the colonial domain of Germany, but Savaii is still among the wilds of Polynesia. A number of important islands in the vast waste of waters are still partly unexplored, and Savaii is one of them.

A very few white traders and planters live on the coast or a little inland. The native population is scattered among a few hamlets.

The lava flows between August, 1905, and March last made straight for some of these settlements and wiped them out, but

DAMAGE WAS NOT GREAT.

for these primitive habitations are easily replaced. The flows from the volcano to the north coast were still moving in March, and at all times they have been so regular in their progress that the hour when they would reach a threatened hamlet could be computed closely, and so all had ample time to escape. There has been no loss of life, and the chief sufferers have been a few whites

A NEW THEORY IN REGARD TO APPENDICITIS.

French Specialist Says Complaint Is Caused by Intestinal Parasites.

The question as to whether it is advisable to operate so frequently for appendicitis continues to arouse the interest of French physicians.

M. Blanchard, a shining light in the French medical world, now comes forward with a startling new theory which entirely upsets all preconceived notions. He asserts—and says his assertion is backed by Prof. Metchnikoff, of the Pasteur Institute—that appendicitis is undoubtedly caused by intestinal worms. These are of three kinds, and the most dangerous is that known as the trygocephal, which causes the sharp pains and symptoms which indicate appendicitis.

TRYGOCEPHAL EGGS.

Microscopic examination in every case of appendicitis that has come under the observation of Prof. Blanchard and Prof. Metchnikoff has revealed the presence of these parasites in the appendix. "Appendicitis," says Prof. Blanchard, "more especially occurs during the hot weather, and although not contagious or infectious, it frequently assumes the character of an epidemic in certain districts."

Now, according to the professor, market gardens in the neighborhood of great cities, such as Paris and London, are frequently manured and fertilized by the deodorized and chemically treated product of the city sewers. In these market gardens the vegetables are forced, and examination shows that they contain numerous intestinal parasites, and especially the eggs of the dreaded trygocephal.

OPERATION UNNECESSARY.

The professor says that a surgical operation is absolutely unnecessary, and that it should never be performed unless some hard substance, such as a cherry stone, has been accidentally swallowed by the patient. He urges legislation to forbid the use of deodorized and chemically treated sewage as manure, and that thymol should be extensively used against intestinal worms.

"Appendicitis," adds Professor Blanchard, "when not the consequence of the accidental swallowing of some hard substance, is undoubtedly caused by the parasite to be found in cabbage, turnips, carrots, and cauliflower. The danger lies in eating vegetables that have been forced by manures or watered by contaminated well and spring water."

MENELIK, KING OF KINGS.

The Man Who Has Made a United Nation Out of Tribes of Savages.

Perhaps the most interesting of reigning kings is Menelik of Abyssinia. He was born in 1842 and claims to be the descendant of the Queen of Sheba, whose own son, of the same name, was reputed to be the son of Solomon.

The visitor to the capital of what Menelik has made a united Abyssinia is agreeably surprised, writes Robert Skinner in the Independent, to find himself travelling over smooth and well constructed roads.

The imperial palace occupies the crest of a hill and dominates the whole city. Standing in garden grounds enclosed by a thatched stone wall, it comprises a number of buildings, to which access is obtained by traversing several courtyards and a spacious campus, where are stationed the only body of regularly trained troops in the Ethiop-

DEATHS HAVE BEEN TOLD IN REMARKABLE WAYS.

Bazaar Fire in Paris Was Foreseen by an Invalid Lady—Story at a Murder Trial.

While it would be absurd to claim prophetic significance for dreams in general, there can be no doubt whatever that, in some mysterious way, sleepers have often seen in "visions of the night" scenes, remote either in time or place, of which in their wakeful moments they have had no knowledge whatever.

The terrible bazaar fire in Paris, which so shocked the world a few years ago, for instance, was foreseen in all its horrible realism by at least two people, one of whom, in spite of this warning, perished in the flames. On the night before the catastrophe an invalid lady of Vouziers went through all its horrors in a dream; she saw the first outburst of the flames, the beautifully-dressed women rushing frantically in all directions in search of escape; she saw the flames leap on them, and in her terror exclaimed, in the hearing of her doctor and nurse, "They have fallen in a pile across the door, and they are all ablaze! It is raining flames, great drops of fire are falling on them, the ceiling is giving way; they are rolling over each other, piling on top of one another! The poor woman—"

DRAG HER OUT, DRAG HER OUT!"

And when she awoke from the nightmare vision she described it all in its gruesome detail the scenes which were enacted a few hours later in distant Paris.

Equally singular was the story told not long ago on unimpeachable evidence of Count Cibrario, the head of one of the most ancient families of Turin. The Count's son was mountaineering in the Maritime Alps, and as he was a cautious and expert climber his father had no fears for his safety. One morning, however, he announced to his family that he had had a terrible dream, in which he had seen his son, bleeding and battered, lying at the foot of a precipice, and had heard him exclaim, "Father, I slipped down a precipice and broke my head. I am dying." In vain did the Count's family try to reassure him. He persisted that his son was actually dead, and a few days later news came that Livio Cibrario's body had been found, dreadfully crushed and bruised, at the bottom of a deep crevasse in the Alps.

A remarkable story was revealed at a sensational murder-trial of a couple of generations ago. The dead body of Mr. Norway, an inoffensive Cornish gentleman, had been found by the roadside between Wadebridge and Bodmin, and it was evident that he had been brutally done to death. The whole country was excited, and a large reward was offered for the discovery of the assassins, but all to no purpose. They had effectually disappeared, and the mystery of the crime seemed beyond all solution, when Mr. Norway's brother, a naval officer, arrived in England and told the

FOLLOWING SINGULAR STORY.

On the very night of his brother's murder, when he was on his ship in the West Indies, he saw him, in a dream, walking along the Bodmin Road, when, from a dark recess in the hedge, two ruffians sprang out, slew and robbed him, and then made their way to a house in Wadebridge, which he saw vividly in his dream. To this house he conducted the police officers, and there he found the very two men whom in his vision he had seen commit the dastardly act. They were arrested, confessed, and suffered the extreme penalty of the law on April 13th, 1840. In this case, as in

BRITISH AND GERMANS MEET AT VICTORIA NYANZA.

Contrast Between the Colonizing Methods of These Two Nations.

The white men who have settled along the shores of Victoria Nyanza, the second largest fresh water lake in the world, are telling us many things about the lake and the dwellers along its shores that Speke and Stanley, who discovered and explored it, never dreamed of. Scarcely a mail comes to Europe that does not bring new information from this region.

Most of the 2,000 miles of shore team with natives, but the present prospect is that the largest white enterprises will in a few years be scattered along the southern coast in German East Africa. The reason for this is that gold has been discovered here. The fact was first reported some two years ago by the German prospector Jancke, and later investigations have fully confirmed his report that quartz gold mining on an important scale may be developed among the Tshela Mountains. This is a range extending far to the west from near the southeast corner of the lake. It abounds with gold-bearing quartz outcrops, and all the Germans who have visited it declare that this mining region has a great future. Miners would certainly have been there before this time if it were not that, so far as is yet known, it is wholly a quartz crushing and not a placer proposition.

HEAVY MACHINERY IS REQUIRED.

To-day, however, the machinery may be transported by steam from the Indian Ocean to within fifty miles of the Tshela range. A German missionary who has just returned to his mission station near the lake has written home that eleven years ago he was eighty days making the journey from the Indian Ocean to Victoria Nyanza, and now he has made the same journey in two days. Of course, he was a passenger on the Uganda Railway to Fort Florence, near the northeast coast of the lake, and from that point steamers and sailing vessels ply to all the ports on the long coasts. Machinery will be carried by this route, for the Germans have not yet had the enterprise to build their proposed railway from the ocean to the lake.

Nearly all the coast lands are very populous, for the soil is fruitful. The Germans say, however, that near this future mining region the land is especially productive and would support at least five times the present population. This will be important when mining and the industries related to it are developed there.

The primitive conditions that still exist on Victoria Nyanza are shown in many ways. Every steamer and sailing vessel, for example, ties up or lies at anchor, when night comes, at some island or near the mainland. They dare not navigate at night, for the dangers to navigation have not yet been mapped and the coast waters are strewn with rocks that have usually meant shipwreck for the vessels that have hit them.

BRITISH AND GERMAN POSTS.

The British and the Germans control the entire coast line, which is divided nearly equally between them. All travellers seem to agree that there is a marked difference between the appearance of the British and the German posts. The British are so busy with the larger aspects of taming the wilderness of nature, building wharves and supplying transportation, that they give little time to less vital matters, which, however contribute to comfort and order. The result is that their streets

when they would reach a three-annned hamlet could be computed closely, and so all had ample time to escape. There has been no loss of life, and the chief sufferers have been a few whites who have seen the plantations which had been developed by ten years hard toil swept away in an hour.

We have heard of the heartbreaking labor it takes to clear away the jungle of a tropical forest. It is child's play however, for red-hot lava, and the mightiest trees of the forest melt away as the stream enfolds them like tow in the flame.

One reason why Savaii has not been well explored is that it is almost impossible to pass through these thick forests, but there are roads now to the new volcano, for the rivers of lava have mowed wide strips to the sea; clean cut on the sides, not a vestige of the forest growths remaining, except a sprinkling of ashes.

White men who have seen the spectacle of the last few months say that the grandest sight of all has been the dropping of several of the lava streams into the sea. Some of them have fallen over steep cliffs 100 feet high into the ocean with a mighty splashing of the water and a deafening hiss as clouds of steam arise. The water penetrates through many crevasses to the heart of the molten mass, giving rise to the continual detonation of explosions which blow fragments of the lava high into the air.

THE COLOR OF THE STREAM.

Is constantly changing from white to black or yellow or a mixture of all three, according to the sulphurous or other mineral ingredients that are mingled with it. The surrounding waters are raised to boiling heat, hundreds of thousands of fish have been killed and the little coral animal has been destroyed for a long stretch along the shore. In places the advancing lava has passed through the coral reefs and broken them down.

One of the observers says that the scene by night is far more imposing than by day. For hundreds of feet the lava mass rises above the water and looks like a red mass of iron, out of which jets of white flames are constantly emerging.

One of the lava streams in February made an average advance of 404 feet a day and was twenty days in reaching the northeast cape of the island. Another stream flowed 3,336 feet in six days and was steadily approaching the coast at the latest advices.

The Samoan Zeitung reported that at the beginning of March there was more lava in motion than at any previous time and it seemed as though there would be no end to the eruption. The volcanic activity, which began just a year ago, gradually subsided and it was thought in November that the phenomena were practically at an end, for a time at least.

In December, however, the eruptions began again with redoubled fury, and there is no telling when peace and quiet will again bless the lonely island. Savaii is off the usual ocean routes and communication with it is neither regular nor frequent, and so it happens that news only occasionally reaches us from the land that is now the victim of such troublous times.

FAINTING ROOMS.

One of the latest ideas in New York is a room to which the ladies can retire if they feel faint and go off in a swoon, amid the most artistic and beautiful surroundings. Several restaurants and tea shops have adopted this idea, and members of the fair sex, whose nerve force is run down, can find in the fainting room a soothing resting place. The room is partially darkened and the prevailing color green, whilst it is liberally decorated with various sweet-smelling flowers. Comfortable sofas and chairs are provided for the "fainters," and a lady doctor is kept on the premises should her services be required.

a number of buildings, to which access is obtained by traversing several courtyards and a spacious campus, where are stationed the only body of regularly European trained troops in the Ethiopian army.

A wide doorway of Indian design admits the newcomer to the audience hall, a large half churchlike structure, with a roof supported by timber bridge work, at the far end of which stands the throne. The floor is covered with Oriental rugs, mixed with certain products of French and German looms. Back of the lines formed by the pillars are massed on ceremonial occasions, in either aisle, hundreds of the chief people of the capital, dressed in many colored raiment.

The throne itself is a sort of divan, and occupies a platform surmounted by a gilded canopy, the gift of France. At receptions each side of it is defended by two young princes with guns, while behind and around are grouped the Ministers, judges and officers of the court.

The first impression made by the Emperor is a distinctly pleasing one. His face is full of intelligence and his manners are those of a gentleman no less than of a king. He sits in Oriental fashion, his legs crossed and his arms sustained by two cushions.

He wears as outer garment a red velvet mantle, which affords glimpses of a snowy white underclothing, and about his head is wound a white handkerchief. Diamond eardrops hang at either cheek, and both hands are adorned with rings.

To converse with the stranger he makes use of his private secretary, who is also his interpreter, since he speaks no other language than those of Abyssinia. Some scraps of French he can, upon occasion, employ apropos, and to an English speaking person he will, as a compliment, say a "howdo."

The Emperor's thirst for information is phenomenal, and his knowledge of other countries is more considerable than one might imagine from the meagre sources at his disposal.

The Empress Taitu rarely or never assists at the reception of visitors, unless some public ceremony is involved absolutely requiring her presence. She is said to be a woman of great force of character and to have been in her youth of striking beauty. She is now 47 years of age, and is the daughter of a former Ras of Gondar and one of the hereditary princesses of the absorbed kingdom of Siemen, the inhabitants of which are reputed for their white skins. Several times married previously, she became the wife of Menelik in 1883. They have no children.

Menelik calls himself "the Lion of the Tribe of Judah, the chosen of the Lord, King of Kings of Ethiopia."

ANTIQUITIES FOUND.

Prussian Laborer Finds Valuable Find for Two Cigars.

An interesting discovery was made the other day by a laborer of Leuenburg, Prussia. While digging for the foundations of a house he came upon an ancient cannon, which experts declare to be 500 years old. The cannon, which is made of an alloy of bronze and copper, although in an excellent state of preservation, was, in the eyes of the finder, entirely valueless, so he promptly offered it to a neighboring tobaccoist in exchange for a couple of cigars; an offer which was accepted immediately. The bargain will be a profitable one to the present owner, as it will be presently acquired by a museum.

At Weissenhoehe, Dr. Haupt, of the Posen Museum, has discovered two so-called "Huns' grave," in which skeletons were found, the skulls of which were pierced by arrows. Some valuable urns of the period when Attila's hordes swept Central Europe were also unearthed.

Timmins—"I only want to live until I can become famous." Simmons—"I would not mind living thirty or forty centuries myself."

he found the very two men whom in his vision he had seen commit the dastardly act. They were arrested, confessed, and suffered the extreme penalty of the law on April 13th, 1840. In this case, as in many of the others cited, it must be remembered that the narratives of the dreams formed part of the sworn evidence and should thus be placed above any suspicion of their literal truthfulness.

There are many cases on record in which an opportune dream has saved a life. Writing of the late Admiral Keppel, Lord William Seymour says: "Harry's life was saved by a dream when in Sir Harry Jones's camp at Bomarsund. A brother officer (I think it was Cameron Wrotlesley, who was himself killed two days after) said one morning that he had, in his sleep, seen a shell explode in the middle of the tent where Keppel was sleeping. We cleared out, and sure enough, the next morning a Russian shell lighted just on what had been the site of the tent." And, to give but one more example of this kind, a well-known war-artist writes thus of

A WARNING DREAM.

which, in all probability, saved his life a few years ago:—

"This dream coincidence certainly had an effect on my mind, and in a weak moment I decided I would not go. 'I'll be hanged if I go up to Etchowe.' I said to myself, and I didn't. It so happened that I heard of a gentleman then in Durban, who could sketch very well, and when I had put myself into communication with him he offered to take my place and send his sketches down to me, so that I could touch them up and send them to England. I communicated with the proprietors of the 'Illustrated London News,' informing them of the whole incident and what I had done. It is a very curious thing that out of the sixty or more battles I've been present at, witnessed and sketched, such an idea as 'keeping out of it' never occurred to me. The man who went up for me was one of the first killed in the fighting!"

Among the numerous cases of men whose death, or that of a friend, has been foretold in a dream, the following are good samples. On February 19th, 1901, Mr. Henry Gay, of Abertillery, Monmouthshire, had a very vivid dream which impressed him strongly. He was standing in the company of "a radiant being" in a far-spreading cornfield, and his companion, plucking four ripe ears of corn, handed them to him with the words,

"THESE ARE FOR THEE."

Mr. Gay was so troubled by his dream that he consulted the Rev. D. Collier, of Abertillery, about it, and told him that he was convinced he had but four more years to live. No arguments could shake this conviction, and, strangely enough, Mr. Gay actually died on the fourth anniversary of his remarkable dream.

The French baritone, Jules Devoyd, on waking one morning, told his wife that in a dream he had seen himself lying dead on the stage. In vain did his wife try to dissuade him from going to the theatre that evening. He went, took his part in "Rigoletto," ruptured a blood-vessel during the performance, and died almost immediately afterwards.

JAPAN'S POPULATION.

In strong contrast with the uncertainty about the population of China is the exactness of the figures given for the population of Japan in the Japanese Blue-book for 1905, which has been printed in English by the Japanese Government. The population of the islands constituting Japan proper is 47,812,702, and that of the Island of Formosa 3,059,235. Japan comprises 100 main islands, making the name "Island Empire" peculiarly appropriate. The total area of these islands is about 161,000 square miles. It is noted that there is a close approximation to equality in the division of the population between the two sexes.

or nature, building wharves and supplying transportation, that they give little time to less vital matters, which, however, contribute to comfort and order. The result is that their streets are deplorably dirty, their best buildings are likely to be nothing more than galvanized iron shacks, and their towns, in fact, resemble in many ways a Western mining camp in its early stages. At the railway terminus on the lake the stranger sees a well built railway station, and a few houses large enough to be comfortable are in process of building. The rest of the town, including the shops, looks like galvanized iron barracks.

The same may be said of their stations along the railroad, including Nairobi, about midway on the line, which is certain to have a fine future, as it is the natural market for a large area of rich agricultural land, and white men and their families are now settling among these healthful highlands. It is said that there is not a railway restaurant along the line where the traveller succeeds in appeasing his hunger, and many passengers carry their food supplies for the journey from the coast.

The Germans, on the other hand, keep each post under military government. Streets are regularly laid out, excellent roads lead into the settlements,

TREES ARE PLANTED.

comfortable houses for the white inhabitants are erected, a parklike aspect is given to the public square and the thoroughfares must be daily swept and garnished or there is trouble from the powers that be.

There is another contrast between the British and the Germans in inner Africa, which is perhaps not so favorable to the latter. A while ago a German military force started from one of the lake stations on a punitive expedition against the section of the Massai that lives in German territory. One of the officers expressed the opinion that the only way to solve the Massai problem was to wipe these natives out entirely. Too many of the Germans seem to hold the same opinion where they have trouble with the natives.

The British, on the other hand, rounded up their unruly Massai subjects on two reservations with a large amount of grazing and agricultural land. This scheme went into effect two years ago and both the public peace and the Massai seem to be benefitting by it.

HE GOT IT FIXED.

Red Tape and Ingenuity in Federal Department at Washington.

The following story, illustrative of the red tape that used to prevail in certain departments of the Federal Government at Washington, is told by an official who began his service there in the humble capacity of a clerk:—

"Shortly after entering upon the discharge of my duties," said the official, "I witnessed a scene in the division to which I had been assigned that astonished me to a degree. One day an elderly clerk whose desk was near mine suddenly rose from his seat, dragged his chair to a fireplace, and, seizing a poker, attacked the offending piece of furniture with what appeared to be maniacal fury. When he had broken a leg of the chair his passion seemed to be exhausted. He flung the damaged chair into a corner of the room and getting another chair, calmly resumed his work just as if nothing had occurred.

"When the time came to leave the office that afternoon I ventured to ask a fellow clerk, who had been a witness to the scene, what it meant. 'Is that clerk,' I inquired, 'subject to attacks of that kind?'

"The clerk questioned smiled indulgently. 'Oh,' he explained, 'there was nothing the matter with him. You see, one of the castors had come off his chair. The department will not replace castors—it repairs nothing less serious than a broken leg and now he will be able to get the castor put on again.'"

FRENCH PRIEST MISSING

VILLAGERS OF CHATENAY SCENT MURDER MYSTERY.

He Was Last Seen Riding a Bicycle on the Way to Where He Lived.

The cure of the Village of Chatenay, France, Abbe Delarue, has mysteriously disappeared and despite the careful and anxious search of his parishioners, no clue has been found to the mystery of what is, no doubt, a deliberate murder.

On Monday, July 23, at 5 o'clock in the morning, the Abbe Delarue left his house on his bicycle for the station of Sainville, to take the train for Paris to receive certain sums for the charities of his parish. He was only to be gone forty-eight hours.

On Wednesday evening he arrived from Paris in Etampes, and as it was too late to catch the train from Etampes to Sainville, Abbe Delarue mounted his bicycle to return to Chatenay by road. Since that moment he has completely disappeared.

HAD MONEY ON PERSON.

His sister, who lived with him at Chatenay, not seeing him return, telegraphed to the woman in Paris, an old friend of the family, with whom he always stopped when in Paris. She received a telegram that he had left on Tuesday. Abbe Delarue had in his possession a sum of about \$170. The people of Chatenay and the neighborhood were convinced that their cure had been the victim of foul play, and organized sarch parties. The first result was the finding near the Village of Longue-toise of a priest's hat pierced with a knife and stained with blood. This was recognized as the hat of the unfortunate abbe. This is regarded as a proof that he has been assassinated.

In the neighborhood of the spot where the hat was found is a deep pool known as the Etang de Moulineaux. It is supposed that some of the doubtful characters that the harvest season always attracts to the Beauce had laid in wait for Abbe Delarue, attacked and robbed him and made away with the body.

PEASANT AND POLICE SEARCH.

It is certain that the assassination can only have taken place in the wild and picturesque part of the country between Etampes and Chalo-Saint-Mars. Here there are masses of trees, thickets and especially numerous pools. One of them, which bears the sinister name of Abime (Abyss), is nearly sixty feet deep.

For the last week the local gendarmes and large bodies of peasants have made a thorough battue of the whole countryside. The cure of Sainville, the commune alongside Chatenay, put himself at the head of his parishioners and made a thorough search all round the spot where the missing priest's hat was found. Men armed with scythes cut the long grass, but nothing was found.

THE SODA LAKES OF MEXICO.

National Deposits Said to be Worth Hundreds of Millions.

This is a pretty old world and most of it has been travelled over by human beings, but new discoveries are constantly being made. Recently a discovery of this kind was made in Mexico. Under the blazing sun of the desert, says a correspondent, surrounded by barren sand dunes, lie vast lakes of crystals of carbonate of soda, to all appearances great masses of snow and ice, but in reality a substance from which will be made millions of tons of soap and millions of glass panes.

At only one place in the world is natural soda found under conditions which admit of industrial development, and



Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

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HOME LIFE OF A QUEEN

FAVORITE RESIDENCE OF WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND.

Her Daily Tasks — A Devoted Churchgoer — Interest in Music and Painting.

Het Loo, where Queen Wilhelmina was born, and where she lived throughout her childhood with her parents, is still her favorite residence. The chief characteristic of the royal home is restfulness rather than splendor. This idea is chiefly conveyed by the magnificent, rambling park that surrounds it. But it is not restfulness that the Queen of Holland seeks here. Her life is, on the contrary, an exceptionally active one.

The following, writes a Hague correspondent of the Lokai Anzeiger, is the Queen's approximate daily programme. Breakfast is taken at 8.30 a.m., a thoroughly modest meal, in which the "Geldersche Roggebrood," a homely, dark colored rye bread, figures largely.

After breakfast the Queen withdraws immediately to her private study, where with much consciousness she goes through the state documents which await her perusal and signature each morning. This is a task which for Queen Wilhelmina involves serious work, for she insists upon making minute and accurate investigation of all details and puts her name to no document until she has thoroughly mastered its contents. This means numerous wearisome audience of explanation for the young Queen as well as an

EXTENSIVE CORRESPONDENCE

to be carried on with her Ministers. When state affairs are satisfactorily disposed of Queen Wilhelmina turns to the management of her household. Domestic affairs find her, it is said, less a Queen than a womanly woman. Morning calls, &c., are then made after which lunch is eaten at 1 o'clock. A fresh pile of desk work then occupies Queen Wilhelmina until 4 o'clock, when it is customary for her to take a drive. Dinner, by no means a lengthy or over-luxurious meal, is eaten punctually at 7.

Queen Wilhelmina makes herself popular with all who comes in contact with her by her readiness of speech and general charm of manner. Petitions are brought to her in greater numbers than to most sovereigns, a fact largely owing to the warm personal interest with which she devotes herself to the various causes placed before her.

The grand old park which surrounds Het Loo is Queen Wilhelmina's favorite place of recreation. She is attached to it chiefly because it contains so much that is reminiscent of her childhood. The little playhouse is still standing in

RECLUSE LEFT \$55,000.

Derbyshire Miser Dressed in Rags, but Owned a Fortune.

"He was always in rags, looked as if a good meal would do him good, and has accepted coppers even from poor residents," such are some of the things which the people of Hathersage and Bamford say about Alfred Booker, at one time a farmer, who for some years lived at Bamford, England, where he recently died. His will has created quite a sensation amongst the good villagers of Derbyshire. "Owd Alf. Booker" was known throughout Peakland. He tramped the country for miles around, and would walk with a sack on his shoulders, his clothes all in holes, and his boots in a shocking condition. He aroused sympathy wherever he went, but people knew nothing of him excepting that he was very poor. Even the housekeeper who resided with him had no knowledge that this badly-dressed and poorly-fed old man was worth his thousands. He almost starved himself to leave his fortune. He often picked up rags and bones as he walked about, and treasured pins that he found in the road. He would go without a fire, saying he could not afford coal, and during the last cold weather he grumbled at his housekeeper for putting two pieces of coal on the fire. "Poor old Alf," people said, but they did not say this when it was found he had left nearly \$55,000. He carried his eccentricity into his will. Being annoyed because relief was refused to his housekeeper when she was ill by those having control of the Bamford charities, he never forgave them, and left them out of his legacies. His housekeeper, who had to "scrape" in order to make ends meet for her master, now gets \$2,000. Many friends and relatives also get various sums. A friendly policeman has not been forgotten; a postman, who was kind to the old man, gets a legacy; and laborers, carters, a cab driver, the village postmaster, and others have been remembered. He has also left considerable sums to charity.

Nobody is Independent.

Writer Declares Every Man to be Born at Mercy of His Ancestry.

We all have our moments of imagining ourselves independent characters, says Arthur Brisbane, in London Daily Mail. We take pride in our independence, and are never as foolish as when trying to prove how independent we are.

Every man, to begin with, is born absolutely at the mercy of his ancestry. You have not a thing in you, and you never will have a thing in you, that you did not inherit from some one of the thousand and thousands of ancestors, all of whom are dimly stored away in your complex make-up.

KING'S VOICE TREMBLED

HIS MAJESTY'S FAREWELL TO THIRD SCOTS GUARDS.

Seven Hundred of the Finest Men in the Army Marched Past Him.

"I hope that it may be possible for me or at any rate, my successor, to see a 3rd Battalion of the Scots Guards carrying the same colors again."

The King's voice trembled a little when in the grounds of Buckingham Palace on Saturday he ended his farewell speech to the 3rd Scots Guards with these words, says The London Daily Express.

The scene was a fine one, as the battalion, headed by their pipers in royal tartan, swung over the lawn from the archway at Constitution Hill. The leafy trees in the background threw into relief the gold and scarlet uniforms and added to the splendid appearance of the battalion. Not even the most rabid Little Englander could look unmoved at the disbandment of such a fine body of men.

When it came to the parade ground the battalion halted, "dressed," and then, with a little ripple, sprang to attention as the King, in uniform, stepped from the windows of the palace. As his Majesty reached the parade ground the strains of the national anthem rang out.

The King passed down the ranks in a formal inspection of the battalion, and then to the music of the regimental band seven hundred of the finest men in the army "marched past" him.

FOR THE LAST TIME.

When it was over and a hollow square had been formed, his Majesty advanced within the space and made the following farewell speech:—

"Colonel Drummond, officers, non-commissioned officers and privates of the 3rd Battalion Scots Guards,—My Government has considered it necessary to reduce the expenses of the army, a consequence of which there is to be reduction both of our artillery and infantry, and in this reduction your battalion is included.

"I have therefore ordered you to come here to-day, that I might inspect you and express to you my appreciation of your services with the battalion, which will shortly cease to exist.

"Let me congratulate you, Colonel Drummond, on the battalion under your command. I never saw a finer body of officers and men, and it is with sincere regret that I part with you.

"You have done your duty well during the six years you have been in existence.

"It is just over five years since I pro-

ances great masses of snow and ice, but in reality a substance from which will be made millions of tons of soap and millions of glass panes.

At only one place in the world is natural soda found under conditions which admit of industrial development, and at that place it must be shipped several hundred miles by rail and many tons of water must be evaporated by coal to obtain a ton of the product.

The Mexican lakes are within three thousand yards of the sea and the fierce sun and heat of the desert attend to the evaporation. The world's consumption is very large, amounting to several hundred thousand tons annually, and at present nearly all of it is manufactured from common salt with the use of expensive machinery. At Adair Bay, when the temperature is right, the water of the lake crystallizes into pure carbonate of soda, nature doing what man requires expensive machinery and vast amounts of coal to do.

The Mexican Government declines to dispose of these lakes to any one. President Diaz believing that they may become sources of enormous income to the country, just as the nitrate of soda beds are to Chile. What it may mean to the soap and glass industry of Mexico may be judged when it is stated that at present manufactured soda, one of the principal items of cost, sells for \$75 per ton in parts of that country.

The same article from Adair Bay may be delivered for less than one-third of that price. An estimate of an engineer is to the effect that there is enough soda on top of the ground to produce one hundred tons daily for seventy-five years.

HANDLING VICIOUS HORSES.

Rarey's Little Trick for Curing Balking—Causes of Shying.

A balky horse can be cured, when under the saddle, by a very simple method. Turn him around and around in his tracks a few times and then suddenly straighten his head and he will willingly, and even gladly, go forward. This was the method of the celebrated John S. Rarey and has never been known to fail.

The "jibber" differs from the balker inasmuch as his so-called vice is caused by congestion of the brain. The horse thus affected is liable to bolt or run away after one of three attacks and is a dangerous animal.

Rearing, although commonly termed a vice, is often caused by too severe a curb. Sometimes the rearing horse loses his balance and falls over backward. It is needless to say that the rider is then lucky if he or she escapes without serious, if not fatal, injury. When a horse rears loosen the reins and speak to him in a soothing tone; but if he persists give him a sharp blow between the ears with the butt of the whip. This will bring him down on all fours with amazing quickness.

Kicking is certainly a vice. Sometimes, however, it is caused by fear, in which case much can be accomplished by gentle management. Exactly the opposite treatment of the rearing animal should be applied to the kicker. Hold his head up with might and main, for the horse cannot throw out both hind legs at once when his head is elevated. Kicking straps are what the name implies. A strap fastened to the shafts over the horse's croup prevents kicking, but this is only serviceable when driven in single harness. Shying is a dangerous fault. It cannot properly be termed a vice, as it is generally the result of defective vision. Gentle treatment, soothing words and patient persistence in accustoming the animal to the dreaded object will often effect a cure. To lash a horse because he shies or is frightened only aggravates the evil. He will associate the punishment with the frightful object and will fear it more and more each time he encounters it.

Might may make right, but it doesn't always make good.

The grand old park which surrounds Het Loo is Queen Wilhelmina's favorite place of recreation. She is attached to it chiefly because it contains so much that is reminiscent of her childhood. The little playhouse is still standing in which, as a small princess, she used to amuse herself.

Notwithstanding the fact that she takes a serious and intelligent interest in affairs of state, Queen Wilhelmina has a reputation for her love of fun, and is said to be

AN INVETERATE TEASE.

She is also excessively fond of sport. The ponds in the park grounds offer opportunity for rowing in summer and skating in winter, in which the Queen likes to take active part.

Queen Wilhelmina is a devoted church-goer and usually attends service in the small chapel at Aalmoord, where she is not disturbed by the curiosity of the public as in the big churches at Amsterdam or The Hague. She has a fresh soprano voice, which can be heard throughout the service by small community worshippers. Queen Wilhelmina and her husband are also frequently seen in the Lutheran Church, where the Queen, in deference to Prince Henry's faith, has rented a pew.

Queen Wilhelmina's most advanced accomplishment is painting, and she is often to be seen with palette and oil, fixing on canvas some picturesque spot in the grounds at Het Loo. The Prince, her husband, is passionately fond of hunting, but perhaps equally so of forestry, and has devoted much of his time to improving the grounds of the Loo.

Rumor is wrong in asserting, as it occasionally does, that Queen Wilhelmina's married life is not a happy one. Such whispers penetrate at times to Queen Wilhelmina herself, when she and her husband are said to make merry over them together.

DOCTORS IN FRANCE.

The Difficulty a Patient Had in Paying His Bill.

There is one whimsical trait in the French country doctor, says the author of "Home Life in France." He does not relish being paid for his services. The difficulty in dealing with him is the matter of remuneration, by whatever roundabout contrivance to transfer his two-franc fees from your pocket to his. The trait mentioned does not appear in the Canadian physician in the same form but every one will recognize that the spirit is the same in the French doctor and in his benevolent and self-sacrificing Canadian brother.

On arriving at the little Champenois town, says the author, I unfortunately fell ill, and Doctor B. was in close and faithful attendance upon me for many days.

"Do not be uneasy," Doctor B. replied when, as the time of my departure drew near, I asked for his bill. A second attempt to settle the little matter only resulted in the same way, and on the last day it really seemed as if I must leave my debt behind me.

But at the last moment, just as I was about to start for the station, up came the doctor's maid of all work, breathless and flustered, with the anxiously expected account. On my hostess handing her the sum, just a pound, the good woman turned it over in her palm and exclaimed:

"How these doctors make money, to be sure!"

Upon another occasion the same reluctance was even more diversely manifested. I was staying with French friends, and had called in a young French physician. My hostess begged me on no account to offer him money, for he would be offended. So before I left one of the ladies wrote a note at my request, enclosing the customary fee, and making a quite apologetic request that he would accept it.

absolutely at the mercy of his ancestry. You have not a thing in you, and you never will have a thing in you, that you did not inherit from some one of the thousand and thousands of ancestors, all of whom are dimly stored away in your complex make-up.

You may develop marvellously the faculties which they gave you. But you are dependent on those who brought you into the world, and upon those back of them.

The Kaffir, sober, industrious, honest, with all the virtues rolled up within him, has not a fragment of one chance in ten thousand billions of equaling the achievements of a tenth-rate white man whose ancestral start was better.

After birth you start with dependence upon your ancestors, and after youth you are dependent on your education.

If your mind has the right formation, if your brain is provided with the deep convolutions, and good luck has supplied you with a good education in youth, the whole thing is dependent on your liver, your stomach or some other part of your internal machinery.

Very often your success is dependent on your temper and tact. These depend on your digestion. Digestion, of course, depends on your cook, and the cook's attention to business may depend on the politeness of the policeman in front of the house.

You may feel absolutely independent and think you are independent, when, as a matter of fact, you are miserably dependent on the mood of the policeman who has snubbed the lady who cooks your food.

WOMEN HIGHWAYMEN.

Hold Up and Rob a Man on a Paris Boulevard.

Two women robbers "held up" a man named Neptier in the Boulevard de Grenelle, Paris, recently, and after stabbing him, rifled his pockets and decamped.

Neptier was walking along the pavement, when the two women sprang suddenly from a dark alley. "We are the Amazons of Grenelle!" they shouted. "Hand over your watch and purse, or you are a dead man!"

Neptier was taken by surprise and somewhat dazed. "Now then, hurry up with the swag," said the women, and they made a threatening move towards him.

He drew back and was beginning to remonstrate with them—when they rushed at him and stabbed him with their daggers. He fell senseless to the ground, and the two viragos then helped themselves to his watch and a considerable sum of money.

The wounded man was later found by the police, and taken to the hospital, where he lies in a critical condition.

RABBITS IN AUSTRALIA.

A writer describes a plague of rabbits in Australia: "A farmer barricaded himself in with mules upon miles of wire fencing solely to keep out the rabbits. They eat their way up to the barriers, and in the fight for the green land within the wire they die in myriads. All round the enclosed land they lie in heaps of incredible size. Swarms after swarms follow on, and at last the heaps of dead are so high that the late comers make their way over the fence and the farm is ruined."

THE SIMPLE LIFE.

Mr. George Mead, an interesting Peterborough (England) personality, who has just died, possessed property estimated at \$250,000, and he left no will. He led a simple life, his diet being chiefly bread, potatoes, and hot water, and he was in the habit of running a mile every morning at the rear of the cathedral. His careflessness and frugality were continued to the day of his death, when there was only one cent left in the house. He was in his seventy-ninth year, and a bachelor.

command. I never saw a finer body of officers and men, and it is with sincere regret that I part with you.

"You have done your duty well during the six years you have been in existence.

"It is just over five years since I presented to the battalion the colors which will shortly be relinquished by you, and which were to have been given to you by my revered mother, Queen Victoria.

"I hope that you will later, when your duties are over, confide those colors to my care. I shall always preserve them religiously and carefully at Buckingham Palace, as I hope that it may be possible for me,

OR AT ANY RATE MY SUCCESSOR.

to see a 3rd Battalion of the Scots Guards carrying the same colors again."

The speech was heard in deep silence, and not a movement broke the rigidity of the ranks as Colonel Drummond stepped forward to reply.

The 3rd Scots would always remember their motto, "Ever ready," he said. They heard with the liveliest satisfaction of the King's intention to receive into his keeping the colors of which they were so proud.

Then the King returned to the saluting base, and, still in silence, the battalion re-formed line and marched up in review order with colors flying and band playing. Then silence again as the bayonets flashed in the sun's rays and the battalion came to the "present." Lieuts. Kemble and Mackenzie lowered the colors in salute, and once more the national anthem rang out while the King stood with his hand raised in acknowledgement of the tribute.

A little pause, and then the rigid symmetry of the ranks was broken as the bearskins raised on the bayonets suddenly shot up in the air and a cheer burst from the Guardsmen. It was repeated again and then again as the King turned at the French windows of the palace to take one last look at the battalion.

Afterwards his Majesty conferred on Colonel Drummond the Royal Victorian Order (fourth class).

BOY SMOKERS.

Stringent Bill to Operate in England to Stop Juvenile Smoking.

In their report issued recently the Committee on Juvenile Smoking strongly urged the British Government to introduce a bill next session (partly on the lines of Sir Ralph Litter's measure, which they prefer to Lord Reay's) as follows:

1. Every person knowingly selling cigarettes, cigarette papers, cigars, or tobacco to any child under sixteen to be liable for the first offence to a fine not exceeding £2, and for subsequent offences not exceeding £5.

2. Every child under sixteen found smoking or in possession of cigarettes, etc., to be liable to a penalty not exceeding £2 for each offence.

3. Constables to be allowed to stop youths apparently under sixteen seen smoking in a public place, and to confiscate tobacco found on them.

4. Local authorities to be allowed to extend some of these powers to park-keepers, schoolmasters, and others, and possibly to railway and dock companies.

5. Provisions to be made to exempt children procuring tobacco for their parents or carrying messages for their employers.

No recommendation is made in regard to automatic machines. Teachers are expected to dwell occasionally on the bad effects of the habit.

The committee are satisfied that juvenile smoking has rapidly increased, that it facilitates disease and leads to drinking, and are impressed by the absence of signs of physical deterioration among girls who are as a rule free from the habit.

All that glitters can't be measured by the golden rule.

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It certainly checks falling hair; no mistake about this. It acts as a regular medicine; makes the scalp healthy. Then you must have healthy hair, for it's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
SARSAPARILLA.
PILLS.
CHERRY PECTORAL.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50c per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 10c per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

WANTED—A reliable agent for Napanee and surrounding country. Good pay weekly, exclusive territory. Sample case, or outfit free. Our terms are the best in the business. We need a man of good character and ability during fall and winter months. Over 600 acres—The choicest and most extensive list of stock in Canada, including fruit and ornamental stock, small fruits, and seed potatoes. Fast selling specialties offered for the first time. Write for terms now to
THE PELHAM NURSERY CO.,
Toronto Ont

SEASON OF 1906.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY

Boston World.

They suppress only the crime of advertising. For this they sternly behead offenders. At the next session of the Legislature the law should be so amended as to prevent this abuse of authority.

Hamilton Times.

Absolutely without policy or resource in statesmanship, the Tory management are promising another slander session at Ottawa in the fall. Well, they have the will and mendacity to work with.

Ottawa Free Press.

Premier Whitney's spectacular structure of legislation is collapsing, as we predicted it would. He got into power by a campaign of misrepresentation, and he has already exhausted his stock of legislative fire-crackers. Watch him slide.

Calgary Herald.

The Chinaman will not usurp the work which properly falls within the sphere of trade unionism. He has been accustomed to the unskilled labor. He works to advantage on railway construction. The first great American transcontinental would have been impossible without the Chinese coolie. The Chinaman is an expert gardener. The Kootenay fruit men have discovered his value, and now they are demanding the abolition of the poll tax at Vancouver.

Clearing Sale

In order to clear out the following lines at the close of the season, we will offer at cost for cash during August and September, our entire stock of gas stoves, gasoline stoves.

MADOLE & WILSON

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,

Napanee August 20, 1906,

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor Lowry presiding.

Members present—Councillors Normile, Meng, Williams and Simpson. Minutes of the last regular meeting were read and on motion were confirmed.

County Warden M. C. Bogart, was present and, on behalf of the Trustee Board of the E. M. Church, asked that a granolithic walk be laid on John and Bridge streets adjoining the new edifice erected by that body.

Mr. W. F. Hall and Rev. W. H. Emley also spoke on the same subject. On motion the above matter was placed in the hands of the Street Committee to report.

COMMUNICATIONS

From The Burt Manufacturing Co., of Akron, O., asking the Council to send for one or more of their oil filters on 30 or 60 days' trial. Referred to the Fire Water and Light Committee to report.

From Chas E Roland, re Industrials Ordered filed.

From Irvine Parks, County Treasurer enclosing cheque for \$501.52, for expenditure on County roads in the Town of Napanee as per County By-law No 207. Referred to Street Committee to report.

From Mr. Kelsch, saying belts for dynamos were ordered to be forwarded from Saddler & Hayworth, and were to be shipped on the 20th inst. Filed.

From the Atlas-Chalmers Bullock Co., re shipment of goods for electric light plant. Ordered filed.

From the G. N. W. Telegraph Co'y. enclosing contract for use of poles on John and Dundas streets. On motion it was decided to return the contracts to the proper authorities and have the

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

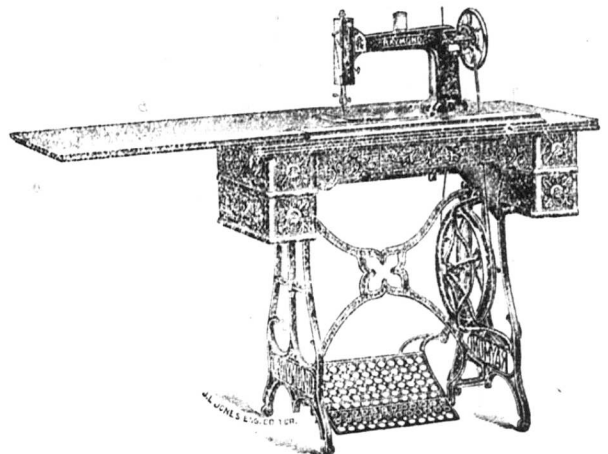
Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

TAKING THE LEAD



THE NEW RAYMOND

JOHN DALTON, Agent.

Napanee, and Deseronto.

Estimated Expenditure.

Debentures.....	\$ 3042 20
Interest on Debentures ..	2846 28
County Rate.....	2800 00
Collegiate Institute	3150 00

WOMAN AND THE LAW.

How Conditions Have Changed In the Last Half Century.

SEASON OF 1906.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE

Str. REINDEER

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE—Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places. Leave Pictou at 9 a. m., Deseronto at 9.30 arriving in Napanee at 10.40, connecting with G.T.R. noon trains going East and West.

RETURNING will leave Napanee at 1.30 p. m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamer "Varuna" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave Deseronto at 2.30 p. m., Pictou at 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

This boat can be chartered for excursions on very reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

JAMES COLLIER, Captain.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co., Limited.

ROCHESTER, BAY OF QUINTE AND 100 ISLAND ROUTE.

Commencing Sept. 1st, steamer will leave Summerville, N. Y. (Port of Rochester) for Bay of Quinte ports, Kingston and 100 Islands on Saturdays only at 8.30 p. m. Returning will leave 100 Islands, Kingston and Bay of Quinte ports on Sundays only, arriving at Summerville on Mondays at 6.30 a. m.

ROCHESTER, COBOURG, and PORT HOPE ROUTE.

Commencing Sept. 3rd, Steamer will leave Summerville, N. Y. (Port of Rochester) for Cobourg and Port Hope, Ont., week days at 9.00 a. m. Returning will leave Cobourg at 1.30 p. m. and Port Hope at 2.30 p. m. arriving at Summerville at 7.30 p. m.

ROCHESTER AND TORONTO EXCURSIONS.

Commencing Sept. 2nd, and continuing until Sept. 8th steamer leaves Summerville, N. Y. (Port of Rochester) for Toronto at 11 p. m. daily in connection with Canadian National Exhibition. Returning leave Toronto daily at 10 p. m. (excepting Sept. 8th, at 9.00 a. m.)

E. E. HORSLEY, J. L. BOYES, General Manager, Agent Kingston, Ont. Napanee, Ont.

"Canada's Greatest Nurseries"

WANT A LOCAL SALESMAN FOR NAPANEE.

To sell High Class Nursery stock in Fruits and Ornamentals. Largest List of NEW SPECIALTIES ever offered.

START NOW AT THE BEST SELLING SEASON. Big inducements, Liberal Pay, Handsome Free Outfit, Territory Reserved.

WRITE FOR TERMS and Catalogue and send 25c for our ALUMINUM POCKET MICROSCOPE (magnifies 4 times) and 50c for our HANDY Saw just the thing for trimming trees (cuts iron as well as wood)

STONE & WELLINGTON, Fonthill Nurseries, Over 600 acres.

TORONTO, ONT.

Hon. Mr. Whitney and Hon. Dr. Pyne will sail for home on Saturday.

Wholesale boot and shoe dealers will advance prices about 20 per cent on spring samples.

The Japanese Government announces that it will open the port of Dalny to the commerce of all nations on September 1 next.

King Edward Toilet Paper, is not only the highest grade, but the cheapest Toilet Paper, more sheets in the roll.

BOYLE & SON

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c

Any person sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Olden agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

WUNN & Co. 261 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 225 F St., Washington, D. C.

enclosing contract for use of poles on John and Dundas streets. On motion it was decided to return the contracts to the proper authorities and have the voltage changed from 115 to 220 secondary, and the number of wires from two to three, and if the contracts are returned satisfactorily that the Mayor and Clerk be empowered to sign the same. Carried.

From F. Blair, asking for situation as engineer at the electric light plant, at a salary of \$40.00 per month. The matter was left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light Committee as per resolution of 6th August.

From R. E. T. Pringle Co., enclosing quotations on carbon and lamps. On motion an order was given for 250 of each kind of carbons and 500 lamps.

From the Board of Railway Commissioners, Ottawa, acknowledging receipt of communication from town re coroner's jury verdict on the death of Dora Morden. Filed.

From the R. E. T. Pringle Co., saying they were sending a man to install the street light switch boards. Filed.

Requisitions from the Board of Education were received, asking for \$3,150 for the maintenance of the Collegiate Institute, and \$5,700 for the Public Schools. Filed.

A petition was received from C. H. McKim, asking for a granolithic walk on Centre street, adjoining the Robinson Co. store, he agreeing to pay half the cost. On motion the prayer of the petition was granted.

The report of the Street Committee was received and adopted.

Dr. C. M. Stratton, Chairman of the Board of Health, was present, and said that a complaint had been made to him re water coming from Mr. Sherwood's house and lying in a pool near Mr. Thos Butcher's residence. Referred to the Street Committee to speak to Mr. Sherwood, asking him to remedy same and report to the Council.

The estimates for the coming year were brought down by the Chairman of the Finance Committee, Dr. Simpson and a by-law passed in accordance therewith. The whole amount of natable property is \$1,123,233.00, and the estimated current expenditure is \$18,549.26, and \$8,850.00 for the maintenance of schools, over and above the estimated income, made up as follows:

Estimated Receipts.

Market	\$ 340 00
Dog Tax	100 00
Liquor License	1000 00
Billiard License	200 00
Butcher License	90 00
Rents, Town Property	497 50
Rents, Hydrant	50 00
Fines	100 00
Constable Fees	100 00
Cement Walks	271 34
Street Scrapings	28 65
County Road Grant	504 52
Return from E. L. Plant	2024 05
Dundas Street Sewer	5000 00
General Rate, 17 mills	18549 26
School Rate, 8 mills	8809 06

\$ 37664 38

Mother's Ear

A WORD IN MOTHER'S EAR: WHEN NURSING AN INFANT, USE IN THE MONTHS THAT COME BEFORE THAT TIME.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

SUPPLIES THE EXTRA STRENGTH AND NOURISHMENT SO NECESSARY FOR THE HEALTH OF BOTH MOTHER AND CHILD.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Debtentures	\$ 3042 20
Interest on Debtentures ..	2846 28
County Rate	2800 00
Collegiate Institute	3150 00
Public Schools	5700 00
Salaries	2500 00
Due Board of Education ..	2900 00
Board of Health	125 00
Election	50 00
Streets	3000 00
Fire, Water and Light ..	3000 00
Town Property	250 00
Printing	125 00
Market	25 00
Policies	50 00
Poor and Sanitary	500 00
Overdraft in Bank	5041 57
Contingent	2559 33

\$ 37694 38

The amount to be raised over and above estimated receipts is \$27,358 32. The rate therefore will be 25 mills on the dollar, or two mills less than last year.

In striking the rate from the above figures it must be remembered that \$43,100 00 of the property is exempt from taxes except school tax, and \$22,100 00 is wholly exempt.

Coun. Simpson reported that the Government Auditor was working on the books of the town. He was going over a period of ten years and it would likely take about two months to complete the job, at a cost of about \$600. During the discussion it came out that the assessment roll of 1904 was missing.

Moved by Coun. Simpson, seconded by Coun. Williams that the Finance Committee be empowered to pay the Auditor his salary as earned. Carried.

On motion the matter of Mr. L. Moore's overpaid taxes was referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

On motion Mr. E. B. Perry was granted a week or ten days' holidays, and that Chas. Bruton be engaged in his place at \$1 25 per night.

Mr. Wm. Davy was present and again asked for a sidewalk leading to his residence. Coun. Normile said he had looked the matter over and estimated the cost of material at about \$75.00 for a two-plank walk, and at a previous meeting a report of "no action" had been adopted. The Mayor was of the opinion that the latter report settled the matter.

ACCOUNTS.

The following account was referred to the Finance Committee with power to act:—A. T. Harshaw, insurance, \$13 90.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—Chas. Pollard \$400 P. Bergin \$10.90, Napanee Express \$49 00 J. J. Minchinton \$3.00, George Greer \$19 92, S. Snider \$150, Canadian Express Co. \$145, John Vine \$11.00, G. T. R. 47c., W. R. Pringle \$15.00, John Forman \$16 50, Dominion Wire Rope Co. \$17 25, Eugene F. Phillips Co \$2383 13, J. S. Knapman \$184 20. Council adjourned.

Mrs. A.—I'm surprised that your husband earns so little if he works as hard as you say. What does he do? Mrs. B.—The last thing he did was to calculate how many times a clock ticked in the course of 1,000 years.—London Tit-Bits.

The Hero.

"It must be nice to be a hero," remarked the quiet man. "It is for a minute," replied Senator Badger. "After that the hero wonders at the world's bad memory!"—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Hammocks a fine assortment. MADOLE & WILSON.

WOMAN AND THE LAW.

How Conditions Have Changed in the Last Half Century.

Truly the position of women before the law has suffered mighty changes. Fifty or sixty years ago the twain were indeed one, and that one the husband. He could collect all debts, such as wages that might be due her—though incidentally, he was liable for all she owed. She could not make a will of her real estate, nor of her personal property, without his permission, and he was entitled to the income from her lands. He could lock her up in his house and keep her there. Whether he could inflict chastisement was a moot point, though a judge of the North Carolina supreme court held in 1866 that he possessed this power, provided he used "a stick as large as his finger, but no larger than his thumb."

Over the children the husband had absolute control, and could even appoint a guardian by will who could take them away from the mother. They were to be brought up in the father's religion, without any consideration for her feelings. In fact, it was only about 1886 that the supreme court of Judicature in England directed that the sons and daughters of the deceased nawab of Bengal by an English wife be reared as Mohammedans.—Everybody's Magazine.

Winners.

"Did your husband ever bet on a winning horse?"

"Oh, yes," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "All the horses Charley bets on win at some time or another."

Honesty sometimes keeps a man from growing rich and civility from being witty.—Selden.

FACTS IN NATURE.

Not Only Do We Get Inspiration From Nature, But Health as Well.

For people who are run-down and nervous, who suffer from indigestion or dyspepsia, headache, biliousness, or torpid liver, coated tongue with bitter taste in the morning and poor appetite, it becomes necessary to turn to some tonic or strengthener which will assist Nature and help them to get on their feet and put the body into its proper condition. It is becoming more and more apparent that Nature's most valuable health-giving agents are to be found in forest plants and roots.

Nearly forty years ago, Dr. R. V. Pierce, now consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., discovered that by scientifically extracting and combining certain medicinal principles from native roots, taken from our American forests, he could produce a medicine which was marvelously efficient in curing cases of blood disorder and liver and stomach trouble as well as many other chronic, or lingering ailments. This concentrated extract of Nature's vitality he named "Golden Medical Discovery." It purifies the blood by putting the stomach and liver into healthy condition, thereby helping the digestion and assimilation of food which feeds the blood. Thereby it cures weak stomach, indigestion, torpid liver, or biliousness, and kindred derangements.

If you have coated tongue, with bitter or bad taste in the morning, frequent headaches, feel weak, easily tired, stitches or pain in side, back gives out easily and aches, belching of gas, constipation, or irregular bowels, feel flashes of heat alternating with chilly sensations or kindred symptoms, they point to derangement of your stomach, liver and kidneys, which the "Golden Medical Discovery" will correct more speedily and permanently than any other known agent. Contains no alcohol or habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients printed in plain English on wrapper.

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make a little more profit. He gains; you lose. Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative; two or three are cathartic.

OUT of THE SHADOWS

By Fannie Heaslip Lea

Copyright, 1906, by Ruby Douglas

In the gentle current of Miss Sarah's life by far the wildest eddies were Paola's love affairs. Miss Sarah had never had a lover herself—she had always been too busy taking care of Paola, who was the younger sister, a slim, pale creature, with vivid eyes and a head that habitually drooped a little as though weighted by its own gold hair and a sense of languorous melancholy.

Beside Miss Sarah's old time courtesies Paola was as an orchid to a pansy, but underneath the melancholy was a certain irresponsible deviltry, a certain intangible witchery, that brought the most eligible youths of the neighborhood in supplication to her feet and filled Miss Sarah with unceasing wonder and amazement.

Whenever a new victim appeared upon the scene Miss Sarah thrilled with apprehension. As he was friendly, she approved of him; as he was more conspicuously attentive, she watched for him; then in gentle perplexity that never vanished with added experience she saw him hover, advance, retreat, hover again and plunge. When the little comedy was played out she took up her knitting with a sigh of relief, opened her volume of Felicia Hemans at the purple bookmark and prepared to rest before another siege.

Paola herself slipped from one emotional cataclysm to another, as the slender moon from cloud to cloud. They veiled her vivid calm for a moment, but she always emerged unfettered on the other side.

She had been wearing Francis Lockwood's roses for a month, when Miss Sarah one night, after three gentle calls unanswered, stepped through the long French window on to the moonlit veranda with a crimson scarf in her hand. The June night called for no such guard against its close, sweet warmth, but on the subject of damp and dew Miss Sarah was inflexible.

"Paola," she said anxiously, then, since there was no Paola in all the

Lockwood's voice came out of the deeper shadow, low and vibrant and rhythmic. Miss Sarah leaned closer instinctively to hear the words; they escaped her at first, then echoed clearer:

"Remember how when first we met we stood,

Stung with immortal recollections,
O fact, immured beside a fiery sea
That leaned down at dead midnight to be kissed!

O beauty folded up in forests old,
Thou wast the lovely quest of Arthur's knights;

Thy armour glimmered in a gloom of green.

Did I not sing to thee in Babylon?
Or did we set a sail in Carthage bay?
Were thine eyes strange? Did I not know thy voice?

All ghostly grew the sun, unreal the air
Then when we kissed."

The last word quivered sentient on the air, and Miss Sarah trembled with a strange fear of it. Her fingers found the rough bark of the tree and clung; she waited, hungered, for the rest, but young Lockwood's voice broke from the beat of verse into uneven words:

"Paola, my beautiful, it is our story."

"It is the story of Paola and Francesca," said the girl dreamily.

"Paola and Francesca—Paola and Francis—what does it matter? 'Were thine eyes strange? Did I not know thy voice?'"

Miss Sarah, dizzied and enwrapped by she knew not what roseate mist, saw the white grace of Paola waver and lean to the shadow and heard a few moments of magical silence, the whisper, tender, exultant:

"And in the book they read no more that day."

Miss Sarah felt her way back to the path with unnecessary care. If her light footsteps had been the crash of brasses they would not have reached the two by the Black Prince, but Miss Sarah did not know it. She hurried along between the roses, catching her breath in little gasps as she went, and the wraiths of lost years swarmed around her, stinging her to wild, indefinite regret. She passed through the moonlight and up the steps, through the open window, and caught up her neglected knitting with a pathetic desire for things tangible and commonplace. She opened the volume of Felicia Hemans at the purple bookmark, but without knowledge of a line.

"I never knew what it was like!" she said pitifully to herself. "I wish I had known." The magic of the moonlit garden swept over her again, and the music of the lover's verse murmured in her ears. Miss Sarah trembled with a vague, unhappy longing for the things that she had never known—the things that were the inheritance of Paola, her sister, yet had never been hers.

Beyond the window the garden lay vast and wonderful beneath the moon. To her a land where life ran in strange currents between banks of enchanted blossoms.

Suddenly and without warning a tear slipped down Miss Sarah's cheek and splashed upon the purple bookmark. Another followed it and yet another; then Miss Sarah drew herself together and shut between the leaves of Felicia Hemans poems her one belated vision of romance. "And in the book they read no more that day," she said to herself, with a sad little sigh. Then she took up her knitting again to wait for Paola.

A Roland For His Oliver.

He was very practical, and in order to have everything fair and square beforehand he said:

"You know, darling, I promised my mother that my wife should be a good housekeeper and a domestic woman. Can you make good bread? That is the fundamental principle of all house-keeping."

The average family in Canada uses about 25 pounds of tea per year. If Red Rose Tea were used entirely, not more than 20 pounds would be required. You save real money when you use Red Rose Tea.


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"is good tea"

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ARE YOU A PRISONER?



THOUSANDS of men are prisoners of disease as securely as though they were confined behind the bars. Many have forged their own chains by the vices of early youth, exposure to contagious disease, or the excesses of manhood. They feel they are not the men they ought to be or used to be. The vim, vigor, and vitality of manhood are lacking. Are you nervous and despondent? tired in the morning? have you to force yourself through the day's work? have you little ambition and energy? are you irritable and excitable? eyes swollen, depressed and haggard looking? memory poor and brain fagged? have you weak back with dreams and losses at night? deposit in urine? weak sexually?—you have

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Our **NEW METHOD TREATMENT** is guaranteed to **Cure or No Pay. 25 years in Detroit. Bank Security.** Beware of quacks—Consult old established, reliable physicians. **Consultation Free. Books Free.** Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment.

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NOBODY NEED HAVE INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM!

THAT'S FACT THAT MEDICAL SCIENCE CAN PROVE TO YOU EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR—CARELESSNESS COURTS IT—PRECAUTION PREVENTS—IT'S NOT A CONTAGION THAT STEALS IN UNAWARES!

South American Rheumatic Cure

is the fortress behind which you may be perfectly secure; and why take chances if, through exposure to heat and wet, you feel those unwelcome chills, then the fever, then the sweating, then the pains in the joints. Do not put off securing the greatest of rheumatic and neuralgia cures. Experience shows that the duration of inflammatory rheumatism, under ordinary treatment, will cover a period of six to eight weeks; and what a wracking it gives to the sufferer, and it seems almost incredible that the great South American Rheumatic Cure has, in thousands of instances, controlled and conquered most stubborn and next to baffling cases in from one to three days.

Lumbago is one of rheumatism's full brothers. It comes and prostrates at times with the suddenness of a thunderclap, and yet, as in the most acute inflammatory cases, the great South American Rheumatic Cure comes as a ministering angel, holds out its healing hand, and bids the bent and bedridden take on the suppleness of youth. Lots of testimony for the asking.

Healthy kidneys are kept so by South American Kidney Cure, and unhealthy kidneys are cured by the same great remedy

Sold by F. L. Hooper.



SARAH DREW BACK INTO THE SHADE OF THE GREAT OAK.

shadow dappled length of the veranda, raised her voice a little and called again, "Paola, dear!"

A mocking bird in the cedar by the gate gurgled a liquid impertinence that ended in a low call to his mate, but the rest was silence.

Miss Sarah looked across the lawn, then down at her feet.

"Paola must have this scarf," she said to herself sternly, "and I suppose she is sitting on the bench by the Black Prince—the most imprudent child!" That the Black Prince was a beloved rosebush saved Miss Sarah's remarks from their apparent impropriety, and, mindful of her steps, she hurried into the path that led to the Black Prince's domains across the lawn.

The moon burned white above her in a cloudless sky, and Miss Sarah responded delicately to the influence of the hour. A faint fragrant dream, with boyish eyes, called to her as she went slowly down the path, and young faces swam mistily in her memory as if they had drifted there with the smell of the box in the hedge.

She thought of the night her mother died, another June; of a flowered gown she had worn the day she was sixteen, of a poem, something about daffodils, or was it roses?

"The love that came with the daffodils and went away with the roses"—that was it," said Miss Sarah, with a little sigh of satisfaction, "only the daffodils come back with the spring and every summer there are roses, so I really don't see the sense of that. Those love songs are nearly always rather silly." She stopped to thrust back the daring sweetness of a yellow banksia. "The garden is very sweet tonight," said Miss Sarah to herself, "and God walked in the cool of the garden. I wonder was it like this." She paused on the edge of the Black Prince kingdom, where it lay half in shadow, and lifted her eyes to the moon.

"Oh, dear!" said Miss Sarah, almost aloud, "what a beautiful night it is," which was Miss Sarah's way of saying

that the world was very good and she was happy. Then she lifted her skirts a little higher and sped into the heart of the rose garden.

Paola was sitting on the bench by the Black Prince—Miss Sarah saw that at once—and beside her was young Lockwood, as Miss Sarah had also foreseen, and Paola's head was thrown back, and one of Paola's slim white arms lay like a shimmer of moonlight along the back of the bench. "Positively inviting rheumatism," murmured Miss Sarah miserably.

She was within a few feet of them and a call trembled on her lips, when Paola's own voice stopped her.

"Go on," said Paola in a soft, hurried whisper, and Miss Sarah by some queer instinct drew back into the shade of the great oak behind the bench, fearful lest an incautious movement would betray her, fearful almost of her own breathing, for Miss Sarah was learned in the ways of Paola's suitors, and it was one of her best learned lessons never to interrupt them. So she drew back and waited, innocent of any desire to eavesdrop.

"Go on," said Paola again, and young

housekeeper and a domestic woman. Can you make good bread? That is the fundamental principle of all house-keeping."

"Yes; I went into a bakery and learned how to make all kinds of bread." She added under her breath, "Maybe."

"And can you do your own dressmak-

ing? I am comparatively a poor man, love, and dressmakers' bills would soon bankrupt me."

"Yes," she said frankly, "I can make everything I wear, especially bonnets."

"You are a jewel!" he cried, with enthusiasm. "Come to my arms."

"Wait a minute; there's no hurry," she said coolly. "It's my turn to ask a few questions. Can you carry up coal and light the fire of a morning?"

"Why, my love, the servant would do that."

"Can you make your coat, trousers and other wearing apparel?"

"But that isn't to the purpose."

"Can you build a house, scrub floors, beat carpets, sweep chimneys?"

"I am not a professional."

"Neither am I. It has taken most of my life to acquire the education and accomplishments that attach you to me. But as soon as I have learned all the professions you speak of I will send you my card. Au revoir!" And she swept away.—London Tit-Bits.

PICTURESQUE ALGIERS.

All Its Streets Are Staircases, and All Are Safe.

Here is a pretty picture of Algiers by Frances Nesbitt: "Now it is possible to safely into even the darkest and remotest corners, and they are dark indeed. A first visit leaves one breathless, but delighted—breathless, because all the streets are staircases on a more or less imposing scale—the longest is said to have at least 500 steps; delightful, because at every turn there is sure to be something unusual to a stranger's eye. The newer stairs are wide and straight and very uninteresting, but only turn into any old street and follow its windings in and out between white walls, under arches, through gloomy passages, here a few stairs, there a gentle incline, always up and always the cool deep shade leading to the bright blue of the sky above.

"Being so narrow and so steep, there are, of course, no camels and no carts. Donkeys do all the work and trot up and down with the strangest loads, though porters carry furniture and most of the biggest things. Up and down these streets comes an endless variety of figures—town and country Arabs, spahis in their gay uniforms, French soldiers, Italian workmen, children in vivid colors, Jewesses with heads and chins swathed in dark wrap-pings.

"Interesting beyond all these are the Arab women flitting like ghosts from one shadowy corner to another, the folds of their haicks concealing all the glories of their indoor dress, so that in the street the only sign of riches lies in the daintiness of the French shoes and the fact that the haick is pure silk and the little veil over the face of a finer material."

After Long Years.

After long years work is visible. In agriculture you cannot see the growth. Pass that country two months after, and there is a difference. We acquire firmness and experience incessantly. Every action, every word, every meal, is part of our trial and our discipline. We are assuredly ripening or else blighting. We are not conscious of these changes which go on quietly and gradually in the soul. We only count the shocks in our journey. Ambitions die; grace grows as life goes on.—Friederick W. Robertson.

Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. I had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.

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TO THE PUBLIC—

Our Spring Goods have now arrived and we are able to show exceptional values and patterns in Crum's Prints, Satcen Prints, Dress Ducks, Organdies, Priestley's Lustres, and Silks.

We have a full supply of Groceries, Flour, and Feed, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware, in fact everything kept by a general store.

We are able to compete with any general store in the province.

We pay Highest Price for all Farm Produce.

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HARVEST HELP WANTED



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\$12 Going Trip \$18 for Return

GOING DATES—

- SEPT. 5 Stations south of, but not including main line, Toronto to Sarnia, including Toronto.
- SEPT. 7 Main line Toronto to Sarnia and Stations north, except north of Cardwell Junction and Toronto on North Bay Section.
- SEPT. 8 From all points Toronto and east to and including Sharbot Lake and Midland Divisions.

One way second class tickets will be sold to WINNIPEG only. Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba and Saskatchewan Governments, will meet laborers on arrival at Winnipeg.

A certificate is furnished at Winnipeg to points where laborers are needed, by farmer, showing that laborer has worked thirty days or more, when executed that point for a second class ticket back to starting point in Ontario, at \$18.00, prior to Nov. 30th, 1906.

Tickets are good only to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children. For full particulars see nearest C. P. R. ticket agent, or write C. B. Foster, D. P. A., C. P. R., Toronto.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
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OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

ARE

Fruit-a-tives are the marvels of modern medicine. They have accomplished more actual cures—done more good to more people—than any other medicine ever introduced in Canada for the time they have been on sale.

Fruit-a-tives are fruit juices. They are nature's cure for

- CONSTIPATION
- BILIOUSNESS
- BAD STOMACH
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- IMPURE BLOOD
- SKIN DISEASES
- KIDNEY TROUBLE
- RHEUMATISM
- IRRITATED THROAT

Fruit-a-tives are the juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes. These juices are concentrated—and by a secret process, the juices are combined in a peculiar manner. This new combination is much more active medicinally than fresh juices—yet so perfect is the union that Fruit-a-tives act on the system as if they were in truth a natural fruit, medicinally stronger than any other known fruit.

To this combination of fruit juices, tonics and internal antiseptics are added, and the whole made into tablets.

These are Fruit-a-tives—sold everywhere for 50c a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED • OTTAWA.

SOME FIRST OCCASIONS.

The first canal was made in England when Henry I. joined the Trent to the Witham, in 1134.

Quill pens came into use in 553; the first steel ones in 1820, when the first gross of them sold for \$36.

The first pocket handkerchiefs, utilized in the manner they are today, were manufactured at Paisley in 1743.

From the press of the celebrated Wynken de Worde the first book containing musical characters was issued in 1495.

The first coins were struck in brass about 1184 B. C. and in gold and silver by Pheidon, tyrant of Argos, about 562 B. C.

About 70 A. D. the first glass bottle was made by the Romans, although the manufacture was not taken up in England until 1558.

Movable scenery was first used in theaters in 1508. It was invented by Baldassare Peruzzi and displayed in Rome before Leo X.

Pliny's "Natural History" may be regarded as the first encyclopedia, since it contained 30,000 facts compiled from 2,000 books by 100 authors.

Declined Her Own Medicine.

There is always more or less talk current about abolishing position and dispersing pell. The trouble is to know just where to begin the destructive reconstruction and to find reformers who are willing themselves to be reformed. An English great lady was once entertaining the labor member of parliament, Henry Broadhurst, the Duke of Argyll and others at her country seat. She was a strong Liberal, and one evening inveighed against the house of lords. It would be sweet

ON THE SPIRE.

Thrilling Incident in the Life of James Freeman Clarke.

When James Freeman Clarke was a young man he visited Salisbury, England. Here the beautiful cathedral lifts its spire 404 feet into the air. The spire is topped by a ball, and on the ball stands a cross. From the ground the ball looks like an orange, but its diameter is really greater than a man's height.

Workmen were repairing the spire. Mr. Clarke saw them crawling round the slim steeple in the golden afternoon like bugs on a bean stalk. The impulse came to him to climb the spire and stand on the horizontal beam of the cross. Accordingly at dusk, when the workmen had left, the young American slipped in and made his way up the stairs to the little window which opened to the workmen's staging. To run up the scaffolding to the ball was easy. Then came the slightly more buiging curve of the ball. A short platform gave him foothold. He reached up, put his hands on the base of the cross and pulled himself up. To gain the cross arm was merely "shinning" up a good sized tree, and soon he stood on the horizontal timber and, reaching up, touched the top of the cross.

After enjoying his moment of exaltation he slid to the foot of the cross, and, with his arms round the post, slipped down over the great abdomen of the ball. His feet touched nothing. The little plank from which he had reached up was not there!

Here was a peril and one for a cool head and sure eye. Of course he could not look down. The lugging hold that he had to keep on the bottom of the cross shortened the reach of his body and made it less than when he had stood on the plank and reached up to the cross with his hands. He must drop so that his feet should meet the plank, for he would never be able to pull himself back if he should let himself down at arms' length, and his feet hung over empty air.

Now his good head began to work. He looked up at the cross and tried to recall exactly the angle at which he had reached for it, to make his memory tell him just how the edge of that square post had appeared. A few inches to the right or to the left would mean dropping into vacancy.

Bending his head away back, he strained his eye up the cross and figured his angle of approach. He cautiously wormed himself to the right and made up his mind that here directly under his feet must be the plank. Then he dropped. The world knows that he lived to tell the tale.

Inherited Dollars.

The only reason some men escape social ostracism is because their fathers made enough money to buy them a ticket of admission.—Birmingham News.

BY-LAW NUMBER

OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND.

A By-Law to provide for the completing and repairing of certain drainage work provided for by By-Law No. 291 of the said Municipal Corporation in pursuance of the report of the Engineer, as embodied in the said By-Law.

Provisionally adopted the Sixth day of August, A. D. 1906.

WHEREAS pursuant to By-Law No. 291 the Municipal Corporation of the Township of Richmond constructed that certain drain known as Otter Creek Drain for the benefit of the land therein described.

AND WHEREAS by mandamus issued out of the High Court of Justice the said Municipal Corporation have been directed to repair and maintain the said drain.

AND WHEREAS, thereupon under the terms of the said By-Law Number 291, the said Council has procured an examination to be made by Frederick Fraser Miller, Civil Engineer, being a person competent for such purpose, of the said area proposed to be drained and the means suggested for the drainage thereof, and of other lands and roads liable to assessment under the Municipal Drainage Act, and has also procured specifications and estimates of the drainage work to be made by the said Frederick Fraser Miller and an assessment to be made by him of the lands and roads to be benefited by such drainage work and of other lands and roads liable for contribution thereto, stating as nearly as he can the proportion of benefit, outlay liability and injurious liability, which, in his opinion will be derived or incurred in consequence of such drainage work by every road and lot or portion of lot, the said assessment so made being the assessment heretofore levied upon the roads and lots, or parts of lots hereinafter in that behalf specially set forth and described; and the report of the said Frederick Fraser Miller in respect thereof, and of the said drainage work being as follows:—

To the Reeve and Council of the Township of Richmond.

Gentlemen:—Re. Otter Creek Drainage Works. I have the honor to report to you that I have examined the Creek and ditches and that the following work will have to be done to make the work conform to the original report, known as By-Law No. 291 of the Township of Richmond.

1. The Creek will have to be thoroughly cleaned out to remove the obstructions to the free flow of the water. These obstructions consist of sand bars, stones, poles, etc. also remains of McLaughlin bridge abutments and a couple of bridges which are not high enough and have not spin enough and will therefore have to be changed so as to give a clear twenty feet of water.

2. Considerable work will have to be done along the road allowance between the 7th and 8th Concession consisting of about 74 rods of new ditch, a couple of culverts and about 40 rods of old ditch will have to be cleaned out.

3. The ditches along the south and east sides of the swamp from the above named Concession road north easterly and on the north side of the swamp from the spring north easterly will all have to be deepened and widened to become operative.

4. I estimate that the cost of the above work will be \$630.00 or at the rate of \$1.75 per acre of land benefited as per original By-Law No. 291 in respect to said drainage work and the whole assessment is for benefit liability.

5. I have, in the Schedule hereunder written, as assessed the benefit liability of the said drainage works against the several parcels of land liable therefor.

DATED at Napussee this 24th day of July A. D. 1906.

F. F. MILLER,
Engineer.

The following Schedule very description of land, number of acres benefited and total cost assessed upon each.

LOT	ACRES	BENEFIT	COST
1	1.00	1.75	1.75
2	1.00	1.75	1.75
3	1.00	1.75	1.75
4	1.00	1.75	1.75
5	1.00	1.75	1.75
6	1.00	1.75	1.75
7	1.00	1.75	1.75
8	1.00	1.75	1.75
9	1.00	1.75	1.75
10	1.00	1.75	1.75
11	1.00	1.75	1.75
12	1.00	1.75	1.75
13	1.00	1.75	1.75
14	1.00	1.75	1.75
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17	1.00	1.75	1.75
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93	1.00	1.75	1.75
94	1.00	1.75	1.75
95	1.00	1.75	1.75
96	1.00	1.75	1.75
97	1.00	1.75	1.75
98	1.00	1.75	1.75
99	1.00	1.75	1.75
100	1.00	1.75	1.75

said Municipality of their intention to make application for such purpose to the High Court of Justice during the six weeks next ensuing the final passing of the said By-Law.

AND NOTICE is hereby further given that a Court of Revision required by the Municipal Drainage Act Section 21 Chapter 226, Revised Statutes of Ontario 1897, will be held for the purpose of the said Act by the Council of the said Corporation of the Township of Richmond on the 24th day of September, A. D. 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon at the Town Hall in the Village of Selby for the trial of complaints, which may have been made by owners or persons interested in any property assessed in and by said By-Law in respect of the said Assessments under the said Municipal Drainage Act.

DATED at Selby the Sixth day of August A. D. 1906.

(Sgd.) ABRAHAM WINTERS,
Clerk.

First publication August 31st, 1906.

Man or Mouse?

By
Martha
McCulloch-
Williams

Copyright, 1906, by P. C. Eastment

The water, laughing and lapping, invited. The day was giddy May, and the invited young Lorena, moreover, owned all the folly normal to nineteen. So altogether it would have been a miracle if things had gone exactly as they should. A proper young woman of course would have reckoned chances before baring her feet and dancing joyously in midstream, where the pebbles lay smoothly bedded in fine sand and gleaming jewel-wise wherever a sun ray struck through the ripples.

Lorena did not let herself remember that the ford was but fifty yards higher up or that this special shallow reach of the creek lay between the two lakes that gave the finest fishing. They were not true lakes, of course only water mirrors, still and deep, impounded by dams of the winter flood's building. Lorena did not love them. They were so placid they reminded her somehow of Johnny and whatever did that put her out of temper.

She loved glitter, motion, excitement. It was ecstasy to her to dance all day long and half the night after, footing it as lightly, as feintly, as wind blown thistle seed. If only she could dance alone! But since that was out of the question she naturally preferred partners who kept step and were nimble. Johnny was neither, yet all the time she had been engaged to him he had felt it his right to say, if she did not dance with him, she must dance with hardly anybody else.

And not at all with Granville Gore, the very prince of partners, who was handsome and slender and light hearted, with money in both pockets and a trick of spending it with both hands. Johnny hated him, without reason so far as Lorena could see—at least he gave her no reason—only said, "If you are going ever to belong to me, Lollie, you must be barely civil to that fellow."

Somehow the emphasis on the last word always made Lorena shiver when she recalled it. How could she help it, when Johnny was toward other folk the soul of kindly justice? Still she had felt that he was unfair. If he really knew anything he might let her know it likewise.

If Johnny could have brought himself to tell her the break might not have come. But he was too proud and was careful for that. His wife must believe

FITS CURED

try seat. She was a strong Liberal, and one evening inveighed against the house of lords. It would be swept away if it did not reform, she said with fervor.

"Yes," agreed Broadhurst, "and how will you like that, Mrs. P.?"

"Lady P., if you please, sir," instantly corrected Broadhurst's hostess, drawing herself up laughingly.

If you, your friends or relatives suffer with Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, or Falling Sickness, write for a trial bottle and valuable treatise on such diseases to THE LEIBIG CO., 179 King Street, W., Toronto, Canada. All druggists sell or can obtain for you

LEIBIG'S FIT CURE

Give the **BABY**

Dr. HENRIETTA'S INFANT TABLETS

MENTION THIS PAPER

Destroy Worms, Assimilate the Food, Regulate the Bowels, Sweeten the Stomach, give Sound and Resting Sleep, Relieve Teething Troubles, Alleviate Feverishness, Cure Indigestion, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Colic, etc. **STOPS WALKING IN THE SLEEP AND FRIGHTENED AWAKENING. CURES FITS.** Do not contain Morphine, Opium, or other narcotic.

WHAT WE WILL DO Any person sending their address can have sample sent free. We want to give you the proper medicine for children. Have the genuine.

CAUTION Do not allow Druggists to substitute these Tablets. If you cannot get Hennequin's send direct to us. Your only guarantee of the genuine Hennequin's is "You will find the letter 'H' stamped on every Tablet."

PRICE 25c. OR 5 PACKAGES FOR \$1.00. Free paid to any address. If after using one package you wish your dollar return us the remainder. We cannot be responsible for money sent without P. O. Order, Registered Letter, or Stamps

DOUGLAS & CO.,
Napanea, Ont., Canada.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company
GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.
No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Barnockburn and Tamworth to Napanea and Deseronto.									
Stations.		Miles	No. 12	No. 14	No. 4	No. 6			
			A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.			
Lve	Napanea	0	6:00	1:45					
	Albion	1	6:15	1:50					
	Camden	2	6:25	2:05					
	Strathcona	3	6:40	2:25					
	Newburgh	4	6:55	2:45					
	Thompson's Mills	5	7:00	2:55					
	Camden East	6	7:10	3:05					
	Larkins	7	7:25	3:20					
	Yorker	8	7:40	3:35					
	Frontenac	9	7:55	3:55					
	Kingston	10	8:10	4:15					
	Deseronto	11	8:25	4:35					
	Camden East	12	8:40	4:50					
	Strathcona	13	8:55	5:05					
	Newburgh	14	9:10	5:20					
	Thompson's Mills	15	9:25	5:35					
	Camden East	16	9:40	5:50					
	Larkins	17	9:55	6:05					
	Yorker	18	10:10	6:20					
	Frontenac	19	10:25	6:35					
	Kingston	20	10:40	6:50					
	Deseronto	21	10:55	7:05					
	Camden East	22	11:10	7:20					
	Strathcona	23	11:25	7:35					
	Newburgh	24	11:40	7:50					
	Thompson's Mills	25	11:55	8:05					
	Camden East	26	12:10	8:20					
	Larkins	27	12:25	8:35					
	Yorker	28	12:40	8:50					
	Frontenac	29	12:55	9:05					
	Kingston	30	1:10	9:20					
	Deseronto	31	1:25	9:35					
	Camden East	32	1:40	9:50					
	Strathcona	33	1:55	10:05					
	Newburgh	34	2:10	10:20					
	Thompson's Mills	35	2:25	10:35					
	Camden East	36	2:40	10:50					
	Larkins	37	2:55	11:05					
	Yorker	38	3:10	11:20					
	Frontenac	39	3:25	11:35					
	Kingston	40	3:40	11:50					
	Deseronto	41	3:55	12:05					
	Camden East	42	4:10	12:20					
	Strathcona	43	4:25	12:35					
	Newburgh	44	4:40	12:50					
	Thompson's Mills	45	4:55	1:05					
	Camden East	46	5:10	1:20					
	Larkins	47	5:25	1:35					
	Yorker	48	5:40	1:50					
	Frontenac	49	5:55	2:05					
	Kingston	50	6:10	2:20					
	Deseronto	51	6:25	2:35					
	Camden East	52	6:40	2:50					
	Strathcona	53	6:55	3:05					
	Newburgh	54	7:10	3:20					
	Thompson's Mills	55	7:25	3:35					
	Camden East	56	7:40	3:50					
	Larkins	57	7:55	4:05					
	Yorker	58	8:10	4:20					
	Frontenac	59	8:25	4:35					
	Kingston	60	8:40	4:50					
	Deseronto	61	8:55	5:05					
	Camden East	62	9:10	5:20					
	Strathcona	63	9:25	5:35					
	Newburgh	64	9:40	5:50					
	Thompson's Mills	65	9:55	6:05					
	Camden East	66	10:10	6:20					
	Larkins	67	10:25	6:35					
	Yorker	68	10:40	6:50					
	Frontenac	69	10:55	7:05					
	Kingston	70	11:10	7:20					
	Deseronto	71	11:25	7:35					
	Camden East	72	11:40	7:50					
	Strathcona	73	11:55	8:05					
	Newburgh	74	12:10	8:20					
	Thompson's Mills	75	12:25	8:35					
	Camden East	76	12:40	8:50					
	Larkins	77	12:55	9:05					
	Yorker	78	1:10	9:20					
	Frontenac	79	1:25	9:35					
	Kingston	80	1:40	9:50					
	Deseronto	81	1:55	10:05					
	Camden East	82	2:10	10:20					
	Strathcona	83	2:25	10:35					
	Newburgh	84	2:40	10:50					
	Thompson's Mills	85	2:55	11:05					
	Camden East	86	3:10	11:20					
	Larkins	87	3:25	11:35					
	Yorker	88	3:40	11:50					
	Frontenac	89	3:55	12:05					
	Kingston	90	4:10	12:20					
	Deseronto	91	4:25	12:35					
	Camden East	92	4:40	12:50					
	Strathcona	93	4:55	1:05					
	Newburgh	94	5:10	1:20					
	Thompson's Mills	95	5:25	1:35					
	Camden East	96	5:40	1:50					
	Larkins	97	5:55	2:05					
	Yorker	98	6:10	2:20					
	Frontenac	99	6:25	2:35					
	Kingston	100	6:40	2:50					
	Deseronto	101	6:55	3:05					
	Camden East	102	7:10	3:20					
	Strathcona	103	7:25	3:35					
	Newburgh	104	7:40	3:50					
	Thompson's Mills	105	7:55	4:05					
	Camden East	106	8:10	4:20					
	Larkins	107	8:25	4:35					
	Yorker	108	8:40	4:50					
	Frontenac	109	8:55	5:05					
	Kingston	110	9:10	5:20					
	Deseronto	111	9:25	5:35					
	Camden East	112	9:40	5:50					
	Strathcona	113	9:55	6:05					
	Newburgh	114	10:10	6:20					
	Thompson's Mills	115	10:25	6:35					
	Camden East	116	10:40	6:50					
	Larkins	117	10:55	7:05					
	Yorker	118	11:10	7:20					
	Frontenac	119	11:25	7:35					
	Kingston	120	11:40	7:50					
	Deseronto	121	11:55	8:05					
	Camden East	122	12:10	8:20					
	Strathcona	123	12:25	8:35					
	Newburgh	124	12:40	8:50					
	Thompson's Mills	125	12:55	9:05					
	Camden East	126	1:10	9:20					
	Larkins	127	1:25	9:35					
	Yorker	128	1:40	9:50					
	Frontenac	129	1:55	10:05					
	Kingston	130	2:10	10:20					
	Deseronto	131	2:25	10:35					
	Camden East	132	2:40	10:50					
	Strathcona	133	2:55	11:05					
	Newburgh	134	3:10	11:20					
	Thompson's Mills	135	3:25	11:35					
	Camden East	136	3:40	11:50					
	Larkins	137	3:55	12:05					
	Yorker	138	4:10	12:20					
	Frontenac	139	4:25	12:35					
	Kingston	140	4:40	12:50					
	Deseronto	141	4:55	1:05					
	Camden East	142	5:10	1:20</					

Still she kept out of reach until she was twenty yards off the ford. The flat faced man, laughing and panting after her, caught her there and said as he gave her a resounding kiss: "Pon my soul, Undine, it was worth it. I haven't had such a lark since I was a boy."

Lorena broke from him, crying wildly: "Granville! Mr. Gore! Kill this creature!"

At that the men laughed louder than ever. Granville had discreetly disappeared. He was sorry for Lorena; also angry with her, even angrier than with his friend of the flat, red face. There were millions back of the flat, red face—millions that might mean much to Gore's future. Was he to risk their help, to invite everlasting chaff, to make himself the butt of the grill rooms next time he was in town, by championship of a girl, a silly country girl, who should have known better than to put herself in such case?

Mullen, he of the flat, red face, was not a bad sort, only full of uncouth spirits. Lorena would come to no harm. And if she had sense enough to keep her mouth shut he (Gore) would see to it that she was handsomely made up to fit her present plight. But of course he could not acknowledge her as an acquaintance when she looked such a guy and had let herself get caught in such a plight.

Lorena, noting his absence, stumbled blindly toward the bank and half fell upon it, covering her eyes with both hands. Mullen scrambled out beside her and tried to lift her to her feet, the rest jeering him, pretending to say things aside and singing in cracked chorus, "Where is my wandering boy?"

They were laughing so loud, watching so intently, Johnny fell upon them like a thunderbolt from blue skies. Johnny was still in working clothes—he had, in fact, started to the blacksmith's shop in a mad hurry in hope of getting a dulled plow point sharpened. So he had come to the ford in the very nick of time to see that a woman was in need of help and to rush to give it.

"Gentlemen," Johnny's voice cut like ice, "you must show me your warrant for taking a prisoner. Unless you do"—He stopped short there, his face white, his eyes two points of flame. Even yet he did not know, but a second later Lorena was beside him, clinging to him, burying her face in his rough sleeve, and sobbing out: "Johnny! Save me! Take me away! Don't stop to fight them—only take me and go!"

"Not yet," Johnny said, putting her gently away.

The events of the next five minutes are better left unchronicled. Suffice it that Mr. Granville Gore and his sportsman friends from the city went away on the night train, at least two of the visitors carrying beautiful black eyes. As to how the eyes had been achieved there was discreet silence. But when in the fall Lorena and Johnny were married there came to the bride a chest of massive silver, along with an unsigned note which ran: "Please accept this in token of forgiveness. Remember, you owe me something—in that I gave you occasion to find out the difference there is between a man and a mouse."

Lorena was for sending it back, but Johnny laughed and said: "Mullen is right. He is a man. You can drub a man into decency, but a mouse always runs away."

"And I hate mice of every sort," Lorena added with a pensive smile.

The Fates.

Fable teaches that the fates were three goddesses, holding, one a spindle, another a distaff and the third a pair of shears. They spun the thread of human life, then cut it off, and men's

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Under and by virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Fourth Division Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, and to me directed and delivered at the suit of William Jenkins, plaintiff, and Peter Vandewater, defendant, I have seized and taken in execution and will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on MONDAY, THE 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1906, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said defendant, Peter Vandewater, in, to and out of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Village of Centreville, in the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, being composed of Village Lot Number Eleven in "Block B," according to a plan of the said Village of Centreville made by A. R. Davis, P. L. S., and filed in the Registry Office for the said county.

And also that certain other parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Village of Tamworth, in the Township of Sheffield, in the said County of Lennox and Addington, being composed of the south half Village Lot Number One in "Block W," according to a plan of the said Village of Tamworth, made by A. R. Davis, P. L. S., and filed in the Registry Office for the said County on the 10th day of April, 1889.

GEO. D. HAWLEY,

Sheriff County Lennox and Addington
Sheriff's Office, Napanee, 7th June '06 35e

CHEESE BOARD.

Board met in Council Chamber in the town hall on Friday last.

	white	colored
1 Napanee.....	100	
2 Croydon.....	40	
3 Clairview.....	40	
4 Tamworth.....	75	
5 Sheffield.....	60	
6 Moscow.....		
7 Petworth.....		
8 Phippen, No. 1.....		
9 " " 2.....	90	
10 " " 3.....	85	
11 Kingsford.....	65	
12 Forest Mills.....	75	
13 Union.....	120	
14 Odessa.....	100	
15 Excelsior.....	250	
16 Farmers' Choice.....	100	
17 Palace Road.....		
18 Selby.....	80	
19 Camden East.....	80	
20 Newburgh.....	120	
21 Deseronto.....	100	
22 Marlbank.....	200	
23 Maple Ridge.....	125	
24 Metzler.....	80	
25 Farmers' Friend.....	175	
26 Centreville.....	75	
27 Bell Rock.....	25	
28 Enterprise.....		
29 Whitman Creek.....		
30 Fifth Lake.....		

All sold at 12 1/2 c.

HIRAM, KING OF TYRE.

The Phoenician monarch and his effort to imitate the Deity.

Hiram, the Phoenician monarch, strove to imitate God by erecting four mighty pillars upon which he caused seven heavens—apartments—to be built. The first was constructed of glass, 500 by 500 yards, storing therein mock images of the sun, moon and stars. The second compartment of iron, 1,000 by 1,000 yards, was the receptacle of precious stones, causing a terrific noise resembling thunder when they crashed against each other and the casement of the inclosure. The third chamber was of lead, 1,500 by 1,500 yards. The fourth was of tin, 2,000 by 2,000 yards. The fifth was of copper, 2,500 by 2,500 yards. The sixth was of silver, 3,000 by 3,000 yards. The seventh was of gold, 3,500 by 3,500 yards, containing precious stones, pearls and a magnificent throne. A channel of water separated the apartments.

Hiram, imitating the royal splendor of the court of King Solomon, sur-

MOSCOW'S QUICK WORK.

On Tuesday morning, 31st of July, the cheese factory here lay a heap of ashes, it having been destroyed by fire 21st of July, about 1 o'clock in the morning. Last Saturday morning milk was taken into one of the largest and most up to date cheese factories, on the same foundation the old one stood on that there is a long distance from it. It is 45 feet by 50 feet, built with cement blocks, cement floors, cement partitions and covered with asbestos roofing. Its owners, Vanluven Bros., deserve credit for the quick and efficient work, and the place and neighborhood are to be congratulated on having one of the largest and most up to date cheese factories in this section. It is said there will be a public hall in the upper part, which is very much needed in the place. Mr. Harvey, of Deseronto, had the contract for the cement work.

The county stone crusher is expected here soon.

Threshing is the order of the day here now.

Mr. Asa Cronk and mother, of Catham, are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Henry Huffman is seriously ill. Mrs. T. Herrington and children, of Napanee, visited at her father's, Mr. Levi Huffman, over Sunday.

School has started under the management of Miss F. B. Asseltine and Miss Otta Sills.

Miss F. B. Asseltine visited her sister in Minnesota, during the holidays.

MCINTYRE'S CORNERS.

School opened on Monday with a new teacher, Mr. Anderson, of Napanee.

Mrs. W. P. Sharp is on the sick list. Dr. Northmore is attending her.

James Howie was calling on T. Preston, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, Napanee, at Mr. Detlor's on Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Howie and family, Link's Mills; Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Howie and daughter, Collins Bay, at James Howie's; Mrs. J. W. Boyce, Mrs. William Boyce at W. P. Sharpe's on Sunday; A. Hagerman and family at Mr. Keeney's on Sunday; Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gilbert and daughter, at W. Miller's on Sunday; Mrs. B. VanWinkel and son, Fred, Master Ross Bell, Belleville, at E. R. Sharpe's last week; Mrs. J. F. Aylesworth, and Miss Lillian Aylesworth, Asseltine, at E. R. Sharpe's; Mrs. Keller, Link's Mills, at Mrs. R. Stone; Mr. and Mrs. O. Snider and daughter, Deseronto, at Odessa, on Sunday.

Miss Holland, Kingston, is visiting T. Prest's.

Mrs. W. Smith spent Saturday and Sunday last at Harrowsmith.

Mrs. Edward Smith and Mrs. Annie Smith at S. Bond's on Tuesday.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

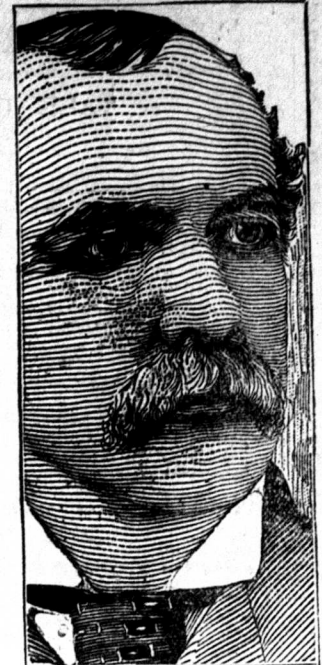
F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

DENBIGH.

Dr. Spankie, who opened a practice here a short time ago, has removed to Plevna, and Dr. Tennent has located here, and has his office and rooms at the Chatson House.

Mr. J. Mayer, of Philadelphia, and

UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM SOUTH CAROLINA PRAISES PE-RU-NA.



Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

Dyspepsia Is Often Caused By Catarrh of the Stomach—Peruna Relieves Catarrh of the Stomach and Is Therefore a Remedy For Dyspepsia.

Hon. M. C. Butler, Ex-U. S. Senator from South Carolina for two terms, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes to the Peruna Medicine Co., as follows:

"I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, besides a good tonic."

CATARRH of the stomach is the correct name for most cases of dyspepsia. In order to cure catarrh of the stomach the catarrh must be eradicated.

Only an internal catarrh remedy, such as Peruna, is available.

Peruna exactly meets the indications.

and the hospitality of the Denbigh Parsonage.

Mr. Chas. Becker, Lithographer, of Philadelphia, and daughter, are also enjoying a few weeks' change from City worries and are guests here at the Chatson House well pleased with the change and the romantic scenery and quiet they find here.

Mrs. J. Hakin died at her home after a long and very painful illness on the 13th inst. at the age of 65 years and 7 months. The funeral took place on the 15th at the Lutheran Church and Cemetery.

Rev. G. Dorell was away to Granville on Sunday the 12th inst., assisting in conducting a series of Missionary Services, and last Sunday he was in Pembroke to assist at the Services dedicating a new Church built by the Lutheran Congregation.

The Municipal Council met on the 18th inst. at the Chatson House, and considerable important business was transacted. Owing to unfinished business left over a special meeting will be held on the 1st of September next.

Refrigerators and Linnocks

There is a lot of warm weather yet before us and it will pay you to improve

The Fates.

Fable teaches that the fates were three goddesses, holding, one a spindle, another a distaff and the third a pair of shears. They spun the thread of human life, then cut it off, and men's destiny was either happy or unhappy according to the texture of the wool employed by these inexorable deities. Might it not be said that here below we play more or less the part of the fates? It is we who, in some degree, mold our own destinies.

Another Shock.

"Yes," said the waiter, "this cafe is thoroughly up to date. We cook by electricity."

"Is that so?" said the guest, pointing to a platter. "Then will you please give that beefsteak another shock?"

Shavings.

"By the great omelet!" chuckled the old hen, as she cuddled down upon the thirteen eggs, "this nest is made of excelsior. No doubt about it, this is going to be a shaving set."

"Tis not necessity, but opinion, that makes men miserable, and when we come to be fancy sick there's no cure."

What is a Backache?

IT IS NATURE'S WARNING TO WOMEN

Diseases of Woman's Organism Cured and Consequent Pain Stopped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"It seems as though my back would break." Women utter these words over and over again, but continue to drag along and suffer with aches in the small of the back, pain low down in the side, "bearing-down" pains, nervousness and no ambition for any task.



They do not realize that the back is the mainspring of woman's organism, and quickly indicates by aching a diseased condition of the female organs or kidneys, and that the aches and pains will continue until the cause is removed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been for many years the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speedily cures female organs and kidney disorders and restores the female organs to a healthy condition.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered a long time with female trouble, having intense pains in the back and abdomen and very sick headaches every month. I was tired and nervous all the time and life looked very dreary to me and I had no desire to live until I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to get some relief. My recovery was slow but it was sure, and I never regretted the money spent for the Compound as it brought me back to good health."

"It seems to be a medicine especially adapted to the ills of our sex and I am glad to say a good word for it."—Mrs. Albert Mann, 154 Gore Vale Ave., Toronto, Ont.

No other person can give such helpful advice to women who are sick as can Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice free.

gold, 3,500 by 3,500 yards, containing precious stones, pearls and a magnificent throne. A channel of water separated the apartments.

Hiram, imitating the royal splendor of the court of King Solomon, surrounded himself by the grandest conceivable display of magnificence. In the seventh apartment was stationed a golden bed, the corners of which were set in pearls without value in all the world, sparkling forth beautiful flashes resembling lightning, which spread wonder and terror among his subjects.

The prophet Ezekiel was ordered to appear before Hiram, who, at a loss as to how to reach the seven heavens wherein the monarch presided, was transported into his castle by the locks of his hair. Upon perceiving the divine messenger Hiram trembled. "Who art thou?" thundered the indignant har-binger of future events. "Why dost thou boast? Art thou not born of woman's womb?"

"I am," replied Hiram, "but I live forever. Like God dwelling over waters, dwell I. Like him reigning over seven heavens, I rule in seven apartments. As God is surrounded by lightning and thunder, so am I. God has stars in heaven; so have I. Many sovereigns have succumbed to mortality, and I still exist. Twenty-one kings of the house of Israel and David, twenty prophets and ten high priests have departed this earth, but I outlive them all."

"Why dost thou boast?" again demanded Ezekiel.

"Because thou didst supply the cedars for Solomon's temple? This puts me in mind of a subject who prepared a splendid garment for his sovereign, and as often as the servant gazed at the glorious piece of work he boastingly remarked, 'This is my manufacture,' until the king, observing his vanity, tore it off in disgust. Such will be thy lot. The temple which thou helpest to build will be destroyed. What will then become of thy pride?"

Where They Have Time to Be Polite.

Copenhagen, Denmark, is a city of canals and cleanliness—a land of pure delight, free from beggars, organ grinders and stray dogs. The inhabitants thereof are born courteous and seem never to have recovered from the habit.

When a passenger boards a car in Copenhagen he exchanges greetings with the conductor. A gentleman on leaving the car usually lifts his hat in acknowledgment of a salute from that official. When a fare is paid the conductor drops it into his cash box, thanks the passenger and gives him a little paper receipt.

He offers change with a preliminary "Be so good," and the passenger accepts with thanks. If, in addition, transfers are required complimentary exchanges go on indefinitely. Yet there is always time enough in Copenhagen.—Caroline Domett in Four Track News.

Scotland and Whisky.

"One of the grossest misconceptions from which Scotland suffers," says a writer, "is that her national drink is and always has been whisky. But this is just as untrue, neither more nor less, as that the national garb of Scotland is the kilt. Whisky, like the kilt, is a purely Celtic or highland product, and up to the middle of the eighteenth century it was just as unfamiliar in the lowlands as the clan tartans. It was only after the '45 that the highlanders began to settle in the lowlands and bring their whisky with them, but before that the national drink of the lowlanders had been ale. Tam-o'-Shanter and Goutie Johnny got 'roarin' fow' not on whisky, but on strong beer."

Dr. Spankie, who opened a practice here a short time ago, has removed to Plevana, and Dr. Tennent has located here, and has his office and room at the Chatsworth House.

Mr. J. Mayer, of Philadelphia, and daughter Susan, have returned home after enjoying bush life for six weeks.

ness left over a special meeting will be held on the 1st of September next.

Refrigerators and Linnocks

There is a lot of warm weather yet before us and it will pay you to improve this offer.

MADOLIN WILSON

Don't Fail to Attend

Lennox Big Fair, Napanee

September 18th and 19th, 1906

The exhibits of Agricultural and Horticultural Products, Live Stock, Poultry, Machinery, Ladies' Work, and Merchants' Displays will far excel all previous years.

BABY SHOW---EVENING OF THE 18th

NAPANEE BAND

in attendance on both days, and evening of the 18th

Horse Races Each Afternoon

For full information apply to 15

E. MING, V. S., Secy.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



"Your Servants, Madam!"

The Gold Dust Twins are always ready to work; they are certainly artists in the cleaning line. There's nothing cleanable which

Gold Dust Washing Powder

will not clean—and do it better, more quickly and more economically than anything else can. You are not serving your best interests if you're trying to keep house without GOLD DUST.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST

Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

KAI WANG;

A TALE OF SOUTHERN CHINA.

CHAPTER XXX.

From afar the royal palace could be seen in the daytime, its marble walls gleaming snow-white, and its tiled roof glowing in the light of the sun, an object of constant wonder, speculation and awe to the people of Peking whose feet have never defiled the streets of the Sacred City.

Lord Rackett's eyes had many times searched along its walls, as far as they could be seen from the place where he took his observation, and with the curiosity that seems a heritage among Anglo-Saxons the world over. He had even sighed for an opportunity to tread those forbidden lanes, to look upon the imperial palace within and without, and discover something of the quaint methods in vogue among the mysterious Council of State that met so solemnly at daybreak each morning in the Palace of Heavenly Purity.

It was hard for Plympton to believe that the wished-for opportunity had come at last, when he might learn all he had desired to discover, and possibly more in the bargain, being at the same time engaged upon an errand of mercy that must redound to his credit whenever mentioned in the presence of those who loved liberty.

Kai Wang marched on just in advance, ready to do any talking that might be necessary, and cutting quite a wide swath in his important bearing, as though still acting the part of a mandarin.

Probably there was not one of them out who wished most earnestly that he night was over, and their work accomplished.

Who would not have done so under the same conditions, with unknown perils in various shapes and guises surrounding them, and the whole future in uncertain prospect?

It is always much more pleasant, not to mention the solid comfort of the thing, to look back at privations and dangers, and figure how close a call his or that came near being, than the actual experience itself proves.

Devious windings, followed by Kai Wang for a policy of his own, finally brought them to a certain point in the rear of a towering building, which Lord Rackett at once judged to be the identical imperial palace that was the ultimate object of their sojourn within the hostile walls of the inner city.

He surveyed the marble pile with interest.

It had a massive look, as though capable of resisting considerable force; hough, of course, this would only apply to the regulation Chinese method of battering rams. One ordinary modern gun would riddle the edifice like a sieve and send it clattering about the startled ears of the imperial law-makers.

To our little party of adventurers the old surface of stone looked very formidable; and, left to themselves, Larry and the Englishman would have been hard pressed to discover some modus operandi whereby an entrance might be effected.

More than ever were they forced to be conviction that Kai Wang stood to them in the light of the wizard whose magic wand was to open these doors of brass and show them the way to the luncheon beneath.

Fortunate, indeed, might they deem themselves who had such a bright mind

What fatality was there about it all that the chosen time should so interfere with their own little arrangements?

Undoubtedly the known fact that the Emperor had signed Dr. Jack's railroad concession, which had in some miraculous manner also slipped through Tsung-li-Yamen, had been the main cause of his secret deposition.

The Dowager Empress would countenance no rival, and chose to side with the Russian party in opposition to the best-read and most thoroughly cultivated among the leaders of Chinese public opinion.

Something connected with her past, long before she was taken from the common people and made the favorite wife of the former Emperor, had caused her to hate the British; and she never lost an opportunity to show this miserable temper toward them when it was considered safe to do so.

Kai Wang was not the man to waste precious time in bemoaning fads that could not be avoided.

He had simply made a plain statement of the case, telling what he knew and what he had reason to believe, so that his friends might understand the difficulties they had to contend with.

This done, his duty was completed up to the point of action, and he turned philosophically to the task in hand.

China may appear to be the land of dragons and enchantments; the popular mind may feed upon the wonderful doings of sorcerers and magicians, and even look upon the spirits of the dead as coming back to inhabit other lower forms, whence they can keep watch and ward over those for whose welfare they may have been solicitous when on earth. All the same, their methods of accomplishing the numerous little things that crop up in the everyday experience of most men are based upon the matter-of-fact ways of less fanciful nations.

In a word, the Chinese, while fond of superstition and flowery language, are a distinctly human race, and have to live like other people.

Thus, the wise and sapient seer, Kai Wang, instead of waving his wizard arms and mumbling a mystic creed before which bolts and bars must give way, carefully produced a great key from under his gown, and in the most prosaic manner possible proceeded to fit it in the brass door; just for all the world as though he were the king's high chamberlain, and, in the ordinary pursuit of his duties, intended paying a visit to the rear and more secluded portion of the massive pile yecept a palace.

And Lord Rackett, who had little faith in the potency of charms, and talismans, while placing sturdy dependence upon the effect of brawn and brain tissue, rejoiced to know their guide disdained to avail himself of the privileges of his race, and rose superior to the occasion.

It was a moment of some suspense to them, so many chances seemed hanging in the balance.

Would the key fit the lock? Might they hope to escape observation with the street close by and the deep moat at the bottom of the elevation, upon which some noisy party of voyagers seemed to be moving in one or more boats?

Larry looked to the right and to the left with not a little concern.

Walls towered above, walls that could

cause something of a strained relation between the two governments.

This was no new idea, however.

He had considered the question from all sides at the time he determined to embark upon the adventure, and throw his fortunes in with Larry and Dr. Jack's widow.

Besides, the vague dream he had many times indulged in was apparently coming to pass, and his opportunity to gaze upon the curious phases of the mysterious Purple City had arrived.

Perhaps—who could say?—they might be given a chance to see something of the astonishing event that, according to Kai Wang, was taking place in the royal palace this night.

Really, it would be something of which he could speak boastfully in the future if he might be a witness to the diplomacy of the Dowager Empress, and see the new Emperor possibly even before the mandarins had a chance to make his acquaintance.

Deep down in his heart Plympton deplored the necessity of their being compelled to labor under such additional disadvantages.

The whole imperial city was undoubtedly under additional guards, and as to the palace itself, he feared lest it must be swarming with those soldiers devoted heart and soul to the service of that wonderful woman whose hand continued to hold the pulse of all China, administering to the wants of the empire as a doctor would to those of his patient.

And if Turkey was formerly and rightly called the Sick Man of Europe, surely China occupies that position in Asia to-day.

It is feared that the multiplicity of doctors who have forced their services upon China, with a bill in the shape of a concession, and who follow each dose with calomel or hypodermic injection, will play the deuce with the country.

Surely there is much truth in that venerable axiom to the effect that "too many cooks spoil the broth."

Kai Wang had evidently made his calculations and come prepared for emergencies.

The presence of the magic key that had unlocked the palace door spoke eloquently of his foresight, and other things destined to follow would prove equally as forcible in declaring the readiness with which he could grasp his opportunity.

It was all simple enough, once the fact became known that Kai Wang, maker of half the great and small images worshiped in the joss house and private homes throughout the empire, was hand-in-glove with the mighty Li Hung Chang, and had made many secret pilgrimages into the Sacred City and the imperial palace, unbeknown to the kcen-witted Empress.

Indeed, he probably knew every nook and cranny of the palace better than the soldiers guarding the secret edifice.

Of course, when the door had been closed, they found themselves in the most impenetrable darkness, but this did not long continue to worry them.

Kai Wang found a lantern—just such an ancient relic as was in common use among the conservative natives; good enough for their forefathers and, consequently, good enough for them.

Where he got hold of the relic, Lord Rackett did not know, but it had evidently served his purpose on many a previous surreptitious visit to the Palace of Golden Hopes, and the guide knew just where to place a hand upon it, even when darkness reigned supreme.

When a match had been applied, a cheerful glow prevailed.

No one can appreciate the value of light until he has been deprived of its benefits for a greater or less period. There seems to be a sense of protection in its presence, as though the evil spirits that haunt the darkness have been exorcised by the yellow rays.

At least all our friends rejoiced to see the coming of this new factor in the game.

Of course, there was more or less danger that this friendly illumination might betray them to the foe, supposed

MOST AMAZING ROMANCE

LAKE OF GUATAVITA SAID TO CONTAIN VAST WEALTH.

Capitalists Interested in an Effort to Recover \$500,000,000 From the "Gilded Man."

A small city office situated in London, England, news is anxiously awaited from a man who is sitting on the edge of a mountain lake in Colombia, Central America, waiting for rain. Heavy rain may mean for him, and for those in the city office in London the recovery of treasure worth, so experts say, at least \$500,000,000. The hero of the vigil is H. Knowles, managing director in Bogota of Contractors, Limited.

The story of the company is one of the most amazing romances of treasure-seeking in history. The Lake of Guatavita, in Colombia, lies in the basin formed by the cone of an extinct volcano. It is nine to ten thousand feet above the sea level, and it is but a few miles from the thriving little coal city of Bogota. Many centuries ago it was the Sacred Lake of the Chibchas, a race which at the time of the Spanish conquest numbered over 1,000,000 individuals. The Chibchas worshipped the "Gilded Man," and devoutly believed that their deity made his home at the bottom of the Lake of Guatavita. Periodically they are declared to have made pilgrimages to the lake, when they cast every imaginable kind of treasure, gold, silver and jewels into the waters with the object of propitiating the "Gilded Man," who through his army of priests threatened all kinds of pains and penalties unless the treasure were offered in sufficient quantities. The story of the Chibchas has many times been investigated by travellers, and all agree in believing that the lake contains untold treasures. Humboldt, the famous traveler and historian, was one of those who estimated its value at \$500,000,000.

A PROSAIC BRITISH SYNDICATE.

Quesada, the Spanish conqueror of the Chibchas, was told the story of the treasure, and succeeded in reducing the water of the lake, then 214 feet deep, to fifteen feet. Then the sides fell in and all his labor was wasted. Further attempts were abandoned, and the lake regained to a very large extent its former depth. When the Spanish great administrator failed, however, Contractors, Limited, a prosaic British syndicate, formed just over six years ago, has determined to succeed. The syndicate was formed for the purpose of exploiting a concession obtained from the Colombian Government to drain the lake and recover for their own use the treasure believed to be hidden by its waters. Among its directors are R. J. Price, M. P. for the eastern division of Norfolk, chairman, and C. J. de Murietta. Its capital was originally \$150,000, and was increased to \$170,000 in 1903.

After six years of hard work, however, some of those connected with the company are beginning to believe that the "Gilded Man" is still at the bottom of the lake guarding his treasure. Encouraging finds of isolated gold and silver gods, and jewelled goddesses have from time to time supported the tradition of the treasure, but so far the dreams of untold wealth have not materialized. First the lake was drained. It was not an easy task, for it is some nine miles in length, and unforeseen difficulties were continually confronting the workers. The most harassing of these was the constant rain, which, winter and summer, hardly ever ceased.

At last, however, towards the end of 1903 the welcome news reached London that Mr. Knowles and his staff of engineers and workmen had succeeded in cutting through the basin of the lake, and the water had been drained off successfully. There was a great jubilation, and preparations were made for the large consignments of gold, silver and

the conviction that Kai Wang stood to them in the light of the wizard whose magic wand was to open these doors of brass and show them the way to the dungeon beneath.

Fortunate, indeed, might they deem themselves who had such a bright mind at their beck and call.

Heaven knows they had need of him. Alone in the streets of the jealously-guarded Forbidden City, they would necessarily soon have attracted attention, and drawn upon their heads the fearful wrath of outraged Chinese law.

Indeed, but for the guide they could never have crossed the barriers save by balloon or some ingenious flying machine.

It was with considerable interest, coupled with natural curiosity, that they waited to see what line of action Kai Wang would adopt in order to solve the puzzle which faced them.

They never doubted his ability for a moment; and when he signified that they should cluster about him so that he could speak in a soft voice, one and all understood affairs had reached a crisis where the guide desired a conference, or else wished to graphically explain just what lay beyond.

"Kai Wang had by degrees come to a conclusion that promised to be unpleasant for them—at least, it complicated matters considerably.

From the start many things had told him this unusual activity in the Forbidden City indicated something out of the common run.

His suspicions were aroused by lights in the windows of the palace where such illumination was rarely seen; and, after observing these, and many other signs that were of an ominous nature to the man who understood Chinese character and could read back of them, Kai Wang solemnly declared the night of nights had surely come when the will of the resolute Dowager Empress was about to be made dominant, and in all probability a change of puppet emperors take effect.

Little cared the Chinese people. So long as they had to be ruled, one Emperor was the same as another; and such a firm hold had the Dowager Empress taken upon the cabinet that she had been able to make them do her will, even to temporarily banishing China's great diplomat, the wealthy and powerful viceroy, Li Hung Chang.

Little would our friends have bothered us to who might be nominal Emperor of the vast territory and domain along the sea and back to the table lands of the Pamirs, on the crest of the lofty Himalayas, had the change of emperors occurred on any other than this one particular night, which they had selected to test the favor of fortune.

It really seemed very unfortunate that such great events, each virtually important in their way to those who engineered them, should be set down upon the calendar as destined to come off upon the same occasion, and Larry was warned in the fear and belief that these dates might in some way somehow conflict.

This would, of course, be to their detriment, as they were the weaker party.

Since their advice had not been asked in the premises and was not desired, all they could do was to push straight on and trust to Providence and the sagacious Kai Wang to keep trouble at arm's length.

This venerable section of old Peking has doubtless witnessed many strange spectacles in its day, which extends back far into the remote past; yet it would be safe to say that a more desperate and quixotic mission was never undertaken within those walls than the one that now engrossed our friends' attention.

It annoyed Plympton to know that their mission of humanity was brought in peril because, forsooth, a woman, despairing of accomplishing her sweet will with the sickly and yet stubborn monarch of the Li Hing Chang party upon the throne, chose to take this very night as a time most fitting for the substitution of another in the place of the present ruler.

the street close by and the deep moat at the bottom of the elevation, upon which some noisy party of voyagers seemed to be moving in one or more boats?

Larry looked to the right and to the left with not a little concern.

Walls towered above, walls that could not be scaled, the blocks of marble being as smooth as plate glass.

How thankful they should be that there was no silvery moon hung up like a great lantern up in the heavens, to betray their suspicious actions to some hovering sentry.

In all his experience Larry had seen nothing in Chinese cities to equal these imperial palaces; for, like the Japanese, the people of the Flowery Kingdom seem to think more of a bamboo roof, thatched to keep off the water, than anything in the shape of a proper domicile, so that a man might call his home his castle.

By the time Larry had looked in all directions and grasped their bearings to some degree, he heard a low exclamation from Kai Wang, and, turning, found the astute individual holding the great brass door open, and by his action inviting his friends to accept of the hospitality afforded by the most wonderful of all palaces within the Forbidden City's walled boundaries.

CHAPTER XXXI.

They were now well started upon the campaign, and had reached a point where it was about as easy to advance as retreat.

Kai Wang stood holding open the door, and the big Englishman was the first to accept the invitation so plainly expressed; indeed, it was only right that he should do so, since his countrymen have this long time been loudly declaring their adherence to the "open-door" policy in China.

Besides, Lord Rackett was by nature a man who scorned danger.

Larry had cast that comprehensive glance all around him ere committing himself to the gloom of the palace.

It was really a desire to get his bearings, and not such a final farewell look as a condemned criminal might expect to cast about him ere taking up the death march to the gallows.

He did not forget that it devolved upon him to defend Avis, now that she seemed no longer to have her legal protector.

Larry had ere now proved to the complete satisfaction of all concerned that in spite of his limited stature, he could assume this office with honor, and was no foe to be despised.

Thus, then, the little party went in, peaceably enough, and with at least fair hopes that their future would be safe in the hands of the keen-witted Kai Wang, devoted to their cause.

What their coming out might be, the future alone must declare.

The atmosphere and sky gave them no warning of what awaited them beyond.

Unlike the sailors who plowed the vast ocean, no barometer could tell them when a hurricane bore down with mighty force that called for reefed sails.

Consequently, it was necessary for them to be prepared at all times for an emergency, and this was pretty much of a tax and strain.

When they had entered, Kai Wang proceeded to close and secure the brass door again, having reasons of his own for being so particular; nor did any of the others dream of questioning the wisdom of that policy.

So long as the big key remained fast in his girdle, they could make their speedy exit when the proper time for decamping arrived.

The mere conviction that he was actually under the roof of the royal palace was quite enough to give Lord Rackett a thrill.

Perhaps certain strange thoughts floated athwart his mind, for he was still in a measure connected with the diplomatic service of Great Britain, and if this fact ever came out, it was apt to

been excused by the yellow rays. At least all our friends rejoiced to see the coming of this new factor in the game.

Of course, there was more or less danger that this friendly illumination might betray them to the foe, supposed to be vigilant upon this night of nights; but that was a chance of war which they had to accept, and from which there was no escape.

Larry had seen some of his friend's work before now, and could give a fairly good guess as to what he might do should they run across some of the Chinese soldiers in the passages of the palace.

Kai Wang had not manufactured all manner of marvellous gods during these years without discovering the strong features in such models as appealed to the populace.

He had also studied the nature of his fellow Celestials with considerable profit both to mind and pocket, and was in a position to take advantage of his knowledge.

Unless Larry was considerably out in his conjecture, there would be some surprise in store for the doughty warriors of the empress, should an unhappy fortune insist upon rubbing them up against this same unique Kai Wang.

(To be continued).

WATCH THAT SPEAKS THE TIME.

A Swiss watchmaker has invented a watch which speaks the time from a tiny phonograph. A very small hard rubber plate has the vibrations of the human voice imprinted on it, and is actuated by clock-work, so that at a given time the articulation is made, indicating the hour. The utterance is sufficiently strong to be heard 20 feet away. It is possible by means of a device of this kind to combine sentiment with utility, as the vibrations can be made by any clear voice, and a man's watch may tell him the time in the tones of wife or children.

THANKS FOR FOOD.

A pretty table observance in Danish families is for children, even little ones who can scarcely toddle, to go gravely after dinner to salute their parents and say, "Tak for mad" ("Thanks for the meal"). Even visitors shake hands with their host and hostess and go through the same formality. In German families that hold to tradition the same custom prevails. When the evening meal is ended the party stand up around the table and each shakes hands with the neighbor, saying, "Gesegete Mahlzeit"—blessing the food.

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Another Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

Wife: "I caught Bridget starting the fire this morning with paraffin, John." Husband: "How much do we owe her?"

Wife: "Four months' wages." Husband: "Well, let her go on with the paraffin."



Don't quit. Mr. Knowles and his staff of engineers and workmen had succeeded in cutting through the basin of the lake, and the water had been drained off successfully. There was a great jubilation, and preparations were made for the large consignments of gold, silver and jewels which might be expected to arrive by the next boats. Unfortunately, however, the water is not the only barrier on which the "Gilded Man" has to rely for the safekeeping of his treasure. The jubilation in London was summarily ended by a cablegram stating that twenty-five feet of solid mud, or some 30,000,000 cubic feet in all, still lay between the treasure seekers and their quest. A new engineering feat was decided on—the construction of a great dam across the hole made in the side of the basin terminating in a shaft through which the mud should be washed and carefully precipitated, so as to secure the gold and silver treasures as they were distributed from their hiding place of centuries. The dam was constructed, and with it the cleansing shaft, but while the work was in progress a strange thing had happened.

WAITING FOR THE RAIN NOW.

The "Gilded Man" was evidently at work again. For over three years the engineers had worked in the rain, in such a downpour, indeed, as was unprecedented in Central America. As the water ran from the lake, however, the rain had stopped, and a drought equally without a parallel in the history of the country set in. For more than two and a half years not a drop of rain has fallen at the scene of the operations and when the engineers had completed the construction of the dam it was only to find that the sun had baked the 30,000,000 cubic feet of mud into the consistency of hard rock. Then, metaphorically speaking, the engineers sat down and wept. The rock-like substance still lies as an impenetrable bomb-proof lid over the golden gods and the silver dishes and ornaments, to say nothing of the jeweled goddesses and their glittering handmaidens. The few natives in the region, remnants of the great race of Chibchas, occasionally visit the scene, and smile cheerfully at the downcast Englishmen. "It is all the work of the 'Gilded Man,' who is watching over his treasure mountain," they say, and they plainly hint that when the rain comes—if ever it does come—to soften the mud, some other obstacle will defeat the desire of the treasure-seekers. Letter after letter from Mr. Knowles to the little office in London dejectedly refers to the determined opposition Nature has placed in his way. "I regret to say rain absolutely refuses to fall here," he wrote in one of his letters. The "Gilded Man" is taking care of his own.

SPELLING AT BREAKFAST.

Mr. Topnoody had been to a minstrel show over night, and the funny conundrums and jokes he heard set him thinking. So at breakfast he began on Mrs. Topnoody. She was fretful, and not very much in the humor for pleasantries, but Topnoody slashed away.

"I say, Mrs. Topnoody, can you spell money with four letters?"

"No, I can't," she said.

"Ha, ha! That's good. A woman never can get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a man can. Well, the way to spell it is c-a-s-h. Isn't that money?"

Mrs. T. failed to smile, and Topnoody started out with another.

"Wait a minute," she interrupted.

"I've got one. Let's see if you can guess it. Spell Topnoody with five letters."

Topnoody puckered his brows awhile, and gave it up.

"Ha, ha!" laughed Mrs. T. "That's good. A man can never get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a woman can. Well, the way to spell it is I-d-i-o-t. Isn't that Topnoody?"

But Topnoody never smiled, and the breakfast was finished in silence, except for an occasional chuckle from Mrs. Topnoody's end of the table.

WHY GIRLS ARE PALE.

They Need the Rich, Red Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

Three years ago Miss Ellen Roberts, who holds the position of saleslady in one of the leading stores in Halifax, N. S., was a pale delicate looking young woman, who then lived at home with her parents at Amherst, N. S. She complained of general weakness and loss of appetite. Her blood was thin and watery and she grew thinner day by day until she looked almost a shadow. Her cheeks were sunken, all trace of color had left her face and her friends feared she was going into decline. "I had no energy," says Miss Roberts, "and suffered so much from the headaches and dizziness and other symptoms of anaemia that I felt I did not care whether I lived or died. One day, however, when reading our local paper I read a testimonial given by a young girl in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as her symptoms were almost identical with my own I determined to try this medicine. Before I had used the second box I began to feel benefit, and I continued taking the pills until I had used seven or eight boxes, by which time I was fully restored to health." To-day Miss Roberts looks as though she had never been ill a day in her life, and she has no hesitation in saying she owes her present energy and health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Bad blood is the cause of all common diseases like anaemia, headaches, paleness, general weakness, heart palpitation, neuralgia, indigestion, and the special ailments that only womenfolk know. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure these common ailments because they make rich, red, health-giving blood, bracing the jangled nerves and giving strength to every organ in the body. Do not take any pills without the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SEA WOLF LED SEAL RAID

THE MOST ROMANTIC FIGURE ON PACIFIC COAST.

He and His Schooner Have Figured Largely in Piratical Raids on the Rookeries.

Despatches from Dutch Harbor, Alaska, indicate that the raid on the seal rookeries of St. Paul Island, which resulted in the death of five Japanese poachers, was led by Alex. McLean, one of the most romantic figures of the Pacific coast, and the original of more than one hero of popular fiction.

Probably no sea ranger since Capt. Kidd has figured so prominently in story though the public history of this remarkable person extends over not more than a dozen years.

Although well known in the Aleutians and Behring Sea for some time, Capt. McLean's personality was first disclosed to the country at large in May, 1904, in the harbor of San Francisco. It was supposed then that his schooner, the Carmencita, was fitting out for a nefarious sealing expedition, but nothing could be proved against her, and she was permitted to sail out of the Golden Gate as free as the west wind. It was rumored soon afterward that she had picked up a sealing outfit in Half Moon Bay and proceeded to the Kuriles and the Smoky Sea, as she was reported in that neighborhood at various times for a year.

Capt. McLean was next heard of when still master of the Carmencita. He was arrested in September, 1905, in Victoria, B. C., by the Canadian authorities at the request of the American Consul. Again nothing definite was ob-

TWO GERMANS LIVE ON NOTHING.

Secret of the Simple Life Is Solved at Last.

Two German professors have solved the problem of how to live on "nothing a day." They are at present leading an exceedingly simple existence in Kabakon, a small island in the Bismarck archipelago, in the South Seas, where their food consists only of coconuts, their clothes of loin cloths and their amusements of sitting in the sea reading or watching native dancers.

The discovery of how to live on nothing was made by Prof. Engleheart, of Munich and Erlangen Universities. He suffered from ill health from his childhood, and nine years ago he started experimenting with a fruit diet.

He was soon convinced that the fruits obtainable in Europe were not most suitable, and in 1901 he left for Ceylon, and after experimenting there and in Kabakon, he has come to the conclusion that the coconut is the original, and therefore the most suitable, food of man.

The professor was joined fifteen months ago by Dr. A. Bethmann, and the two are now living on coconuts at a cost of nothing per day.

H. M. Robson, of Cowan-terrace, Newcastle-on-tyne, who has just returned to London after a pleasure trip to Kabakon, gives an interesting account of the professor's simple life.

"I went out by the German-Lloyd boat for a holiday. The trip lasted seventeen weeks and cost less than \$200," he said. "I found both the professors in very good health. I adopted the coconut diet myself, and found it agreed with me excellently.

"The coconuts are quite different from those seen in this country. They are fresh and soft, and are eaten with a spoon, like butter. The nut is full of a fresh milk, and that is the only drink used.

"The island is a land of perpetual spring. It is thickly covered with vegetation, is only two miles long and one broad, and is an ideal place to take a trip to," concluded Mr. Robson. "I should strongly advise anyone who can spare the time to go. Visitors will be warmly welcomed by the professors, and the only expense will be the passage money, for living there costs nothing."

JAPANESE RAILWAYS.

Some of the institutions on Japanese railways are peculiar to that country. One of these is a smear of paint across the windows of third-class carriages. This is made necessary because thousands of native travellers in Japan, accustomed to only paper walls for letting in light, have no knowledge of glass. Its utter transparency leads them to believe that the window is simply a hole in the side of the car. With painful results many native passengers have stupidly attempted to slick their heads through the glass. For a long time ambulances from receiving hospitals had to meet nearly every train arriving in Japanese cities, and hence the streak of paint is a warning to the Oriental farmer from the back country that there is something more than atmosphere in the window.

HOW IT SPREADS.

The first package of Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid (the infallible Pile cure) that was put out went to a small town in Nebraska.

It cured a case of Piles that was considered hopeless.

The news spread, and the demand prompted Dr. J. S. Leonhardt, of Lincoln, Neb., the discoverer, to prepare it for general use. Now it is being sent to all parts of the world.

It will cure any case of Piles. \$1.00, with absolute guarantee. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"You say you think George does not

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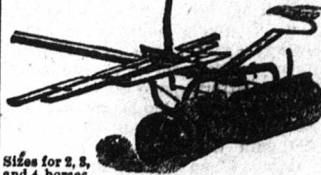
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\$34,000—FOR INVESTMENT—Block of new solid brick houses, under five years' lease to pay over 10 per cent. net: most centrally situated on quiet residential street. As owner has other houses under construction these are offered at a bargain.

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LANDS In Western Canada

Two cornering sections, selected lands in Saskatchewan, only 8 miles from two railways, C.P.R. & G.T.P. Strong soil, 90 per cent. plough land, spring creek, no sloughs. About 40 miles N.E. of Indian Head. Price \$10.50 per acre. Write for map and full particulars.

R. PARSONS, 91 Wellesley Street, Toronto, Canada.

and the Smoky Sea, as she was reported in that neighborhood at various times for a year.

Capt. McLean was next heard of when still master of the Carnenita. He was arrested in September, 1905, in Victoria, B. C., by the Canadian authorities at the request of the American Consul. Again nothing definite was obtained against his schooner, for this time she was under the Mexican flag.

SAILED UNDER VARIOUS FLAGS.

Cleared of this specific trouble, McLean appeared at various points in the Pacific, sometimes under his own flag, sometimes under the Norwegian emblem; and then the captains of the revenue cutters in the North began to recall him as the chief of many a furious raid of previous years. It was always said he was close to piracy, but it could never be proved against him. He was suspected and was challenged, but never convicted.

The Commander Islands, owned by the Russians, presented about that time the finest of all killing grounds for the holluschikie. The "Asiatic herd" was the technical term for this seal people; and, knowing that the Russian navy was busy in another part of the world, McLean descended in his might, expecting to meet with no resistance. But the coast guard was as crafty as he, and beat him off.

McLean was overwhelmed once, too, on the perimeter of the restricted Pribiloff group by the British cruiser Sheerwater, but again the Mexican flag afforded him protection until that Government finally withdrew it by revoking his license.

It is not at all improbable that Kipling elevated the captain into verse in "The Rhyme of the Three Sealers," when the guilty Reuben Paine of the Stralsund asserts:—

"But I've six thousand skins below and Yeddo Port so see;
And there's never a law of God or man runs north of Fifty-three."

It remained, however, for Jack London to portray one of the darkest figures in fiction, for the terrible form of Wolf Larsen was hewn, it is said, from the life of Alexander McLean.

REMARKABLE ATHLETIC FEAT.

An exacting all-round test has just been accomplished by a young Indian officer, Mr. K. Barge, of the 17th Cavalry. The scene of this exploit was a level mile on the road between Bannu and Dehra Ismail Khan, and this mile Mr. Barge had to cover four times — at a run, at a walk, on a horse, and on a bicycle—in 20 minutes. He walked the first mile in 7 minutes 52 3-5 seconds, ran the second in 5 minutes 12 seconds, galloped the third in 2 minutes 4 seconds, and bicycled the fourth in 2 minutes, 59 2-5 seconds, thus achieving his task in 19 minutes 8 seconds (inclusive of the time taken in changing mounts), and winning with 52 seconds to spare.

OUT AT LAST.

"Why do they call these dentists' offices dental parlors?" asked Smith of his friend.

"Why, parlor is the old-fashioned name for drawing-room."

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
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per. and \$1.00; all druggists.

prompted Dr. J. S. Leonard, of Lincoln, Neb., the discoverer, to prepare it for general use. Now it is being sent to all parts of the world.

It will cure any case of Piles. \$1.00, with absolute guarantee. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"You say you think George does not love you as much as he used to do?" "Yes." "Why so, dear?" "Well, whenever we're alone he talks as sensibly as if we weren't."

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Fenshaw: "I hear you are to wed Colonel Swinger, Mrs. Grasse. He's a noble fellow, every inch a soldier, born to command." Widow Grasse: "H'm! We'll see about that, Mr. Fenshaw; we'll see about that."

When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloway's Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

He: "Ah! Before you married me you used to think there couldn't be another man like me, and now—"

She: "Now I'm sure of it—there couldn't."

Rose-colored spots on the bodies of children are sometimes mistaken for measles. The trouble may be roseola, a local disease of the skin. Promptly cured with Woorer's Cerate.

"Will you think of me when I'm gone?" asked the lovelorn youth, who seemed unable to tear himself from her presence. "Oh, yes," answered the fair one, as she struggled a yawn. "That is, if you ever give me the opportunity."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

"Have you seen Professor Gabbleton, the scientist, lately?" "Yes; I listened to him for more than an hour at the club last night." "Indeed! What was he talking about?" "He didn't say."

No Alcohol in It.—Alcohol or any other volatile matter which would impair strength by evaporation does not in any shape enter into the manufacture of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Nor do climatic changes affect it. It is as serviceable in the Arctic Circle as in the Torrid Zone, perhaps more useful in the higher latitudes, where man is more subject to colds from exposure to the elements.

Mr. Graspall: "Yes, you can marry my daughter if you like; but I tell you candidly she won't have a penny until I die. Are you still of the same mind?" Young Doctor: "Will you permit me to medically examine you, sir?"

Overworked Persons, either mentally or physically, should try "Ferrovin," the world renowned nerve and blood tonic and they will quickly recover strength and health.

"Ah, Amelia!" he cried, fervently. "I am not rich in this world's goods, nor am I as clever as are some men. But if a tender and everlasting love goes for anything—" "It goes with me all right," she interrupted. "But, Henry, I'm afraid it won't go with the tradesmen."

A Sound Stomach Means a Clear Head.—The high pressure of a nervous life which business men of the present day are constrained to live make draughts upon their vitality highly detrimental to their health. It is only by the most careful treatment that they are able to keep themselves alert and active in their various callings, many of them know the value of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in regulating the stomach and consequently keeping the

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NEW YORK EXCURSION.

The Lackawanna Railroad will sell tickets round trip from Buffalo to New York and return, \$10.00, on August 29th, good returning to September 2nd inclusive. Special features: Bryan \$10.000 reception and banquet; Labor Day in America's capital of Labor; Holiday in the world's merriest city, base ball, races, Coney Island, etc. Lackawanna Limited at 9.30 a.m., 10.50; The Bryan Special at 9.00 a.m., and trains at 3.15 a.m., 5.30 p.m., 8.45 and 11.30 p.m., \$10.00. Children half fare. Go with the crowd on the Road of Anthracite, August 29th. Full information, reservations, etc., call of phone A. Leadley, Canadian Agent, 75 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont., or Fred P. Fox, D.P.A., D.L.&W., 289 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lena: "Fred didn't blow his brains out because you jilted him the other night; he came right over and proposed to me." Maud: "Did he? Then he must have got rid of them in some other way."

Mild in Their Action.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

PALACES AND THE PEOPLE.

Homes of Kings Now Public Show-Places.

The great royal chateaux, not of Touraine only, but of the world, are all nearing their appointed end of public ownership, says Richard Whiteing in the July Century. Kings build; peoples inherit, the palace in its uses broadens slowly down to the multitude. The smaller houses sometimes fall by purchase to the middle class, but that is only the change in one of its stages. The larger ones soon reach their ultimate destiny of the museum and the pleasure-ground; and this even in countries and at times that are not distinctively republican. Louis XIV. built Versailles; who holds it now? The caretaker for the man in the street. The Louvre is a museum; the Tuilleries has gone—to make way for a garden. Kensington Palace is now among the sights of London. Windsor Castle is not much more. And lately, when there happened to be no music for the visitors to the castle on a public holiday the royal band, "to prevent disappointment," was heartily recalled from a distant scene. The Tower of London, once a palace, now holds the regalia that serve as a toy for the crowd. Potsdam and Sans Souci are, for all and several, in the same sense; so is the huge Escorial. The Kremlin of the Czars is no better, and even the Hermitage, which, strictly speaking, is one of the halls of the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg, is a picture gallery to which all could find their way, until the Nihilists threatened its integrity.

"Halloa, old man!" exclaimed Bull at the reception. "It's a delightful surprise to see you here." "So good of you to say so," replied Corbyn. "Yes; you see, I was afraid I wouldn't find any but bright and clever people present."

Spiced.—One peck of crabapples, 7 pounds brown sugar, 1 quart good cider vinegar, 5 cents worth stick cinnamon, whole cloves, allspice and nutmeg. Boil all together; take out apples and cook down juice, pour it over fruit and can

WANTED

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and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 155, Montreal.

MIXED FARM OR SMALL RANCH FOR SALE.

1850 acres, excellent shelter, wood, water any hay, land rolling soil chiefly deep black loam, suitable for grain, good crops on adjoining lands, about two-thirds can be ploughed, one-and-a-half miles river frontage, and one-and-a-half miles of the picturesque Jumping Pond Creek, with open spring ensuring a never-failing water supply, first-class trout fishing, 200 acres can be irrigated. The ranch is fenced into pastures all connected by subways with 12 miles of four-wire cedar post fencing. There are two small houses and out-buildings on the property, situated within half-a-mile of the school, church, post-office and shipping point of Cochrane, Alberta. Price \$12.00 per acre.

G. E. GODDARD, Cochrane, Alta.

THE RADIUM CLOCK.

We cannot say that perpetual motion has actually been discovered, but the radium clock comes very near to it. A small quantity of radium is put in a glass tube, at the lower end of which is an electroscope with two long strips of silver. The activity of the radium induces the "minus beta" rays to be conducted to the tips, when the leaves of the electroscope expand and touch the sides of two conducting wires. Of course, the currents are at once released and the leaves fall back again. The beats are repeated every two minutes, and the calculation is that it will continue for no less than 30,000 years, which is about as near to perpetuity as anyone need trouble about.

Invalid: "Doctor, I must positively insist upon knowing the worst." Dr. Wise: "Well, I think my bill will be about one hundred dollars."

Jack: "Engagement is off, eh? Has she sent him back the ring?" Tom: "No; that's what's bothering him. He owes money on that ring."

Libby's Food Products

enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.

All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.

Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the good parts packed.

For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's Melrose Pate—with Libby's Camp Sauce.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



BURDENS THAT CURSE

Hints For Those Who Have Succeeded In Turning People From Religion.

They bind heavy burdens and grievous to be borne, and lay them on men's shoulders; but they themselves will not move them with one of their fingers—Matt. xxiii., 4.

What a relief to discover that the Almighty's requirements are not the same as those set up by His self-nominated representatives. The small man always has a multitude of rules—for other people. The infinite wisdom sets before man only great and broad principles for his guidance. After all, it is a much simpler thing to do right and to live a religious life than many would have us suppose. The complexities are of our making.

Religion has suffered from people who have an itch to be regulators; they seek to escape the practice of the deeds of righteousness by devotion to the enactment of its regulations. They seek to compound with their consciences for the lusts to which they yield by excessive restrictions regarding those for which they have no desire.

These creators of burden, these childish inventors of trivial regulations and deprivations, have succeeded in turning many a heart back into the desert. Men longing for larger life, looking to the way of religion and seeing nothing but innumerable and infinitesimal legal negotiations, have turned away

EMPTY AND DISAPPOINTED.

Hearts hungry for the infinite have turned perplexed from a church that says, if you would find God and life you must put your soul into the harness that we have been making these thousand years, the harness of prejudice, prohibitions, penalties, and proscriptions; if you would be pious you must cultivate a woebegone visage, speak in a whine, and take all life as if it were a nauseating dose. Thank God there always were those who would rather go empty than get into this harness.

Religion, real religion in the soul of man, seeks to get out of the narrow, gravelike pen into the place where God seems to be; the spirit of worship cries out for the large spaces, the soul swings

in sublime circles about the stars. Religion cannot breathe where men crowd thick in angry debate about foolish questions; it seeks to be where rustling leaves and southing winds are breathing their adoration of a God who inhabits eternity.

The only safe way, the only one along which lie both happiness and usefulness, is to live out the life you have within, to be natural, to tell the truth to yourself. Don't call yourself a vile worm of the dust when you believe you are a fairly decent citizen, and don't pose for a portrait in the church window type when you know that you belong with the tricky traders in the temple.

If we but knew it, there is enough good in every one of us waiting expression both to keep us busy and to make up, and more than make up for our deficiencies in those virtues we envy.

MANY A MAN IS SIGHING

because he cannot be Saint Anthony who is doing a great deal more good in the world by just going on with his every day business of blacksmith or merchant. Live out your present best; that is what the world needs; it will lead to the things yet better.

Honest, plain, straight, square dealing has its increment in religion as well as in business. If you want to be a better man the simple, easy, and only way is to make the most of the good you already have; setting busy the virtues we possess we soon find ourselves blest with those we had admired afar off, but perplexing our hearts with the burdensome restrictions manufactured by others, even the good we have become ill.

As a matter of fact, men who are rich in character seldom have time for moral inventory; they simply go on living their best, neither knowing nor caring whether men think they are wealthy or bankrupt in the things within. No man ever loses any of his virtues by saying little about them. It is only the man who has a small stock who sets it all in the window.

HENRY F. COPE.

the man's heart and life we must take into account the supernatural knowledge which he possessed, and which was necessary for his work.

For to-day—lit. this very day. Both the choice of the word, and its position at the beginning of the clause heighten the emphasis.

6. Received him joyfully—The despised publicans were not as a rule thus honored by rabbis of acknowledged standing.

7. They all murmured—Apparently those who composed the multitude, all of whom, doubtless, shared the contempt for the man with whom Jesus had consented to speak and sojourn.

A man that is a sinner—The accusation of the multitude was beyond doubt just and founded on facts, the publicans as a class having the reputation of being extortioners and oppressors of the poor.

8. Behold, Lord—Zacchæus cannot have failed to hear, or at least to anticipate the criticism of the multitude on the act of Jesus. His conscience, moreover, condemned him, and justified the charge of the multitude.

If I have wrongfully exacted ought of any man—This is just the charge which men generally made against him and all of his class.

I restore fourfold—The law in extreme cases of deliberate robbery sometimes exacted even a sevenfold restitu-

HOME.

DOMESTIC RECIPES.

To Reheat a Roast of Beef.—The following way to reheat a roast of beef is given by a European cook. By it the roast will be, to all appearances and flavor, a first service, unless it has been marred by the marks of a carving knife: Wrap the roast in tough, buttered paper and put it in the oven. Let it stay until it is thoroughly heated, but do not allow it to cook. Reheat the gravy and serve beside the meat in a hot gravy boat.

Cucumber and Potato Salad.—Peel and cut one good sized cucumber into small dice, cover with salted water, and set on ice for one hour. Dice five potatoes—cold boiled—sprinkle with one saltspoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of minced onion. Drain the cucumber, add it to the potato, pour over them one cupful of salad dressing, and let it stand one-half hour to one hour on ice.

Compote de Melon.—Prepare a thick syrup out of one pound of sugar, the juice of five lemons, and one pint of raspberry juice. Peel and quarter two sound cantelopes, stew in syrup until tender, take out, and arrange in your compote dish, and strain the remaining syrup. When cold serve in each quarter cantalope some lemon ice.

Cantalope Blanc Mange.—Peel and stew two large cantelopes in one quart of water until soft. Press pulp through a sieve in a bowl, add the juice of six oranges, one-quarter pound sugar, two ounces gelatin—previously dissolved in a little hot water—set the bowl in cracked ice, beat the mixture with an egg-beater until it becomes almost snow white, then take your jelly mold and pour mixture in and set on ice until quite firm.

Egg Fricassee with Cheese.—Four thick slices white bread, two eggs, saltspoonful of salt, dash of pepper, two tablespoonfuls milk; beat thoroughly; dip the bread in this mixture and sauté till brown on both sides. Have one-half cup grated dairy cheese, one-half cup chopped fried ham, one cup cream; cook slowly; add a dash of salt and pepper (cayenne), one saltspoonful mustard. Turn over toast and serve.

Potato Puff.—Into a quart of finely mashed and seasoned potato beat the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Turn into baking dish and brown lightly.

Fried Green Tomato.—Cut hard green tomatoes into thick slices. Dip each slice in crumbs, beaten egg (well seasoned), and crumbs again. Fry slowly in butter till tender, and serve. The flavor much resembles fried oysters.

Fish.—Salmon trout is a delicious fish, and one of the best ways of cooking them is the following. Place in a dripping pan with just sufficient water to keep it from burning. Rub the fish well with butter before putting in the oven and bake slowly, basting carefully. When done take it from the oven and pour one cup of cream—previously heated to prevent curdling—into the dripping pan with any gravy which is left. Put into one teaspoonful of butter and a little chopped parsley. Let this gravy boil up and serve with the fish. Carrots when well mashed and well done improve the flavor of the gravy.

Onion soup.—Boil six young but fully grown onions in two waters, turning off the first at the end of ten minutes' boil, and replacing with fresh hot water. There should be a quart of the second water. When the onions are tender, add a cupful of dry, fine bread crumbs and cook gently for five minutes more. Pour the contents of the bottle into a colander and rub the onions and crumbs through it into the liquid in the bowl below. Return all to the fire, simmer for a minute, and stir into the soup a "roux," made by heating to a bubbling cream a great spoonful of butter with one of flour in a frying pan,

and the flues cleaned at least twice a week.

Do not wring the flannel skirt in the laundry, but wring it in a cloth and put it through the mangle, and when half dry put the skirt into a fresh cloth, carefully folded, and mangled till all moisture is pressed out.

To freshen a stale loaf is quite easy. Just dip the loaf into cold water for a second only and place it in a hot oven for five or ten minutes to dry. A loaf treated like this, though it be a week old, will be as good as if new.

To make an excellent grate polish, boil two ounces of best blacklead with half a pint of beer and a piece of yellow soap the size of a walnut. When cold, place in a bottle and keep tightly corked. Use this sparingly, and polish vigorously with a nice clean brush.

A child's day sleep is often spoiled by the way in which the little one is put to bed. First of all the shoes should be taken off and if at all tight the socks too. Then make sure that every part of the dress is quite loose, and that there are no strings or bands to cramp the sleeper. There is no doubt that a child sleeps better with many of his garments taken off, and then lightly covered with a shawl or thin blanket.

HORSESHOES AND LUCK

THE SUPPOSED ORIGIN OF THIS SUPERSTITION.

There is a Right Way and a Wrong Way to Invoke Goddess of Fortune You Must Know.

There is a right way and a wrong in the picking up of a horseshoe. I was walking with a country-bred boy along a Somerset lane and saw one lying in the crumbling summer rut. "There is a horseshoe," said I. The lad sprang forward, but stopped suddenly before his fingers touched the iron. "But I won't pick it up," said he, "or I shall spoil your luck." It may perhaps have been only a point of etiquette, but he assured me that a horseshoe of my finding could bring luck neither to him nor to me if he touched it before me.

The origin of the superstition, says a writer in the London Evening Standard, now lingering chiefly as a saying and a jest, is perhaps earlier than the horseshoe, and has nothing whatever to do with it. It was from the influence of the new moon that good was to be expected and still there are some who turn the money in their pockets when they first see her in the sky. The early horseshoe was a simple crescent, and the superstition has lingered around an object that at first was only

A CONVENIENT SYMBOL.

It was to the protection of some moon goddess, therefore, that the household first trusted when he kept the witch out of his dwelling by hanging a horseshoe on the door. Neither spell nor malignant wish, nor the power of the evil eye could cross the threshold in the presence of her symbol. Even the pixies "who brought a certain whimsical merriment into their practical joking, were no good in the face of that. Cheated out of their nocturnal rides they might as well retire underground at once if a horseshoe barred their entry to the stable.

For these troublesome elves, in day gone by, had a way of working the cat at night for their own amusement and when the good man came in the morning he found the poor beasts "all terrified like an' out in a lather 't sweat." And they had even a worse trick than this. They would get at the good wife's vat and wantonly spoil the brew. To prevent this she drew with her finger two hearts and a cross-cross upon the mash, and thus the beer was saved. Whether crescent or cross, in matter, The pixies would slink away abashed by the sign of it.

To this day there are horseshoes

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, SEPT. 2.

Lesson X. Bartimæus and Zacchæus. Golden Text: Luke 19. 10.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Three Accounts.—Parallel accounts of the healing of blind Bartimæus at Jericho will be found in Matt. 20. 29-34, and Mark 10. 46-52. The three accounts of this event differ in detail in many respects. Matthew mentions two blind men, while Mark and Luke speak of only one. Matthew and Mark, again, represent the miracle as taking place when Jesus was leaving Jericho, while Luke represents it as taking place when he was approaching the city. According to Matthew Jesus heals the man with a touch, according to Mark, with a word of comfort, and according to Luke, with a word of command. It is useless to attempt to harmonize the three narratives in these points of detail. The differences are such as we

was approaching the city. According to Matthew Jesus heals the man with a touch, according to Mark, with a word of comfort, and according to Luke, with a word of command. It is useless to attempt to harmonize the three narratives in these points of detail. The differences are such as we might naturally expect in three independent accounts of the same event, given by three different persons several decades after the event itself had taken place. We have here a good example of the fact that divine inspiration in no case rules out or destroys the human element, and it is only a narrow view of inspiration and its effects which is concerned to reconcile these differences, and make each of the three accounts tally word for word with the others. The fact, moreover, that such differences occur in the gospel narrative is a strong argument in favor of the authenticity of that narrative. Were the gospel stories concerning the miracles wrought by Jesus the product of the imagination of men living at some later time, or were they the cunningly devised fables of ingenious men, we might expect harmony in detail in the narratives of different writers who together conspired to deceive those for whom they wrote. With the attempts which have been made to harmonize the three accounts of the healing of the blind man, or men, we need not concern ourselves. The story of the visit of Jesus to the home of Zacchæus is peculiar to Luke's narrative.

Verse 35. As he drew nigh unto Jericho—From beyond Jordan to the east where for a short time he had been in retirement with his disciples.

A certain blind man—Mark records his name, which was Bartimæus.

Begging—Blind beggars sitting by the wayside are still a common sight in the Orient.

36. Inquired what this meant—The blind man's chance for gain depended largely upon the nature and character of the crowd which was passing.

37. Jesus of Nazareth—The most common title of our Lord among the people at this time. It had doubtless been given to him at first by the Pharisees and others of his enemies who wished to ridicule him. To the common people it had now become a magical term.

38. Jesus, thou Son of David—A clear indication that the blind man had come to believe in Jesus as the Messiah.

39. Rebuked him—His outcry doubtless diverted the attention of the multitude from Jesus, and was likely to interrupt the conversation in which he might be engaged.

Cried out the more a great deal—Prompted by the conviction that Jesus was the Messiah, and that this probably was his one chance to be healed of his blindness, the unfortunate man refuses to be silent.

40. Jesus stood—Stopped and gave attention. That urgent cry could not be a cry for alms simply, but betrayed a deeper longing and faith.

Commanded him to be brought—Mark records the change of attitude of the multitude toward the blind man as soon as it was perceived that Jesus took notice of him.

41. What wilt thou—A question asked, not for information, but to test and draw out the faith of the man.

2. Zacchæus—Not mentioned elsewhere in the New Testament. In the Talmud mention is made of a Zacchæus who lived at Jericho and also of his son, the celebrated Rabbi Johanan.

Chief publican—A superior among the tax collectors having subordinate collectors under him.

4. A sycamore tree—Lit. fig-mulberry. This tree, which is common in Palestine, was related to both the fig and the mulberry, though not identical with either. Its fruit resembles that of the fig tree, its leaf that of the mulberry; hence the name.

5. Zacchæus, make haste, and come down—We need not assume any miraculous power in connection with Christ's recognition of Zacchæus, and his calling him by name. When, however, we note how thoroughly Jesus understood

any man—This is just the charge which men generally made against him and all of his class.

I restore fourfold—The law in extreme cases of deliberate robbery sometimes exacted even a sevenfold restitution, but in ordinary cases only an amount equal to the sum wrongfully acquired with a fifth added was required.

9. A son of Abraham—Zacchæus proved himself to be this in a twofold sense. Though despised, he was still a member of the Jewish race, and therefore a son of Abraham after the flesh; while his penitence and faith proved him to be a true son of the "father of the faithful."

...HIS REVERENCE THE TIGER...

In India, if Possible, He is Left Very Respectfully Alone.

If one is to believe Ernest Ingersoll's recently published "Life of Mammals," most of the Hindus and Malays meekly accept the tiger as an evil to be endured, and in this mood have lifted it, with superstitious terror and reverence, into a sort of malignant deity, which must and may be pacified.

You can be shown to-day forest shrines and suitly tombs where the tiger comes nightly to keep pious guard, and you may hear in any Hindu village of jogis to whom the cruel beasts are as lap dogs.

One of the difficulties which British officers have encountered in certain parts of India, in their attempts to kill off the cattle lifting or man eating tigers of some dangerously infested neighborhood, or to have sport with them, is the opposition of the people to their destruction.

Mr. Ingersoll quotes an illustration of this from one of the earlier sportsmen writers, the scene of the incident being not far from Bombay:

"While sitting at breakfast we were alarmed by hearing cries of distress proceeding from the jagheedar's hut, and on running to ascertain the cause we found old Kamah in a furious state of excitement, his left hand firmly fixed in the woolly pate of the hopeful scion of the house, and belaboring him with a stout bamboo.

"We inquired what crime young Moideen had been guilty of to bring upon him such a storm of parental indignation, and learned to our astonishment that it was all owing to his having killed a tiger.

"One of his father's tame buffalos having been killed by a tiger on the previous day, the young savage had watched for him during the night and shot him from a tree when he returned to feed upon the carcass. This most people would have considered a very gallant and meritorious exploit on the part of a lad of 15, but the old forester was of a different opinion.

"It was all very well for us who lived in the open country to wage war with tigers, but with him, who lived on sociable terms with them, in the jungle, the case was different.

"I have no quarrel with tigers," said he. "I never injured one of them, they never injured me; and while there was peace between us I went among them without fear of danger. But now that this young rascal has picked a quarrel and commenced hostilities, there is no saying where the thing will end."

IRISH HONEYMOON.

"I hear th' Widdy O'Flynn has married Martin Mahoney at lasht," said Mr. O'Tunder.

"Yis," replied Mr. O'Toole. "They wor married lasht Choosday."

"An' phwere are they now?"

"Shure, Katie told me this mornin' that they hov gone away fer their Mahoneymoon!"

When a lazy man comes home to supper he likes to tell his wife how hard he has worked all day.

more. Pour the contents of the bottle into a colander and rub the onions and crumbs through it into the liquid in the bowl below. Return all to the fire, simmer for a minute, and stir into the soup a "roux," made by heating to a bubbling cream a great spoonful of butter with one of flour in a frying pan. Have ready heated in another saucepan a cup of milk in which you have dropped a pinch of soda. Take the boiling soup from the fire, stir in the hot milk, and pour into a heated tureen. Pass Parmesan cheese with it.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

A little kerosene on a sponge or cloth will clean the outside of your windows in freezing weather; polish them well with a clean, dry cloth after.

To keep sweet potatoes wrap each in paper, and hang in bags in a rather warm place. Allow no moisture.

It is a good plan to burn pine tar occasionally in a sick room, as it is an excellent disinfectant, and it also induces sleep.

A small quantity of borax added to the cold starch in starching shirts, collars, cuffs and pillow shams, will give them additional stiffness.

When making custards allow them to cool a little before adding flavoring, for in this way a smaller quantity will be required.

Fly catchers may be made as follows. Boil linseed oil with a little resin till it forms a viscid, stringy paste when cold. Spread upon a thick string by means of a brush.

When cleaning windows add a little kerosene to the water; this will prevent the flies settling and saves labor, as the windows will not require to be cleaned so often in the summer.

To remove mildew from linen, rub over the marks with a piece of raw tomato, scatter salt over it and lay in the sun. Repeat the process for two or three times if necessary.

Wooden bedsteads should be wiped at this time of year with spirits of naphtha, paraffin, or turpentine, and allowed to air for several hours before the mattress is put back.

A good hot oven can only be procured if the flues are properly cleaned and all clinkers removed. An oven that is in daily use requires to be scrubbed out

good wifes vat and wantonly spoil the brew. To prevent this she drew with her finger two hearts and a cross-cross upon the mash, and thus the beer was saved. Whether crescent or cross, no matter. The pixies would slink away abashed by the sign of it.

To this day there are horseshoes on the doors of many cottages in quiet villages. Doubtless the cottagers do but put them up for a whim, or in the same jocular half serious spirit, yet with

A SECRET SATISFACTION.

too, in which so many of us perform obsolete practices "just for luck." And why not I, who find a secret delight in its forgotten significance?

It was rusty, with a crooked horsenail still hanging in one of the holes. There are some who think there is virtue in the rust. But that is nonsense. I polished mine until it was bright as the silver moon, and indeed might almost be mistaken for the metal sacred to Diana. There is a right way and a wrong in putting up the horseshoe on your door. One thing is thoroughly established; if you turn it upside down, it cannot hold the luck.

And where ought it be placed? The Old World folk often nailed it to the threshold. The growing moon has her horns always toward the left, and only on the wane does she point them to the right. I would have this a true crescent, waxing every day.

LATEST IN SUBMARINES.

Boat Can Make Momentary Appearances at Full Speed.

The greatest secrecy is maintained in Germany concerning the capabilities and results of the trials of the submarines which were launched at Kiel for the German navy a few days ago.

It transpires, however, that the boat is fitted with mechanism invented by the Marquis De Quevillay, by means of which it can come to the surface and be made to disappear again at will while steaming at full speed.

The captain of the submarine can thus, in all security, make his observations during the brief moment that his vessel is on the water level, while the enemy has no time to train his guns on it.



She—That's all very pretty, Jack, but do you think we can live on love and kisses?
He—It's much the safest—everything else is either adulterated or poisoned or tainted!

THE BOY BEHIND THE GUN

NEW CADET CORPS GO INTO CAMP AT BISLEY.

Stalwart British Guardsman Instructed
Sturdy Five Hundred Little
Commandees.

The nucleus of the future National Army of Defence went into camp at Bisley, England, recently for the first time. It was 500 boys strong.

The youthful force has been recruited from the grammar schools and elementary schools throughout the land. It owes its inception to Lord Chylesmore, president of the National Rifle Association, who recently came to the conclusion that the time was ripe for extending the cadet corps.

The association started a fund, to which the King subscribed fifty guineas, and then decided to try the experiments of a "boys' Bisley"—the elementary and grammar schools to be asked to supply the boys.

The first half dozen—they came from the Upper Tooting High School—arrived at Bisley about 3.30 the other day. They were met on the grassy slope near the Scottish Officer's "hut," by a tall and dignified officer of his Majesty's Guards—Colonel Horace Ricardo—who, in a tone of gentle authority, gave the word of command to fall into line.

JUVENILE SOLDIERS.

In a quarter of an hour more than 350 boys, from 24 grammar schools, and similar schools throughout the country, were drawn up in squads.

One or two of the sturdy little commandees marched to the parade ground with bugles blowing and drums merrily beating, but the majority of the boys came up laughing and joking in twos and threes.

Col. Ricardo received England's future guards as they arrived, and in a few minutes had the detached groups and companies marshalled on parade—a battalion in column.

The boys were a little excited at first, but they soon grew serious, and as Lord Chylesmore approached to inspect the lines, they dressed smartly like real little soldiers on the stalwart Guardsmen, towering above them, who are to act as guides and instructors.

Then the Grammar school soldiers marched away with swinging step to their tents, where for the rest of the week they are to live under the command of their respective masters, while they learn the art of war from picked sergeant-instructors furnished by the Brigade of Guards.

A few hundred yards away an even more significant camp was pitched—a camp of 180 boys from the elementary schools of the city of London, sons of caretakers, policemen, postmen and others.

RIOTERS LED BY YOUNG WOMAN.

Hamburg Mob Excited by Amazon of Twenty-five.

Elizabeth Rolph, a young woman 25 years of age, who has just been sentenced at Hamburg, Germany, to three years' imprisonment for revolutionary activity, is a political Amazon with a remarkable record. She was a maid-of-all-work with a wage of 85 per month, and her days were devoted to scrubbing floors, cleaning windows and doing the work of the household generally.

At the beginning of the year a proposal was made to alter the suffrage laws of Hamburg in such a way that thousands of electors belonging to the poorer classes would be disfranchised, and a meeting of the citizens was held to protest. The meeting was attended by nearly 5,000 working men.

A considerable difference of opinion as to the policy to be pursued had just been made clear when a female figure was seen advancing from the entrance

As Understudy to George.

The announcement of the forthcoming marriage of Mr. Matthew Bullworthy, of Bullworthy Hall, Beverley, Yorks, and Queen's Gate, Hyde Park, with Miss Agnes Armitage, daughter of Colonel Armitage, D.S.O., of the Luburnums, Surbiton, interested Mr. Jack Huntley greatly.

Not that Jack was acquainted with either of the parties at the time; that was an affair of destiny and the future.

Mr. Huntley took a general and professional interest in all forthcoming marriages notified in the public papers. It must not be assumed by this that he was in the furnishing line, and had an eye to future contracts. Jack Huntley's business instincts lay rather in the opposite direction; he was an unfurnisher, so to speak—in other words, a cracksman.

Not a burglar of the grim and gory Bill Sikes type, but of a distinctly modern school, suave and gentlemanly in appearance, crisply scientific in method. Jack was a specialist in wedding presents.

To obtain an entry to the Luburnums on the night before the ceremony was to take place required only an elementary exercise of Jack's talents. The hour being a little after midnight the window of the drawing-room was, of course, closed, and the shutters fastened. But five minutes after his arrival they stood open, and Jack was within the room. As previous experience had led him to expect, the wedding presents—a respectable show—were displayed on a table in that very apartment.

A selection of those articles which for portability and easily negotiable value, commended themselves to his taste, was soon transferred to Jack's baize-lined bag. As he completed this, he heard a step in the passage.

Mr. Huntley was not unarmoured, for emergencies are apt to arise in his profession. But he had an objection to scenes of violence when they could be avoided. Yet he realized that it was a close call. The house seemed to be aroused, for there were other sounds of movement.

Not in the least flurried, but without undue delay, Jack dropped through the window—which he had thoughtfully left open—and cut swiftly across the garden to the lane at the side of the house. As he went he heard the sound of an opening door, then the quick tap of footsteps on the gravel path—he was pursued! He vaulted the gate, bag in hand. The lane was overshadowed by trees and quite dark. Somewhere—about a hundred yards from the gate—he ran into a mass of warm metal and an atmosphere of burnt petrol.

Then a side lamp was held up, a scared face looked at him over the back of the motor-car and a scared voice spouted out: "Hall—o!—oh—wh-a-t!"

Jack did not wait to offer explanations; he heard those footsteps behind him, coming pretty rapidly down the lane.

Quick as thought he drew his revolver and sprang into the car. The owner of the scared face, an undersized man of indecisive type, appeared to have been searching amongst some wraps in a big receptacle—evidently intended for luggage—at the back of the car; the door of this stood open and so suggested Mr. Huntley's next line of action.

"Hop in, Daisy!" he ordered, gripping the young man's arm.

The indecisive one opened his mouth, but the revolver touched his temple and he shut it again. That impelled him also to crawl into the receptacle without further delay.

Small though he was, it seemed a pretty tight fit, but Mr. Huntley con-

"But George will come on to auntie's, of course?" was the young lady's next anxious question.

"Of course; he'll get there almost as soon as we shall," Jack replied, cheerily, adding mentally, "If George happens to be the party in the box, it's likely he'll get there on spot time with us!"

Silence followed; then the girl began, falteringly:

"I never heard George speak of you, Mr. Jackson, but, of course, I don't know all his friends—yet. But this is very kind of you. Of course, George told you something of—of our plans?"

"Well, I have a sort of—general idea," replied Jack, cautiously, conscious that his ideas concerning anybody's plans—even his own—were very general at that moment.

"I'm afraid you must think me a very dreadful kind of girl—"

"Not at all!" said Jack, quite conscientiously.

"Fearfully wild and reckless!"

"By no means!"

"But really I couldn't—I couldn't marry that great, elderly, red-faced Mr. Bullworthy, although he was papa's best friend, and has heaps of money. I don't want money—I want Ge-or-ge!" protested the young lady, finishing with a sob.

"And you're going to have him, if I can work it!" was Jack's vow, mentally adding as a reservation, "though George is a tin-pot sort of a chap for a gilded girl like you!"

"Of course Mr. Bullworthy is a heap too old for you, Miss Armitage," he said aloud, making a ready snap at his fair passenger's name from the obvious clue she had dropped; "the idea is preposterous!"

"That's what Aunt Nancy says. She says it's wicked!" exclaimed Miss Armitage tearfully. "She says no girl ought to be forced to marry a man twice her own age. But papa won't hear of George, and he's set on this dreadful marriage. And it was to be to-morrow morning. All the horrible, horrible presents have come, and—oh, I hate the sight of them! I wish someone would take them all away and hide them!"

Mr. Huntley did not mention that he had already obliged in that particular. He steered the Daimler neatly past a big market cart, and merely dropped the tentative observation: "So you and George—"

"And auntie—auntie planned it, too!" said the girl, hurriedly. "George was to bring his car to-night and take me to Aunt Nancy's; and we—George and I—were to be married ever so early in the morning. And auntie said she would face it out with papa and Mr. Bullworthy afterwards."

"I bet George wouldn't!" commented Jack inwardly. "He hasn't got the grit!"

They were approaching Guildford now, and he slowed down. "See, I almost forget where your aunt lives?" he remarked.

"Oh, it's right through the town; a white cottage on the Shalford road. I'll show you," said Miss Armitage. Then she eagerly added: "Perhaps George has got there first, after all?"

Mr. Huntley hardly thought it probable; but he made no remark, and a few minutes later halted the car, under Miss Armitage's direction, outside a pretty cottage, standing back from the road, and looking very white and prim in the moonlight.

"This is auntie's! Oh, I wonder if George is here?" exclaimed the girl.

Jack leapt out and assisted her to alight.

He opened the gate for her and she ran up to the house. The door opened, and Mr. Huntley had the satisfaction of seeing her disappear within, with the sound of a distinctly feminine kiss and the eager inquiry: "Oh, auntie, has George come?"

Jack's next and rapid act was to examine his captive bodily from the receptacle in the car.

That helpless individual appeared to have fainted and remained in a comatose condition during the twenty minutes' run. But the fresh air and Mr. Huntley's timely and resourceful application of a little water sent him on his nose.

ON THE FARM.

STARTING A FLOCK OF SHEEP.

To give my actual experience, I began one fall with 12 yearling ewes and a pure Cotswold ram for \$5, writes Mr. C. Shinnerer. In due time my ewes all brought twin lambs except one and raised them all. About the end of September I butchered the best one and sold 22 a few days later to a neighbor for \$100. I then got a full blood Oxford ram and the next crop of lambs was fully as good, if not better. To start a flock, my way would be to get the desired number of lambs in the fall preferably full bloods, but good grades will do and to breed from them, then keep them all and in the spring they should shear from 12 to 15 pounds of wool. In the fall I would get a well bred Oxford ram for breeding.

I rather favor early lambs, but you must have a warm stable and more feed will be needed. The ewes may have less wool than if the lambs come late. If you are likely to become overstocked you can get rid of lambs at good prices. The ewes will be fat in the fall to sell or in prime fix to breed again. To have good lambs ready for Easter you must push them all you can besides feeding the mothers strong feeds. I always have an extra pen for the lambs to go into, where I give them sugar to get them started eating. Then I give oats and corn meal bran, mil wheat, sugar beets and in fact anything they will eat, along with plenty of good clover hay. If I want to keep them I dock all of them within two weeks from birth. Those I intend to sell I omit.

For the ewes a good, roomy stable should be provided during the winter and also for summer use, to keep them away from sun and flies. The ewes must have plenty of exercise, even in winter time. Their main feed should be clover hay or alfalfa, if you have it with some good corn fodder. I also give them cut sheaf oats and oats and shelled corn mixed. Oil meal, brar and roots of some kind with salt and sulphur adds to their flesh. You must be careful not to over-feed, and should manage your flock so as to sell the ewes after the first or second lambing, to keep up the vitality of the general flock. Do not overstock. A small flock does better than a large one.

FARM NOTES.

This is our general receipt for getting rid of weeds: Keep the land so full of good things that there is no space left for bad ones.

Milk becomes contaminated in many ways in the process of milking, that it is extremely difficult to secure free from germs, but this has been done in an experimental way a sufficient number of times to prove that milk as formed in the milk glands of a healthy cow is germ free.

"Farming is a profession requiring more shrewdness than law, more technical training than medicine, more uprightness than theology, more brains and resourcefulness than pedagogy. It is its own reward. God made farmers. The other professions are parasites." The world is becoming more and more cognizant of the importance of farmers and their profession.

After the wheat is out of the way mow the stubble over as soon as weeds begin to show up a few inches high. Better not do this when it is very dry and hot, or, if you must, then set cut-bar high. Keep watch and mow again if necessary, before any weeds get far enough along possibly to ripen any seeds. Remember what you are after, to keep all weeds clipped off so they cannot seed, then do it. Don't wait until the mischief is done and then mow. Mow on time. It is not unusual to see someone mow a wheat stubble after some weed has got far enough along so the ground will be completely sown

hundreds of electors belonging to the poorer classes would be disfranchised, and a meeting of the citizens was held to protest. The meeting was attended by nearly 5,000 working men.

A considerable difference of opinion as to the policy to be pursued had just been made clear when a female figure was seen advancing from the entrance through the crowd of workmen toward the platform. The attention of the entire audience was drawn to this surprising invasion, and dead silence prevailed.

During the meeting Rolph mounted the platform and produced such an effect on those present that a committee was appointed to organize open rebellion, and she was elected president. The outbreak took place on Jan. 17, and proved to be a most formidable revolt.

Elizabeth Rolph was the soul of the whole movement. She led the mob in an attack on the wealthy quarters of the town, where dozens of shops were entered and plundered, booty to the value of many hundreds of pounds sterling being seized and carried off by the rioters.

Severe street fighting took place before the combined forces of troops and police were able to subdue the revolutionary mob. Elizabeth Rolph was wounded and captured.

A QUEER STORY.

French Girl Who Has Three Distinct Figures on the White of Her Eye.

In Tudy Island, at the point of Finis-terre, France, there dwells a couple who have a little girl, four years of age, who has an extraordinary eye. For several months little Marie Le Guen—this is the child's name—has been visited by numerous people, who have examined her left eye, in the corner of which, a little lower than the pupil, are to be seen the figures 22.4.

The figures are perfectly visible and well formed. Doctors and specialists have examined the girl, but their opinion on the subject of the figures varies. Dr. Guevel, the well-known Paris oculist, offers three explanations of the figures. He declares that the child may have had relatives afflicted with nervous maladies, such as hysteria, and that a neurologist should be asked to say if heredity does not explain and phenomenon. A second explanation is that it is a freak of nature and only a mark similar to that found occasionally on fruits, ears of wheat, vegetables, etc. The third reason suggested is that the figures may have been the result of an operation in which nitrate of silver was used on the eyes. But the girl's parents say that she has never had an operation.

A singular coincidence is recorded. A fishing boat in the neighboring port of Douarnenez bears the figures 22.4. With this boat little Marie's father had something to do. It could be seen entering port from the Le Guen's house. Old women neighbors declare little Marie's numbers are only a birthmark as just before her birth her mother watched anxiously every night for the fishing boat. Little Marie is to be taken to Paris and will be examined by oculists and several scientists.

THEN SHE WAS NOT PLEASED.

"What I like," she said, "is a person who is frank—one who says just what he means, without beating about the bush."

"Well," he replied, "I'll be straight-forward. There is something I wanted to tell you for an hour or more but—"

"Yes," she urged, with suppressed excitement, seeing that he hesitated; "what is it?"

"There is a big black streak down one side of your nose. I think it's soot."

DEFINED.

Tommy—Pop, what is a monologue? Tommy's Pop—A monologue, my son is a conversation a woman carries on with her husband.

"Hop in, Daisy!" he ordered, gripping the young man's arm.

The indecisive one opened his mouth, but the revolver touched his temple and he shut it again. That impelled him also to crawl into the receptacle without further delay.

Small though he was, it seemed a pretty tight fit, but Mr. Huntley considerably assisted him with his foot. Then he shut the door and fastened it. It had a bolt outside.

There was a small slot in the door. Jack dropped a crisp word of warning through this: "Shut your mouth and keep still, or I'll pop a bullet through here. You haven't room to dodge it, you know."

The whole thing had been accomplished in record time. In less than thirty seconds Jack Huntley had boarded the car. About three seconds more sufficed him to slip on the bearskin coat which lay on the seat, and a motor-cap that had fallen off his captive's head.

The footsteps in the lane behind were very close now.

Jack rammed the side lamp into its place, dropped into the seat, and seized the steering-wheel with one hand, groping for the starting lever with the other. As his fingers touched it, somebody sprang into the car and fell upon the seat beside him. Before he could turn, a pair of arms were flung round his neck and a feminine voice cried, in a series of little jerks, "Start off, George! start off—pa's coming!"

Jack had reasons of his own for not wishing to delay. He touched off, and the car went buzzing down the lane. The arms lightened a little, then half-a-dozen quick-fire kisses were dropped promiscuously in the neighborhood of Jack's lips and chin, then the arms were suddenly withdrawn, and there came a sharp little cry:

"George, where's your moustache? Oh, it isn't George, it's too big!"

There was a flutter of skirts, as Mr. Huntley's impulsive passenger got up hurriedly and seemed about to spring from the car, although it was then going pretty fast.

"Sit down; you'll fall out and hurt yourself," he said. And Jack's voice was very suave and soothing, though firm.

The girl sat down. She was silent with fear or bewilderment. Still, she tried to edge away. Mr. Huntley put in a bit of high-speed thinking.

The management of the big Daimler did not trouble him at all; he had run a motor before. But the control of the situation bothered him not a little. He was inclined to fancy that George might be the young man in the box behind. But not knowing what George's part in the programme was to have been, he was rather puzzled how to act as his understudy.

In part, the difficulty was solved in a moment.

"Who are you?" faltered the girl.

A break in the trees, letting through a beam of moonlight, gave Jack a momentary glimpse of the face beside him—a remarkably pretty little face, in spite of its tears and pallor.

"I'm not George," he said. And the touch of regret in his tone was quite genuine. Then he added with ready uncertainty:

"I'm George's friend—Bob Jackson. George was detained, so he asked me to run the car round. He gave me the time and place—"

"But didn't he explain?" interjected the lady.

"He hadn't time to explain anything. He merely said I was to wait for a young lady and take my directions from her. By the way, where are we bound for?"

"Oh, didn't George tell you that? Why, to Aunt Nancy's, of course! Aunt Nancy's at Guildford," exclaimed the girl, in a tone of surprise.

Mr. Huntley's knowledge of Surrey roads was extensive and exact. He steered the car round and they were soon buzzing off in the direction of Guildford. Jack did not particularly want to go to Guildford, but he realized that any place at a convenient distance from Surbiton would be convenient for him for the next hour or so.

Jack's next and rapid act was to exhume his captive bodily from the receptacle in the car.

That helpless individual appeared to have fainted and remained in a comatose condition during the twenty minutes' run. But the fresh air and Mr. Huntley's timely and resourceful application of a little motor-spirit to his nose, restored him to something like mental competency.

Jack hastened the process by a gentle and the abrupt demand: "Are you George?"

"Yes; Geo-rge P-peploe!" stammered the bewildered youth. "But, oh, I say, what—"

"Never mind all that!" cut in Jack, shortly: "If you're George, there's a jolly fine girl waiting for you in that house!"

"W-what—Agnes? Miss Armitage?" "Yes, Agnes," was the curt response. "And, look here, George; Agnes is just champagne to your ginger-pop. And, by thunder! if you don't bunk up there sharp and claim her, we'll deal again, and I'll have a cut in for her myself!"

Mr. Huntley assisted George through the gate with a gentle shove, and having seen that belated Romeo making his way unsteadily up the garden path towards the house, he hastily doffed the bear-skin coat and motor-cap.

Then, reclaiming the baize-lined bag from under the seat, he abandoned the commandeered car and struck out by a short cut to the railway-station.—London Answers.

BELGIAN VILLAGE PAGEANT.

Days of Crusaders Commemorated by Quaint Procession.

One of the most interesting religious festivals held in Europe was the procession through the streets of Furnes, Belgium, the other Sunday, originally organized in commemoration of the presentation of a fragment of the true Cross of the Abbey of Furnes by Robert of Jerusalem, in the twelfth century. This picturesque spectacle includes a series of forty tableaux portraying well-known Biblical scenes, mounted on cars and costumed in sixteenth century style.

The procession was headed by a car representing the sacrifice of Abraham, with Abraham in blue plush, with up-lifted sword, little Isaac in brown, and a docile donkey laden with faggots. The cars following showed Moses in the wilderness, David as psalmist, king and penitent respectively, and John the Baptist as the forerunner of Christ, surrounded by shepherds, herdsmen and hermits.

A large car carried by penitents, representing a cow-shed with a thatched roof, portrayed the birthplace of Christ. A waxen child lay in a manger on some straw, while the Virgin and Joseph stood near by surrounded by an angel choir composed of little girls dressed in white, with pink gauze wings fastened to their shoulders. Two plaster oxen gazed placidly on the group.

Then came shepherds on foot, escorting the three kings in gorgeous ermine-trimmed mantles. Succeeding tableaux showed the flight into Egypt, the court of Herod, Christ disputing in the Temple and the entrance of Christ into Jerusalem. The incidents of the Crucifixion were graphically depicted while the last car showed the Ascension—Christ standing on a green mound surrounded by the Apostles, and with the Virgin at His feet.

The procession owes its origin to Robert of Jerusalem, who, on returning from the Holy Land, vowed during a storm at sea that he would present a fragment of the true Cross to the first church he saw if he escaped shipwreck. The first church he saw on landing proved to be the Abbey of Furnes, where the relic was installed with great pomp.

When a man gets a chance to dispose of his troubles he always heaps up the measure.

get far enough along possibly to-ripe any seeds. Remember what you are a ter, to keep all weeds clipped off so the cannot seed, then do it. Don't wait until the mischief is done and then move on time. It is not unusual to see someone mow a wheat stubble after some weed has got far enough along the ground will be completely sow with the seeds, later to make trouble after years. One slip of this kind and years of care may go for naught.

One of the most important things to be considered by the younger farmer especially, and by older ones, as well is for us to decide where we prefer to live.

The only producers who make money at the prevailing prices of milk are the few wiser ones or more progressive ones who have worked out the 1,000, 1,500 and the 2,000-quart cows and their stead have worked in the 2,500 the 3,000 and the 4,000-quart cows.

There is such a thing as being economical in the use of grain feeds. Manure that has a good grain element combined with it will be much richer than that which is made of clear hay. Some of the goodness of the grain will come through undigested; and even if this were not so, there are parts in the grain which must necessarily not be used by the animal that eats it, and this will go out with the manure to make the farm better.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

In using kerosene in killing lice on stock, mix it with lard about half an half, or it may take all of the hair off if it does not otherwise injure the stock.

Oats are the material which the good roadster will turn into travel. A little careful observance will enable one to determine how much grain the horse ought to have.

There can always be found young strongly built cows that have not been starved or pampered, that can be bought reasonably at private sale, with a responsible seller's guarantee, that are all ready to be pushed for all the are worth and make the owner a fair profit.

Concerning the color of eggs we would simply emphasize the suggestion. You can control this in the breeds by selecting the desired colored eggs for hatching. Whatever be the object, you will be surprised at the rapidity with which you may acquire it through selection. If you wish large, well formed eggs use only such for hatching. In three to five years, by selection alone we can entirely change the type of a flock of hens by selecting close to the standard we have made.

A flock of sheep may not bring in a very large sum, and yet be profitable because of the small amount of capital invested.

For brood sows, choose the young from your best, most prolific and mature old sows, always with the desire form for feeding in mind, and in the fullness of time you will declare that you have the best breed of hogs on earth, regardless of which breed you started with.

It is not economy to select for milkers cows that are light feeders. The light feeder may cost her owner \$4 or \$5 less per year for feed than the heavy feeder would cost him, but she will give him only 3,000 pounds of milk a year while the large feeder will give him 5,000 or 7,000, or 10,000 pounds of milk. That is to say, for \$5 a year more to feed the heavy milker will give her owner 2,000 to 6,000 pounds more of milk.

Halter pulling is very common among horses improperly handled. Fortunately, the remedy is simple and effective breaking up the habit in a very short time. Fasten a long rope to the halter, passing the rope end through the ring. Pass the unengaged end of the rope between the forelegs and then over the back, bringing it over on the other side and fastening it to the rope between the forelegs in a slip knot. When the horse pulls in the halter the large noose tightens up on its body and it soon gives up the pulling. Another good way to fasten the rope is to tie it to one of the hind legs. If the horse pulls, it simply pulls itself off its feet.

CUSTOM TAILORING.

ARE YOU TIED
TO ANY TAILOR

If you're not, don't make up your mind about anything—cloth, style or price—until you see what's going on here this season.

Perhaps we'll surprise you by making you clothes to order for less money than you think. We certainly will if you have been paying extravagant prices.

Suits to Order, \$15, 17 to 23

Overcoats to Order \$14 to 22

Trousers to Order, \$3.50 to \$7

We are always busy making clothes for people who know our work, and have come back for more. Wouldn't you like a good fitting, well made suit—if so we can make one for you.

We have but one grade of Tailoring—the best we can do—that is the best there is.

J. L. BOYES.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,

16th January, 1906.

SCHOOL BOOKS

GET READY FOR SCHOOL OPENING

by getting a stock of

School Books, Scribblers,
Exercise Books, Pencils,



ASK TO SEE
THE MANNISH
DESIGN FOR WOMEN

Made of all leathers such as Patent Colt, Vic Kid, Velour Calf, Gunmetal Calf, and Box Calf.

All Styles, all Sizes, and all Widths.

Prices \$2.50, 3.00, 3.50 & 4.00

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

Largest dealers in this Section of Canada.

Just arrived
Another car of

LIVERPOOL SALT

Large Sacks of Coarse Salt.
Sacks of Fine Salt, and
Lumps of Rock Salt.

FRANK H. PERRY.

F. C. LLOYD'S

Wall Paper
and Fruit Store

ON MARKET SQUARE.

Give me a call and see my
Peaches and Plums before
buying.

It Will Save You Money.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

Collegiate Institute opens on Tuesday next, September 4th.

Hon. W. J. Hanna formally opened the new Prince Edward County House of Refuge at Picton Tuesday.

The body of Levi Taylor, an aged citizen of Cobourg, was found in the water. He left a note expressing his intention of committing suicide.

All kinds of heating apparatus, properly installed, and satisfaction guaranteed.

New Arrivals

We have just received a large shipment of the famous

Empress Shoe

For Women.

Prettier and Better than ever

Public Schools open on Tuesday next.

The Citizens' Band attended a picnic at Roblin on Wednesday afternoon.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Manson Stevens, express their sympathy with them in the death of their only child, Irene Edith, an exceedingly bright baby, who died on Wednesday of last week, aged 1 year and twenty-eight days.

On August 12th, 1903, Rev. G. S. White united in marriage, Miss Mary Todd, Deseronto Road, and a popular young lady of that section, to Mr. James Kenton, of Rochester, N. Y. The young couple have the hearty congratulations of all their friends and acquaintances.

Johnny Get Your Hair Cut.

J. N. OSBORNE will cut it right, or give you a nice shave.

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs Thursday next, Sept. 6th. Highest price paid for good select hogs.

J. W. HALL.

is it not True.

That the first thing that attracts our attention when we receive a letter is the kind of stationery used. We make a specialty of fine stationery. Our Crash Linenette beats them all. Call and see these goods.—The Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER.

Coal Facts.

Now is the time to get in your stock of Coal for the winter before your lawn gets soft. If you want the best grade of Anthracite, Steam or Cannel Coal you can get it by calling on VanLaven's Office, Phone 92. All coal kept under cover and well screened before delivering.

Parish of Camden.

Services in Parish of Camden East on Sunday, September 9th, will be (D. V.) as follows: Yarker, St. Anthony's at 10.30 a. m.; Newburgh, St. John's church at 3 p. m. and Camden East, St. Luke's church at 7.30 p. m., when the Rev. L. Norman Tucker, D. C. L. General Secretary of the Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada, will preach (D. V.) All are welcome.

PERSONALS.

Miss Marion Stevens is the guest of Miss Marguerite Abell, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Getty returned to Toronto on Wednesday.

Mrs. Joseph Lloyd, Roblin, was a caller at our office on Friday.

Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, Minister of Justice, Ottawa, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. McNaughton on Saturday.

Mr. Robt. Samson, Kingsford, was a caller at our office on Friday.

Miss Olive Asseltine, Portsmouth, spent a few days this week the guest of Mrs. Andrew Madden.

Mrs. Tulloch, Napanee, is visiting Mrs. John Foote, Deseronto.

Mrs. Thos. Mooney, Brainerd, Minn., who had been visiting in Napanee, left last week for her home, accompanied by Mrs. Sarah Sheehan, Miss Mooney, of Napanee, and William Mooney of New York. They intend spending some time in Detroit, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth before returning home.

Mr. Harry Sproule, of Brampton, is spending the vacation in Napanee, and vicinity visiting relatives and renewing acquaintances.

Mr. W. Fletcher Loucks, a Napanee old boy, has resigned his position at Waskada, Man., and accepted the Principalship of Melita High School.

Miss Nettie Pringle, nurse-in-training, of New York, is home for a six weeks' vacation at her father's, Mr. S. W. Pringle, Centre street.

Miss Sampson arrived home on Tuesday last from Rochester, where she spent the past three weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. T. Hopkins.

Miss Mabel Mills spent the past two weeks visiting friends at Macdonald.

Mr. Frank Milling, Bathurst street Toronto, is spending two weeks visiting Mr. H. Milling, Belleville road, and other friends.

Mr. Jas. Evans, of Moscow, was in town a couple of days this week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilson left on Wednesday for New York to visit their son, Mr. J. Wilson and family.

Mr. S. T. McCoy spent last week in Boston, Mass., the guest of his brother Mr. M. C. Carlisle.

Mr. Earl S. File, who has spent the past two months at Bloomfield, spent last Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. File, Fairview. He left on Tuesday for Wellington, where he will assist in the installment of the new electric plant there.

Miss Grace E. Smith, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. T. Smith returned to Chicago, last week.

Miss Minnie MacPherson, Bath, is the guest of her friend, Mrs. J. C. Boughner, Somerset House, Ottawa.

Mrs. Walter Metcalfe is spending a few days in Toronto guest of Mr. and Mrs. Rowatt.

Miss Edna Arnott who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thompson returned to Toronto on Wednesday.

Mrs. Fraser and Miss Evelyn Fraser Kingston, spent a few days this week guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Blowitt.

Mr. W. E. Shuster and bride, Belleville, were in Napanee on Sunday guests of Judge and Mrs. J. H. Madden.

Mrs. Herb Daly who has been spending the past couple of months in Ireland returned home on Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Evans, of Phoenix, Ariz., has returned home after a two months visit with her father-in-law, Mr. John Evans, of Moscow.

Mr. Howard Thompson, of the Wm. Miller Canning Co., Port Hope, has secured the position of retort man and fireman with the Napanee Canning Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, Master Douglas and Kenneth Ham, have returned from the Sand Banks, where they have been sojourning for the last few weeks.

by getting a stock of
**School Books, Scribblers,
 Exercise Books, Pencils,
 Pens, Ink,**
 and every other article for
 use in schools.

We claim to have the most complete line of Exercise Books in town.

Your patronage will be much appreciated.

A. E. PAUL'S,
 BOOK STORE.

COAL!
 OUR CELEBRATED
PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock
**Steam Coal,
 Blacksmithing Coal
 —and—
 Blue Grass Cannel Coal**
 for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
 Yard: Foot of West Street. L-1

CHAS. STEVENS,

**Bargains in
 Diamonds.**

We have just received another consignment of Diamonds direct from the Amsterdam cutters. Call and inspect the pretty, solitaire, Diamond Ring we can show you at

**\$15.00, 25.00
 AND UP.**

Diamonds enter Canada duty free. We are able to place them on our market at as low a figure as any market in the world.

Smith's Jewellery Store
 Marriage Licenses Issued

McMILLAN PIANOS

ARE GOOD PIANOS.

R. B. ALLEN
 NAPANEE

of Refuge at Picton Tuesday.
 The body of Levi Taylor, an aged citizen of Cobourg, was found in the water. He left a note expressing his intention of committing suicide.
 All kinds of heating apparatus, properly installed, and satisfaction guaranteed.
MADOLE & WILSON.
 The steamer Dundurn carried away two gates in the Lachine Canal at Montreal and the rush of water flooded several business places. The damage is estimated at \$10,000.

Through the indefatigable efforts of the Rev. J. W. Jones, of Tamworth, the rectory debt has been nearly wiped out, and a new organ installed and paid for.

Archibald Hamilton Knight and Mabel Evelina Gendron both of Arden were married by the Rev. J. W. Jones in Christ Church, Tamworth, on July 18th, 1906.

A Sheffield township farmer treated an English immigrant shamefully, and was ordered by police magistrate Almsworth of Tamworth to pay the man \$40 and costs. The magistrate also dismissed the young man from his employ.

Mr. H. B. Sherwood, Superintendent of the Bay of Quinte Railway has presented a handsome gold watch to the Ladies in charge of St. Patrick Church Bazaar. Tickets will be sold and the watch drawn for at the Bazaar.

Citizens on seeing the fire engine going to the station, made many unfavorable remarks as to the condition of the engine. Some polish and an unlimited amount of elbow grease would do much to improve its appearance.

Miss Edith Dafeo, A. T. C. M., (honorary graduate in piano-forte, teachers' course and organ) will resume her classes Sept. 10th. Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations in piano, organ and theory—special attention given to beginners for whom the Virgil Method is used.

Will put on sale Saturday morning August 4th, two case containing six hundred pieces of China, all useful articles for household use in endless variety direct from the manufacturers in Europe, and at prices never heard of here before for such goods. See show window.

THE COXALL CO.

The Frontenac Business College, Kingston, has just closed the most successful term in its history—not only as regards numbers enrolled but from the success of our graduates in carrying off the best positions available. The fall term opens Sept. 4th and promises to bring together a larger number than ever to prepare for the ever increasing demands of the Business world. No time in the past was there such opportunities offered to young men and women who had acquired a thorough knowledge of business methods and their essential subjects. Are you at present drawing a good salary? If not write us for particulars. T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

"WHEN WOMEN LOVE."

"The plot of 'When Women Love,' comes to Biggo Opera House for Friday, August 31st. The engagement, revolves around a factory girl, who is charged with a crime and is hounded almost to death, but in the end, outwits her enemies, and triumphs over their dastardly schemes. This play is true to life, and is making a terrific hit throughout the country.

Musie

Owing to several cases of misapprehension being recently brought before Miss McHenry's notice, she wishes to state that the opinion, which seems to be maintained, that she receives for instruction ONLY ADVANCED pupils, is erroneous. She will discontinue teaching through July and August, resuming it September first. Residence, Centre St.

CANTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hutton*
 The One You Have Always Bought

at 3 p. m. and Camden East, St. Luke's church at 7.30 p. m., when the Rev. L. Norman Tucker, D. C. L. General Secretary of the Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada, will preach (D. V.) All are welcome.

Warning to house Keepers.

The time for making catsup and pickles is at hand, and we desire to render all possible assistance toward making this part of the seasons work a complete success. Our Specialties—Pure Spices (full flavor strength) Garlic (fresh) Gem Jar Rings (best quality), Corks (all sizes), Proof Vinegar (Chemically pure), Fruit Vinegar (Crab Apple Brand), Bottle Wax Mixture (ready for use) Paraffine, Currie, Turmeric &c. Have you used Parke's Catsup Flavor and Preserver? It is good. The Medical Hall—FREDL. HOOPER.

Mr. George Lott

One of the most prominent farmers of the Township of Richmond, passed away at his home on the Newburgh road, on Sunday, August 19th, in his eighty-third year. Mr. Lott was an unusually keen and intelligent farmer, and business man, and was for years engaged in the lumbering business with the late Hon. John Stevenson, also with the late J. D. Ham. He leaves besides his widow, two sons, Albert, in Mexico, and W. R., on the homestead. He was a lifelong reformer, and a member of the Methodist church. The funeral took place on Tuesday of last week to the Eastern cemetery, Napanee.

Moving Pictures.

There will be a great exhibition of moving pictures given at the Salvation Army Barracks by Staff-Captain McLean, of Toronto, on Friday night, Sept. 7th. These pictures are new and most interesting, and have created the greatest sensation wherever shown, for clearness and effect they have been highly commented upon by experts. Each figure looks like real life, in fact, the service is promised to be the very best that has ever been given in this part. Staff-Captain McLean has visited our town on several occasions, and has always given the public good satisfaction. He will speak on the work of General Booth in India, also the great immigration work of the Salvation Army, and illustrate the same with moving pictures. The public are welcome to attend this service.

Get your School Books at Paul's.

Died at Deseronto.

Last Wednesday evening Conrad Simmons finished a long life, he having been 80 years 4 months and 22 days old when the grim reaper called him. He was born in South Fredericksburg, where he was married to Miss Eva Scrimshaw in his youth. One son, since deceased, and two daughters, Mrs. George Gonn and Mrs. James Hearn, were the fruit of this union. Mr. Simmons came to Deseronto forty-four years ago. He first started a blacksmith shop of his own, but afterwards went to work for the Rathbun Company, in whose forge he labored for over thirty years. He retired from active labor nine or ten years ago, since which time he had lived with his daughter, Mrs. Hearn, Napanee road. The funeral took place last Friday afternoon at 2.30 from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Hearn, Napanee road. Rev. J. R. Reel, of Napanee, conducted service at the house, in the absence of Rev. A. J. H. Spike, pastor of the Methodist church.

A Good Brush for 25c.

No more loose hairs in the month if you use the Peerless Tooth Brush. Every one guaranteed secure—Wallace's Drug Store stampal on each Brush.

E. LOYST has large stock of flour, Royal Household and all other grades, all kinds of feed, large quantities at the lowest prices. He wishes to sell out in the next month. Salt, Coal Oil Groceries. Highest price for eggs cash or trade. A call solicited,

secured the position of retired man and fireman with the Napanee Canning Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, Master Douglas and Kenneth Ham, have returned from the Sand Banks, where they have been sojourning for the last few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. David Kelly, who have been in Watertown, N. Y. the last four months have returned home. Mrs. Desmore and daughter Nellie accompanied them.

Miss Mary Stovel spent last week with her sister and other friends in Belleville.

Mr. Elmore Hyland and Mr. E. Hannah are spending a few days at Roblin Hill, the guests of their aunt, Mrs. Dovral.

Mrs. Andrew Baird, returned from Toronto, where she spent the past two months with friends.

Miss Irene Duke left last week for New York City, where she will enter a hospital as nurse-in-training.

Mr. George Chalmers, Parma, left on Wednesday for Redvers, Assiniboia to visit his cousin, Mrs. Robt. Fraser.

Miss Edna Storms, a graduate nurse of the City Hospital, Hamilton, is spending the vacation at her home in Ernestown.

The W. C. T. U. have secured another deaconess to succeed Miss Cartwright, Miss Walker, of Saskatoon Sask., formerly of Picton, and a graduate of the Church of England Training School, Toronto. She will begin work October 1st.

Mr. Peter Hawley, of Grand Rapids, and Mrs. Houston, of St. Joseph's, Mich., have been spending a few days with friends in Napanee and vicinity. Mr. Hawley left here some sixty years ago, and is renewing old acquaintances. Mrs. James Taylor, South Napanee, is a niece of Mr. Hawley's.

Mr. G. W. Morden, taking a summer course at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass., was awarded a scholarship of \$250 in electro-chemistry. He was also awarded a scholarship for the University of Pennsylvania to the same amount, which he has accepted and will do postgraduate work at that institution next year. Mr. Morden is spending the balance of his vacation in Napanee, Picton and Belleville.

Mrs. B. D. Noxon and Miss Jessie Noxon, of Duluth, Minn., visiting friends in Napanee, Picton, and Glenburnie, left for home Friday morning August 24th.

Miss Winnifred Bristol, Picton, spent a few days last week with Mrs. W. J. Campbell, Bridge street.

Miss Susie More, of Buffalo, visiting Dr. Cowan, left for Princeton last Friday.

Miss Wammel, of Toronto, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Grange and family Napanee, recently.

Rev. C. Cameron and family, of Philadelphia, Penn., visiting friends during the summer, returned home last Wednesday, via Montreal and Boston. Mrs. Fred Miller accompanied them home.

Mrs. Alfred Joyce, left last Saturday for Hamilton to join her husband who has secured a situation there.

Miss Libbie Switzer is the guest of Mrs. P. Gould this week.

Miss Gethah Gould is spending the week with her sister Mrs. Bert Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Neville and little son, left on Thursday for their home in Goodlands, Man.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bowen are spending the week in Toronto.

Mr. Harry Scott is spending his vacation in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Davey left this week for Winnipeg, Man.

Miss Reid and Mrs. Reid, and Miss Coxall, Tamworth, were in town on Thursday.

Rev. J. J. Rae, of Picton, was in town on Wednesday.

School Supplies at Paul's.

\$16.50

IS A LOW PRICE.



for any black Suit, but when you consider that for that amount you get from us a fine Black Serge Suit made to your individual measurements, with the best of trimmings, and put together to hold its shape, you realize that you've come across a bargain.

LET US SHOW YOU
THE GOODS.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE!

—OF—

CLOTHING

Genuine Bargains in all Lines.

HAVING PURCHASED THE \$10,000 STOCK

of C. A. Graham & Co. for cash at 64 cents on the dollar on wholesale prices, we will sell the entire stock at less than the present wholesale price.

The stock consists of Ready-to-Wear Clothing for Men and Boys, Rain Coats, Hats and Caps, Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Gloves, etc.

Also \$1,500 worth of Men's and Ladies' Furs.

Sale Starts Saturday, Sept. 1st

at 10 a.m., and every article in the store will be sold on the present premises, if price is any consideration, as we have no room in our own store for this additional stock.

Everything must be sold for cash, nothing being allowed out on approbation, but purchasers can return any goods not satisfactory, within 24 hours, and money will be cheerfully refunded.

All goods will be marked in plain figures.

Men's and Boys' Ready-to-Wear Clothing at 25, 30, and up to 50 per cent. off.

21 dozen Collars, regular price 15c sale price 3 for 25c. Also 135 dozen assorted Collars at similar reductions. 171 dozen Ties, 30 per cent. off. 55 dozen Handkerchiefs, 30 per cent. off. 15 dozen assorted Underwear, 25 to 35 per cent. off.

75 odd Vests, ranging in price from \$1.25 to \$5, sale price 75c to \$2.50.

27 dozen Suspenders regular prices 25c to \$1, sale price 15c to 50c.

31 dozen Gloves and Mitts, 35 per cent. off.

The Furs consist of Men's and Ladies' Coats, Gauntlets, Capes, Ruffs, Caps, Boas, Muffs, Caps, Fur Robes all at 50 per cent. reduction.

Shirts, Hats, and Caps, Sweaters, Cardigan Jackets, etc., at similar reductions.

Don't wait—come at once, as the whole stock must be cleared out.

J. L. BOYES.

At C. A. Graham & Co's. Old Stand

Furniture Elegance.

Beautifully finished, Stylish Furniture costs but little more than the ordinary furniture. Your home will be well furnished if you buy

GIBBARD FURNITURE.

Our name stands for the BEST in Finish and Quality. See our beautiful Brass Beds.—A visit to our Show Rooms will repay you.

Sporting Goods.

Guns, Rifles, Loaded Shells, Cartridges, Wads, Reloading tools, Fishing Tackle, Tralls, &c.

MADOLE & WILSON

Apples Wanted.

At the Napanee Evaporator, east of Gibbard's Furniture factory, will be ready about Sept. 20th. Highest prices paid.

SMITH & HAWLEY. L.F.

TO MAKE GOOD PICKLES.

Use Wallace's Good Spices and Whitefield's Cider Vinegar or Chemically Pure Pickling Vinegar. We supply bottle Corks all sizes, Sealer Rings, Bottling Wax, Paraffine Wax, nice bright Turmeric Powder, the very best Currie Powder, good Garlic, Green Ginger, Crystallized Dry Ginger, all of the rarer spices as well as the commonly asked for ones at The Red Cross Drug Store Napanee.

Pie Social

BIRTHS.

CUNNINGHAM—At Bartlett, Ont., on Thursday Aug. 23rd 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cunningham, (nee Monica McCarten) a son.

DOWDELL—At Selby, on Friday August 10th, 1906, to Rev. and Mrs. T. F. Dowdell, a daughter.

McCABE—At North Fredericksburg, on Saturday, August 18th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Wilson McCabe, a son.

SMITH—At Napanee, on Sunday August 26th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Smith, a son.

CAMPBELL—At Napanee, on Monday August 27th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell, Centre street, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

LAFORD—Reuben, Re. Rev. L.F.

SMITH—At Napanee, on Sunday August 26th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Smith, a son.

CAMPBELL—At Napanee, on Monday August 27th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell, Centre street, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

LAUNDRY—**BISHOP**—By Rev. J. R. Real, on Sunday, August 26th, 1906, at the home of Mr. Chester Brown, Napanee, Mr. Sanger Laundry to Miss Annie Belle Bishop, both of the village of Bancroft.

HAM SHAVER—At Napanee, by Rev. G. S. White, August 22nd Ralph Stanley Ham to Louise May Shaver, both of Napanee.

DEATHS.

STEVENS—At Napanee, on Wednesday, August 22nd, 1906, Irene Edith, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Manson Stevens, aged 1 year and 28 days.

LOTT—In Richmond, Sunday, August 19th, 1906, Geo. W. Lott, aged 82 years and 26 days.

LUFFMAN At North Fredericksburgh on Tuesday, Aug. 30th, 1906, Marie Jane Luffman, wife of Nelson Luffman aged 29 years.

A. S. KIMMERLY has just got in a car of Potatoes, Roses, Helsons, Seed Peas and Mandscheuri Barley in stock and all kinds of garden and field seeds. I buy clean Timothy Seed, Vetches for sale.

= = OUR = =

\$15 SUITS

are the Extreme

LIMIT OF VALUE.

Cloth, Trimmings and make are as such as you pay \$3.00 to \$5.00 more for in most places.

May as well save it when you can.

A. E. LAZIER.

25 if

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

Of Tan and White Shoes
at GURRY'S

Ladies' White Canvas Oxfords \$1.20
Ladies' Tan Oxfords \$1.20
Ladies' Tan Lace Boots at Cost.
Children's White and Tan Shoes at Cost.
Men's Canvas Oxfords \$1.20
Men's Canvas Bals \$1.20
Men's Tan Bals, reg. \$3.50 at \$2.75
Boy's Canvas Shoes at Cost.

See Us Before Buying.

FRED CURRY.

Proprietor.

Opposite Royal Hotel.

TO MAKE GOOD PICKLES.
Use Wallace's Good Spices and Whitefield's Cider Vinegar or Chemically Pure Pickling Vinegar. We supply bottle Corks all sizes, Sealer Rings, Bottling Wax, Paraffine Wax, nice bright Turners Powder, the very best Curry Powder, good Garlic, Green Ginger, Crystallized Dry Ginger, all of the rarer spices as well as the commonly asked for ones at The Red Cross Drug Store Napanee.

Pie Social

A Pumpkin Pie Social will be held in the Brick Church Morven, on Friday evening, Sept. 7th. A first class entertainment, programme of music, recitations and an address by Rev. Emsley, of Napanee, all for 15c each. Everybody invited. 39 b

Fall Fairs.

Lennox, Napanee, Sept. 18th and 19th.
Toronto Industrial, Aug. 27th to Sept. 10th.
Belleville, Sept. 12th and 13th.
Harrowsmith, Sept. 13th and 14th.
Stirling, Sept. 18th and 19th.
Frankford, Sept. 20th and 21st.
Shannonville, Sept. 29th.
Tainworth, Sept. 22nd.

Coal Oils, Canadian, American. The Genuine Pratt's Astral. Highest grade of Oil and best lamps to burn it, at BOYLE & SON.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light 21-t-f

DEROCHE & DEROCHÉ.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tainworth every Wednesday.

Call at Cambridge's

—FOR YOUR—

Cakes,
Confectionery
and
Ice Cream.

Try our

HOME-MADE BREAD

It leads all others.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Engagement Rings, Wedding Rings

QUALITY GUARANTEED

MARRIAGE LICENSES

STRICTLY PRITATE.

F. CHINNECK'S

JEWELLRY STORE.

Near Royal Hotel.

GIBBARD FURNITURE.

Our name stands for the BEST in Finish and Quality. See our beautiful Brass Beds.—A visit to our Show Rooms will repay you.

The Gibbard Furniture Co.,

of Napanee, Limited.

HORSES WANTED

The undersigned will pay
GOOD PRICES for 100 Horses

Suitable for remounts for the Imperial Army, from four to seven years old, fifteen hands to fifteen hands 3 inches in height.

Inspection on Sept. 5th at Napanee

Parties having horses suitable for this purpose kindly write or call on me as I will be unable to call on every one. Farmers should take advantage of this sale, as it will be the first of an annual inspection to be held in Napanee.

On the following
Day **Sept. 6th**

I will have an AUCTION SALE of what horses should not pass for the army, and also some heavy work horses.

Terms of auction will be cash, or credit to suit buyers.

Livermen and farmers should take advantage of this sale, as there will be horses to suit every purpose.

J. KENNY.

WHICH COLLEGE ?

The important question to be decided by young men and women contemplating a Commercial education, and on their decision may rest their success or failure in life.

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